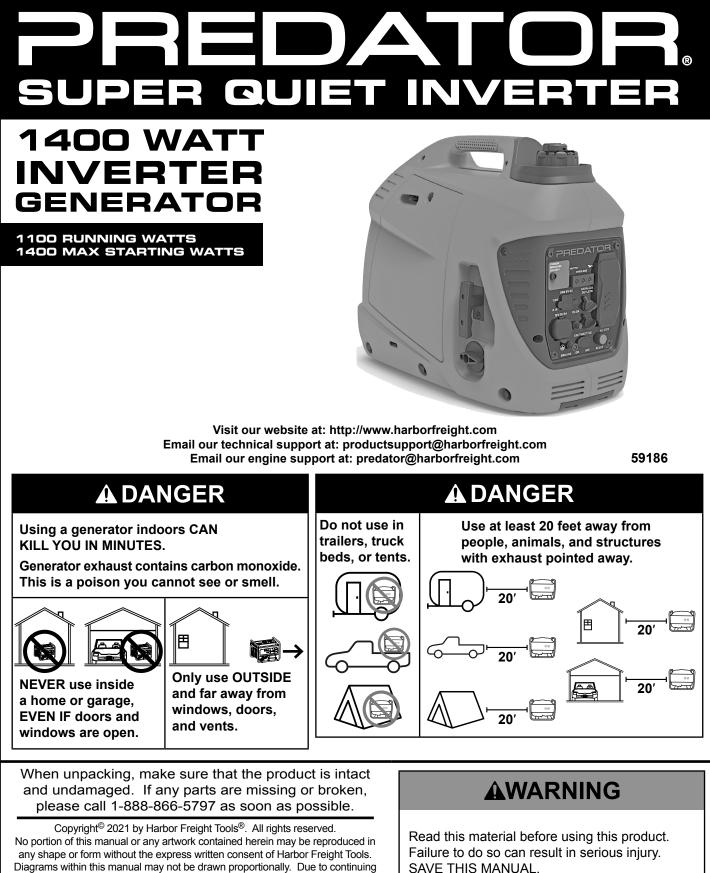
Owner's Manual & Safety Instructions

Save This Manual Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.



improvements, actual product may differ slightly from the product described herein. Tools required for assembly and service may not be included.

SAVE THIS MANUAL.

24a

Table of Contents

Specifications2	Maintenance17
Safety	Troubleshooting21
Setup	Parts Lists and Diagrams24
Operation11	Warranties

Specifications

		1	
	Output	120VAC, 60Hz, 9.2A, 1 Phase	
		12VDC, 5A (nominal) 1100 Running Watts	
		1400 Maximum Starting Watts	
Generator		2x 120 VAC, 20A	
		1x 12VDC, 5A	
	Receptacles	2x USB Port, 2.1A and 1A	
		1x Parallel Port	
Displacement		54 cc	
Compression Ratio		8.5:1	
Battery Type		CR2032, 3V. Contains non-replaceable battery.	
Engine Type		Horizontal Single Cylinder	
		4-stroke, OHV	
Cooling System		Forced air cooled	
Fuel	Туре	87+ octane, stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline	
ruei	Capacity	0.74 Gallon / 2.80 Liter	
	Type SAE	10W-30	
Engine Oil	Capacity	0.26 qt	
Run Time @ 25% L with full tank	oad	7.3 hr.	
Sound Level		60 dB(A) at 23 ft. (25% Load)	
Bore x Stroke		43.5mm x 36mm	
Spark Plug	Туре	A5RTC (Torch) or equivalent	
Spark Flug	Gap	0.024"–0.028"	
Valve Clearance	Intake	0.0023" - 0.0039"	
	Exhaust	0.003"-0.0047"	
Engine Speed		3600-5000 RPM	

The emissions control system for this Engine is warranted for standards set by the

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. For warranty information, refer to the last pages of this manual.

	WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS
	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE CAUTION	Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

Symbol Definitions

Symbol	Property or Statement	Symbol	Property or Statement
RPM	Revolutions Per Minute		WARNING marking concerning Risk of Hearing Loss.
HP	Horsepower		Wear hearing protection. WARNING marking concerning
AWG	American Wire Gauge		Risk of Respiratory Injury. Operate engine OUTSIDE and far away from windows, doors, and vents.
	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Eye Injury. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles with side shields.		WARNING marking concerning Risk of Fire while handling fuel.
(LE	Read the manual before set-up and/or use.		Do not smoke while handling fuel. WARNING marking concerning Risk of Fire. Do not refuel while
			operating. Keep flammable objects away from engine.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING! Read all instructions.

Failure to follow all instructions listed below may result in fire, serious injury and/or DEATH. The warnings and precautions discussed in this manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

Setup Precautions

- 1. Gasoline fuel and fumes are flammable, and potentially explosive. Use proper fuel storage and handling procedures. Do not store fuel or other flammable materials nearby.
- 2. Have multiple ABC class fire extinguishers nearby.
- Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation.
 A spark arrestor may be required. The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.
- Set up and use only on a flat, level, well-ventilated surface.
- All connections and conduits from the Generator to the load must only be installed by trained and licensed electricians, and in compliance with all relevant local, state, and federal electrical codes and standards, and other regulations where applicable.
- Connections for standby power to a building electrical system must be made by a qualified electrician. The connection must isolate the Generator power from utility power, and must comply with all applicable laws and electrical codes.
- **Operating Precautions**



1.

CARBON MONOXIDE HAZARD Using a generator indoors CAN KILL YOU IN MINUTES. Generator exhaust contains

carbon monoxide. This is a poison you cannot see or smell.





NEVER use inside a home or garage, EVEN IF doors and windows are open.



Only use OUTSIDE and far away from windows, doors, and vents.

2. CARBON MONOXIDE SHUTOFF

DANGER! TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY AND DEATH FROM CARBON MONOXIDE INHALATION: The Carbon Monoxide sensor is <u>an additional</u> <u>layer of protection</u> only. Do not use the Generator in any area or situation that will allow carbon monoxide to accumulate.

- A transfer switch should be installed by a licensed electrician in compliance with all applicable laws and electrical codes.
- 8. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles, heavy-duty work gloves, and dust mask/respirator during set up.
- 9. Use only lubricants and fuel recommended in the Specifications chart of this manual.
- 10. Improper connections to a building electrical system can allow electrical current from the Generator to backfeed into the utility lines. Such backfeed may electrocute utility company workers or others who contact the lines during a power outage, and the Generator may explode, burn, or cause fires when utility power is restored. Consult the utility company and a qualified electrician if intending to use the Generator for back up power.
- Do not operate the Generator before grounding. The Generator must be earth-grounded in accordance with all relevant electrical codes and standards before operation.
- Install carbon monoxide alarm(s) with battery backup in nearby buildings according to manufacturer's instructions.
 - FLASHING RED LIGHT: Dangerous levels of carbon monoxide gas have built up and generator will shutoff. Leave immediately until area has aired out. Move Generator to well-ventilated area before operation.
 - FLASHING YELLOW LIGHT: Carbon monoxide sensor malfunction. Sensor needs service. Do not use the Generator until the sensor is working properly. For technical questions, please call 1-888-866-5797. NOTE: Yellow light flashes once after starting to indicate passing selfcheck and is functioning normally.

Carbon Monoxide sensor must only be serviced by qualified technician to restore it to original settings. Do not modify or tamper with the Carbon Monoxide sensor. Not following these instructions can result in death or serious injury due to Carbon Monoxide sensor malfunction.

- Never use a generator indoors, including in garages, basements, crawl spaces and sheds.
 Opening doors and windows or using fans will NOT prevent carbon monoxide build up in the home.
- When using generators, keep them outdoors and far away from open doors, windows, and vents to avoid toxic levels of carbon monoxide from building up indoors.

MAINTENANCE

- 6. Keep children away from the equipment, especially while it is operating.
- 7. Keep all spectators <u>at least six feet</u> from the engine during operation.
- Fire Hazard! Do not fill gas tank while engine is running. Do not operate if gasoline has been spilled. Clean spilled gasoline before starting engine. Do not operate near pilot light or open flame.
- 9. Do not touch engine during use. Let engine cool down after use.
- 10. Never store fuel or other flammable materials near the engine.
- 11. If the plugged in product operates abnormally or unusually slow, immediately stop using the generator as a power source. Read and adhere to the instruction manual of the product to be powered to make sure that it can be safely and efficiently powered by a portable generator.
- 12. Before connecting an appliance or power cord to the generator: Make sure that it is in good working order. Faulty appliances or power cords can create a potential for electrical shock.
- 13. Do not exceed the running wattage of the generator. Make sure that the total electrical rating of the all of the tools or appliances plugged into the generator at the same time does not exceed that of the generator. Check that the startup surge will not be beyond the limit of the generator.
- 14. Avoid substantially overloading which will trip the circuit breaker. Slightly overloading the generator may not trip the circuit breaker, but will lead to premature generator failure.
- 15. Do not attempt to connect or disconnect load connections while standing in water, or on wet or soggy ground.
- 16. Do not touch electrically energized parts of the generator and interconnecting cables or conductors with any part of the body, or with any non-insulated conductive object.
- 17. Connect the generator only to a load that is compatible with the electrical characteristics and running wattage of the generator.
- 18. Insulate all connections and disconnected wires.
- Guard against electric shock. Prevent body contact with grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges, and refrigerators.
- 20. Only use a suitable means of transport and lifting devices with sufficient weight bearing capacity when transporting the generator.
- 21. Secure the generator on transport vehicles to prevent it from rolling, slipping, and tilting.
- 22. Industrial applications must follow OSHA requirements.

- 23. Do not leave the generator unattended when it is running. Turn off the generator (and remove safety keys, if available) before leaving the work area.
- 24. The generator can produce high noise levels. Prolonged exposure to noise levels above 85 dBA is hazardous to hearing. Wear ear protection when operating the generator or when working nearby while it is operating.
- 25. Keep access doors on enclosures locked.
- 26. Wear ANSI-approved safety glasses and hearing protection during use.
- 27. People with pacemakers should consult their physician(s) before use. Electromagnetic fields in close proximity to a heart pacemaker could cause pacemaker interference or pacemaker failure. Caution is necessary when near the engine's magneto or recoil starter.
- 28. Use only accessories that are recommended by Harbor Freight Tools for your model. Accessories that may be suitable for one piece of equipment may become hazardous when used on another piece of equipment.
- 29. Do not operate in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. Gasoline-powered engines may ignite the dust or fumes.
- 30. Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating this generator. Do not use while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.
- 32. Parts, especially exhaust system components, get very hot during use. Stay clear of hot parts.
- 33. Do not cover the generator during operation.
- Keep the generator and surrounding area clean at all times. Keep generator at least 5 feet from combustible objects.
- 35. Do not smoke, or allow sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition around the equipment, especially when refuelling.
- 36. Use the equipment, accessories, etc., in accordance with these instructions and in the manner intended for the particular type of equipment, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the equipment for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.
- 37. Do not operate the equipment with known leaks in the engine's fuel system.
- 38. When spills of fuel or oil occur, they must be cleaned up immediately. Dispose of fluids and cleaning materials as per any local, state, or federal codes and regulations. Store oil rags in a bottom-ventilated, covered, metal container.

- Keep hands and feet away from moving parts. Do not reach over or across equipment while operating.
- 40. Before use, check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that may affect the equipment's operation.
 If damaged, have the equipment serviced before using. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained equipment.
- 41. Use the correct equipment for the application. Do not modify the equipment and do not use the equipment for a purpose for which it is not intended.
- 42. Extension Cord Make sure your extension cord is in good condition. When using an extension cord, be sure to use one heavy enough to carry the current your product will draw. An undersized extension cord will cause a drop in line voltage resulting in loss of power and overheating.

The table below shows the correct cord size to use depending on cord length and nameplate ampere rating. If in doubt, use the next heavier gauge. The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.

RECOMMENDED MINIMUM WIRE GAUGE FOR EXTENSION CORDS				
CURRENT (AMPS)	Load @ 120V (WATTS)	0 ~ 50 ft	50 ~ 75 ft	75 ~ 100 ft
2	240		18 AWG	
4	480	18	AWG	16 AWG
6	720	18 AWG 16 AWG		14 AWG
8	960	16 AWG		12 AWG
10	1200	16 AWG	14 AWG	12 AWG
15	1800	14 AWG	12 AWG	10 AWG
20	2400	12 AWG 10 AV		NG
25	3000	12 AWG	10 AWG	8 AWG
30	3600	10 AWG 8 AWG		VG
35	4200	8 AWG 6 AWG		VG
40	4800	6 AWG		

Parallel Kit Precautions

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY, DEATH, AND GENERATOR AND/OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK AND FIRE:

- 1. Follow Parallel Kit instructions provided with Kit for connection and use of a Parallel Kit.
- 2. Connect only an approved Predator Parallel Kit (sold separately) to the Parallel Kit Terminals.
- 3. Only connect two identical Inverter Generators together using a Parallel Kit.
- 4. Connect Parallel Kit only to terminals marked "Parallel Outlets" on the front of the Generator.
- 5. Do not remove or connect a Parallel Kit while the Generator is running.
- 6. Do not use a Parallel Kit that is attached to only one Generator.

Service Precautions

- 1. Before service, maintenance, or cleaning:
 - a. Unplug all devices from the generator.
 - b. Turn the Combination Switch to its "OFF" position.
 - c. Allow the engine to completely cool.
 - d. Then, remove the spark plug cap from the spark plug.
- Keep all safety guards in place and in proper working order. Safety guards include muffler, air cleaner, mechanical guards, and heat shields, among other guards.
- 3. Keep all electrical equipment clean and dry. Replace any wiring where the insulation is cracked, cut, abraded, or otherwise degraded. Replace terminals that are worn, discolored, or corroded. Keep terminals clean and tight.
- 4. Do not alter or adjust any part of the equipment or its engine that is sealed by the manufacturer or distributor. Only a qualified service technician may adjust parts that may increase or decrease governed engine speed.
- 5. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles, heavy-duty work gloves, and dust mask/respirator during service.

- Maintain labels and nameplates on the equipment. These carry important information. If unreadable or missing, contact Harbor Freight Tools for a replacement.
- 7. Have the equipment serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the equipment is maintained. Do not attempt any service or maintenance procedures not explained in this manual or any procedures that you are uncertain about your ability to perform safely or correctly.
- 8. Store equipment out of the reach of children.
- 9. Follow scheduled engine and equipment maintenance.

<u>Refueling:</u>

- 1. Do not refill the fuel tank while the engine is running or hot.
- 2. Do not smoke, or allow sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition around the equipment, especially when refuelling.
- Do not fill fuel tank to the top. Leave a little room for the fuel to expand as needed.
- 4. Refuel in a well-ventilated area only.
- Wipe up any spilled fuel and allow excess to evaporate before starting engine.
 To prevent FIRE, do not start the engine while the smell of fuel hangs in the air.

Button/Coin Battery Safety

- INGESTION HAZARD: This product contains
- a button cell or coin battery.
- DEATH or serious injury can occur if ingested.
- A swallowed button cell or coin battery can cause Internal Chemical Burns in as little as 2 hours.
- Internal Chemical Burns in as little as 2 hours.
- KEEP new and used batteries OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
- Seek immediate medical attention if a battery is suspected to be swallowed or inserted inside any part of the body.
 - This symbol means:

INGESTION HAZARD: This product contains a button cell or coin battery.

- 1. Remove and immediately recycle or dispose of used batteries according to local regulations and keep away from children. Do NOT dispose of batteries in household trash or incinerate.
- 2. Even used batteries may cause severe injury or death.

- 3. Call a local poison control center for treatment information.
- 4. Non-rechargeable batteries are not to be recharged.
- Do not force discharge, recharge, disassemble, heat above 140°F or incinerate. Doing so may result in injury due to venting, leakage or explosion resulting in chemical burns.



Set Up



Read the <u>ENTIRE</u> IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY AND FIRE: Operate only with proper spark arrestor installed.



Operation of this equipment may create sparks that can start fires around dry vegetation. A spark arrestor may be required.

The operator should contact local fire agencies for laws or regulations relating to fire prevention requirements.

At high altitudes, the engine's carburetor, governor, and any other parts that control the fuel-air ratio will need to be adjusted by a qualified mechanic to allow efficient high-altitude use and to prevent damage to the engine and any other devices used with this product.

Grounding

The Generator must be properly grounded in accordance with all relevant electrical codes and standards before operation. In many locations, local code will not require this generator to be grounded when used with cord and plug equipment plugged directly into the receptacles on the generator. However, your local regulations may require the generator to be grounded. Contact a licensed electrician or consult local authorities regarding local grounding requirements. If grounding is required, have the unit grounded by a qualified electrician if you are not qualified to do so.

General grounding instructions are as follows:

Use one of the following as the grounding electrode:

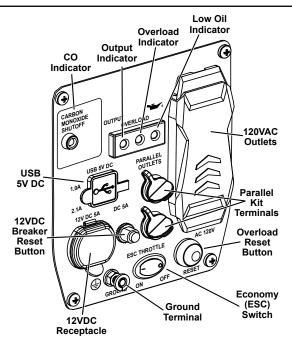
- **Pipe or conduit**, minimum 3/4 in. diameter, minimum 8 ft. long. If steel, it must have anti-corrosion coating. **Rod**, stainless steel or copper- or zinc-coated steel, minimum 5/8 in. diameter, minimum 8 ft. long.
- 1. Drive electrode at least 8 ft. vertically into the ground.
 - a. If rock layer prevents vertical entry, drive at an angle not exceeding 45 degrees from vertical.
 - b. If rock layer prevents angle entry, bury electrode in horizontal trench at least 30 in. deep.
- 2. The upper end of electrode must be protected if above ground level.
- 3. Connect a #6 AWG grounding wire (not included) from the Grounding Terminal on the Generator Control Panel to the buried electrode.

For additional information on grounding methods, please see the National Electrical Code.

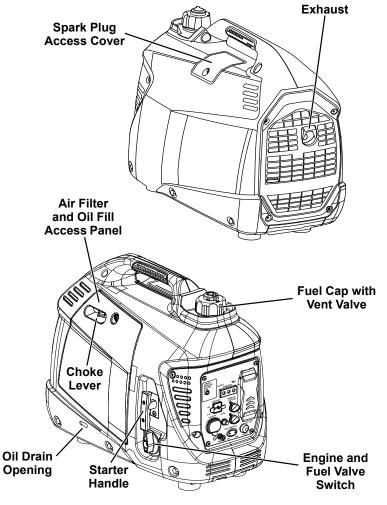
NOTICE: The portable generator Neutral conductor is isolated from the frame and the AC receptacle ground pin. Electrical devices that require a connection between one conductor pin and the grounded receptacle may not function properly.

OPERATION

Components and Controls



<u>WARNING!</u> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY: Follow Parallel Kit instructions for connection and use of a Parallel Kit (Parallel Kit and instructions sold separately).



High Altitude Operation Above 2000 feet

AWARNING! TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM FIRE:

Follow instructions in a well-ventilated area away from ignition sources. If the engine is hot from use, shut the engine off and wait for it to cool before proceeding. Do not smoke.

NOTICE: Warranty void if necessary adjustments are not made for high altitude use.

At high altitudes, the engine's carburetor, governor, and any other parts that control the fuel-air ratio will need to be adjusted by a qualified mechanic to allow efficient high-altitude use and to prevent damage to the engine and any other devices used with this product. The fuel system on this engine may be influenced by operation at higher altitudes. Proper operation can be ensured by installing an altitude kit at altitudes higher than 2000 ft. above sea level. At elevations above 7000 ft, the engine may experience decreased performance, even with the proper main jet. Operating this engine without the proper altitude kit installed may increase the engine's emissions and decrease fuel economy and performance. The kit should be installed by a qualified mechanic.

Note: Not all Generator models have a Solenoid. Skip those steps if a Solenoid is not present.

- 1. Turn off the engine.
- 2. Close the fuel valve.
- 3. Remove the side panel to access the carburetor.
- 4. Place a bowl under the fuel cup to catch any spilled fuel.
- 5. Unthread the screws holding the solenoid in place.

<u>CAUTION!</u> Carburetor bowl may have gas in it which will leak upon removing the solenoid/bolt.

- 6. Disconnect the solenoid and solenoid seal from the bolt.
- 7. Unthread the bolt holding the fuel cup.
- 8. Remove the bolt, Bolt Seal, fuel cup, Fuel Cup Seal and Main Jet from the body of the carburetor assembly. A carburetor screwdriver (not included) is needed to remove and install the Main Jet.

<u>Note</u>: The mixing tube is held in place by the Main Jet and might fall out when it is removed.

If it falls out, replace it in the same orientation before replacing the Main Jet.

9. Replace the Main Jet with the replacement Main Jet needed for your altitude range (Jets1a through 3a).

Note: The Fuel Cup Seal and Bolt Seal may be damaged during removal and should be replaced with the new ones from the kit.

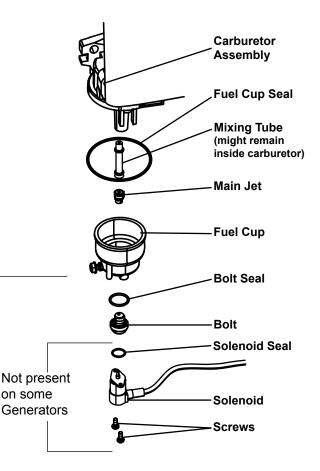
10. Replace the Fuel Cup Seal (from HA kit), fuel cup, Bolt Seal (from HA kit), and bolt. Tighten in place.

NOTICE: Do not cross thread bolt when tightening. Finger tighten first and then use a wrench to make sure the bolt is properly threaded.

- 11. Replace the solenoid and solenoid seal, and tighten in place with screws.
- 12. Replace the side panel.
- 13. Wipe up any spilled fuel and allow excess to evaporate before starting engine. To prevent FIRE, do not start the engine while the smell of fuel hangs in the air.

High Altitude Kit 518951 Parts List

Part	Description	Qty
1a	Main Jet 2000-3000ft	1
2a	Main Jet 3000-6000ft	1
3a	Main Jet 6000-7000ft	1
4a	Bolt Seal	1
5a	Fuel Cup Seal	1



MAINTENANCE

Operation



Read the <u>ENTIRE</u> IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

Pre-Start Checks

Inspect Engine and Generator looking for damaged, loose, and missing parts before set up and starting. If any problems are found, do not use equipment until fixed properly.

Checking and Filling Engine Oil

<u>NOTICE:</u> Your Warranty is VOID if the Engine's crankcase is not properly filled with oil before each use. Before each use, check the oil level. Engine will not start with low or no engine oil.

- 1. Make sure the Engine is stopped and is level.
- 2. Close vent on Gas Cap.
- 3. On the left side of the Generator, loosen the Access Panel Screw at the top and remove the Access Panel, as shown to the right.
- Clean the top of the Oil Fill Plug and the area around it. Remove the Oil Fill Plug, turning it counterclockwise.
- 5. Check the oil level. The oil level should be up to the edge of the hole as shown.
- As needed, add the appropriate type of oil until the oil level is at the proper level. SAE 10W-30 oil is recommended for general use.
- 7. Thread the Oil Fill Plug back in clockwise and replace the Access Panel.

<u>NOTICE:</u> Do not run the engine with too little oil. Engine will shut off if engine oil level is too low.

Checking and Filling Fuel



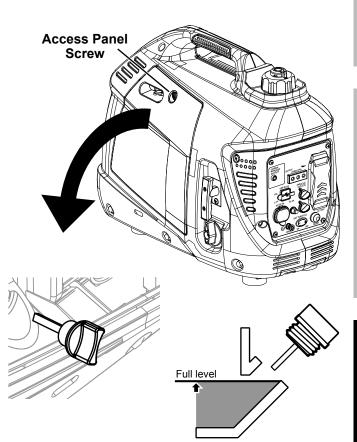
A<u>WARNING!</u> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM FIRE:

Fill the fuel tank in a well-ventilated area away from ignition sources. If the Engine is hot from use, shut the Engine off and

wait for it to cool before adding fuel. Do not smoke.

- 1. Clean the Fuel Cap and the area around it.
- 2. Unscrew and remove the Fuel Cap.
- 3. Remove the Strainer and remove any dirt and debris. Then replace the Strainer.

<u>Note:</u> Do not use gasoline containing more than 10% ethanol (E10). Do not use E85 ethanol. Add fuel stabilizer to the gasoline or the Warranty is VOID.



<u>Note:</u> Do not use gasoline that has been stored in a metal fuel container or a dirty fuel container. It can cause particles to enter the carburetor, affecting Engine performance and/or causing damage.

- 4. If needed, fill the Fuel Tank to about 1 inch under the fill neck of the Fuel Tank with 87 octane or higher unleaded gasoline that has been treated with a fuel stabilizer additive. Follow fuel stabilizer manufacturer's recommendations for use.
- 5. Then replace the Fuel Cap.
- Wipe up any spilled fuel and allow excess to evaporate before starting engine.
 To prevent FIRE, do not start the engine while the smell of fuel hangs in the air.

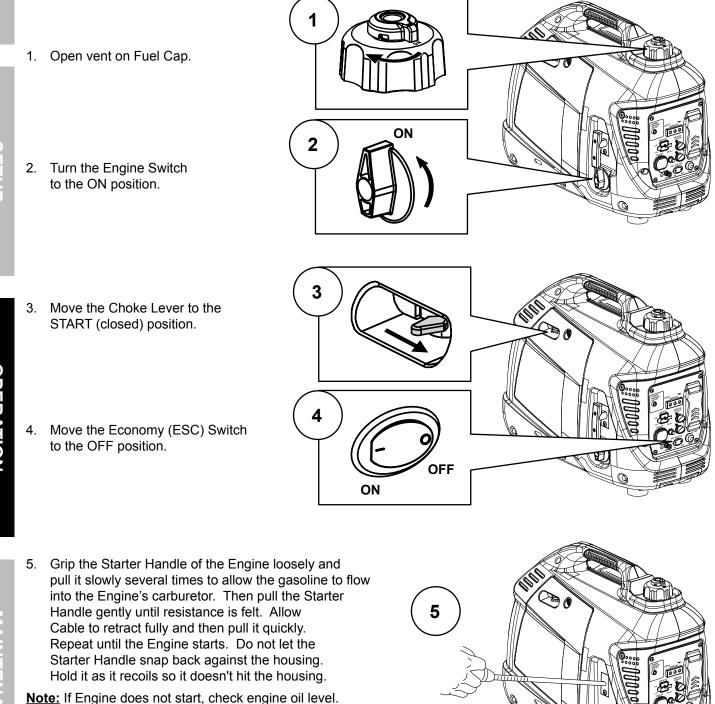
<u>Note:</u> Fill Fuel Tank <u>completely</u> before first use. Fuel Tank needs to be completely full to properly prime Carburetor.

Starting the Engine

Before Starting the Engine

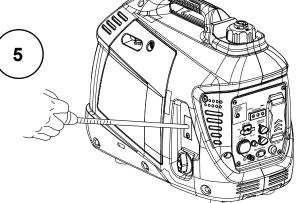


- a. Inspect the generator and engine.
- b. Disconnect all electrical loads from the generator.
- c. Fill the engine with the proper amount and type of both stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline and oil.
- **Manual Start**

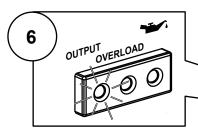


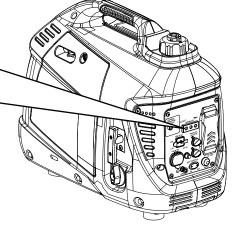
Engine will not start with low or no engine oil.

Note: If warm Engine does not start, move the Choke Lever to the RUN (open) position before trying to start it again.



 Allow the Engine to run for several seconds. Wait for the OUTPUT light to light up.

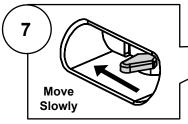


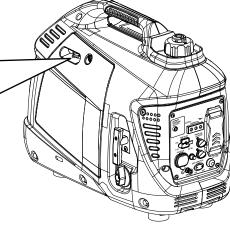


7. Then, move the Choke Lever slowly to its RUN (open) position.

Note: Moving the Choke Lever too fast could stall the Engine.

IMPORTANT: Allow the Engine to run for five minutes with no load after each start-up so that the Engine can stabilize.





CARBON MONOXIDE SHUTOFF

<u>DANGER!</u> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY AND DEATH FROM CARBON MONOXIDE INHALATION: The Carbon Monoxide sensor is <u>an additional layer of protection</u> only. Do not use the Generator in any area or situation that will allow carbon monoxide to accumulate.

- FLASHING RED LIGHT: Dangerous levels of carbon monoxide gas have built up. Leave immediately until area has aired out. Move Generator to well-ventilated area before operation.
- FLASHING YELLOW LIGHT: Carbon monoxide sensor malfunction. Sensor needs service. Do not use the Generator until the sensor is working properly. NOTE: Yellow light flashes once after starting to indicate passing selfcheck and is functioning normally.

Carbon Monoxide sensor must only be serviced by qualified technician to restore it to original settings. Do not modify or tamper with the Carbon Monoxide sensor. Not following these instructions can result in death or serious injury due to Carbon Monoxide sensor malfunction.

PREDATOR.

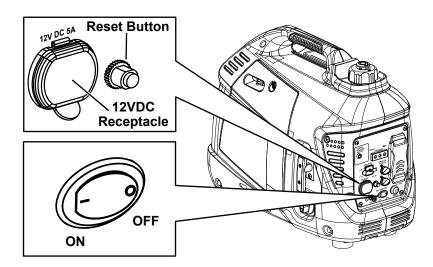
Break-in Period:

- a. Breaking-in the Engine will help to ensure proper equipment and Engine operation.
- b. The break-in period will last about 30 hours of use.
 DO NOT exceed <u>75% of the Generator's running wattage</u> during this period.
 - Change the engine oil after this period.

Under normal operating conditions subsequent maintenance follows the schedule explained in the **MAINTENANCE** section.

Nominal 12VDC Output

- 1. Move the Economy (ESC) Switch to the OFF position.
- 2. Only use the 12VDC receptacle to charge a 12 volt lead-acid type battery using an appropriate charge controller. (Battery and controller not included.) The 12VDC output is not regulated.
- 3. Do not connect any device to the 12VDC terminal that draws more than 5 amps.
- 4. If the 12VDC circuit protection is tripped, reduce the load, and press the Reset Button next to the outlet.





SAFETY

Calculate Power Draw:

Power draw can be calculated by multiplying *volts* and *amps*. The resulting number is *wattage*.

• Never exceed the running wattage for the Generator or any outlet amperage rating.

Wattage Estimates

Wattages listed below are estimates for that type of equipment only.

Check nameplate wattages on all loads before connecting to Generator.

This Unit Can Power Any One of the Following Items:	Running Watts	Start-up Watts
1/4 HP Air Compressor	600	900
1/6 HP Motor	500	800
3/8" Drill	400	600
Mini Refrigerator	400	700
Table/Box Fan	200	
15 Amp Battery Charger	380	
String Trimmer	350	
Hedge Trimmer	500	
Radio	50	
Ten 75 Watt Light Bulbs	750	

- Refer to appliance/tool owner's manuals to determine the wattage of electrical load devices.
- Long power cords and extension cords draw additional power. Keep cord length at a minimum.

Plug the power cord of the 120 volt appliance/tool into the 120VAC Outlet on the Generator. Plug in appliances from largest to smallest load.

Figure A: Plug Load In

<u>Note:</u> Do not allow the Generator to completely run out of fuel with devices attached. A Generator's output may sharply spike as it runs out of fuel, causing damage to attached devices.



Figure B: Unplug Load

When finished using the appliance/tool, turn it off and unplug it from the AC Outlet on the Generator.

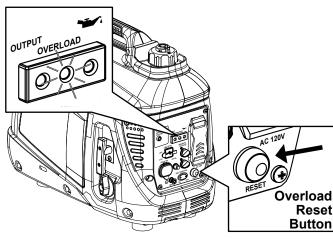
Overload Light

Note: The OVERLOAD light may turn on for a few seconds as a large device starts up. This is normal for loads approaching the capacity of this Generator.

- The total combined load through the outlet on the Generator must not exceed the <u>rated</u> maximum power of the unit.
- 2. If the OVERLOAD light turns on and the Generator stops producing power, it has been overloaded.
- Disconnect all electrical devices, and compare device requirements to Generator rating. Move anything that may be limiting Generator ventilation away.
- Press Overload Reset button below the Dual 120VAC Receptacle until OVERLOAD light turns off and output light turns on.
- 5. Reconnect devices while being careful to not overload Generator.

Economy (ESC) Switch

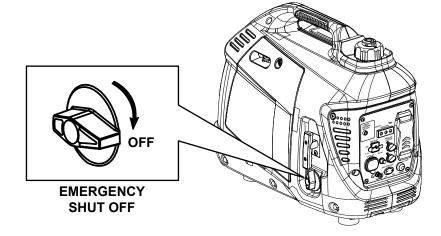
1. Turn the Economy (ESC) Switch ON to limit noise and fuel consumption for lighter generator loads.



- 2. Turn the Economy (ESC) Switch OFF to operate engine at full speed:
 - a. when starting
 - b. when a heavy load is applied
 - c. when using the 12VDC output.

DPERATION

To stop the Engine in an emergency, turn the Engine Switch off.



Under normal conditions, use the following procedure to shut off the Generator:

1

3

- 1. Turn all electrical load devices off and unplug them from the Generator.
- 2. Turn the Engine Switch off.
- 2 OFF

3. Close vent on Fuel Cap.





SETUP

OPERATION

Maintenance

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL STARTING:

Turn the Combination Switch of the equipment to its "OFF" position, wait for the engine to cool, and disconnect the spark plug cap before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM EQUIPMENT FAILURE:

Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise, vibration, or

excess smoking occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

Follow all service instructions in this manual. The engine may fail critically if not serviced properly.



Many maintenance procedures, including any not detailed in this manual, will need to be performed by a qualified technician for safety. If you have any doubts about your ability to safely service the equipment or engine, have a qualified technician service the equipment instead.

Cleaning, Maintenance, and Lubrication Schedule

<u>Note:</u> This maintenance schedule is intended solely as a general guide. If performance decreases or if equipment operates unusually, check systems immediately. The maintenance needs of each piece of equipment will differ depending on factors such as duty cycle, temperature, air quality, fuel quality, and other factors.

Note: The following procedures are <u>in addition to</u> the regular checks and maintenance explained as part of the regular operation of the engine and equipment.

Procedure	Before Each Use	Monthly or every 8 hr. of use	Every 3 mo. or 50 hr. of use	Every 6 mo. or 100 hr. of use	Yearly or every 300 hr. of use	Every 2 Years
Brush off outside of engine	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Check engine oil level	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Check air filter	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Change engine oil				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Clean/replace air cleaner			√*	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
Check and clean spark plug				\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
 Check/adjust idle speed Check/adjust valve clearance 						
 Clean fuel tank, strainer and carburetor 					√ **	√**
 Clean carbon build-up from combustion chamber 						
Replace fuel line if necessary						√**

*Service more frequently when used in dusty areas.

**These items should be serviced by a qualified technician.

PREDATOR.

Checking and Filling Fuel



A<u>WARNING!</u> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM FIRE:

Fill the fuel tank in a well-ventilated area away from ignition sources. If the Engine is hot from use, shut the Engine off and

wait for it to cool before adding fuel. Do not smoke.

- 1. Clean the Fuel Cap and the area around it.
- 2. Unscrew and remove the Fuel Cap.
- 3. Remove the Strainer and remove any dirt and debris. Then replace the Strainer.

<u>Note:</u> Do not use gasoline containing more than 10% ethanol (E10). Do not use E85 ethanol. Add fuel stabilizer to the gasoline or the Warranty is VOID.

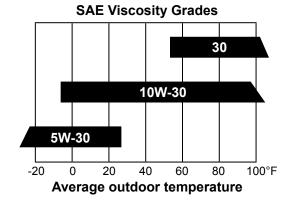
<u>Note:</u> Do not use gasoline that has been stored in a metal fuel container or a dirty fuel container. It can cause particles to enter the carburetor, affecting engine performance and/or causing damage.

- 4. If needed, fill the Fuel Tank to about 1 inch under the fill neck of the Fuel Tank with 87 octane or higher unleaded gasoline that has been treated with a fuel stabilizer additive. Follow fuel stabilizer manufacturer's recommendations for use.
- 5. Then replace the Fuel Cap.
- Wipe up any spilled fuel and allow excess to evaporate before starting engine. To prevent FIRE, do not start the engine while the smell of fuel hangs in the air.

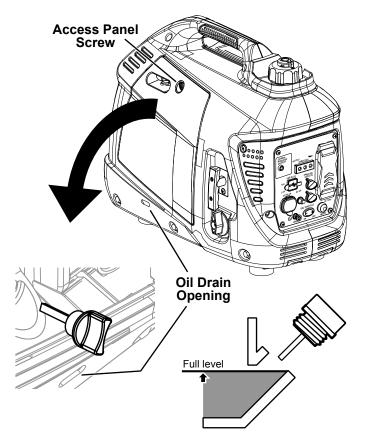
Engine Oil Change

ACAUTION! Oil is very hot during operation and can cause burns. Wait for engine to cool before changing oil.

- 1. Make sure the engine is stopped and is level.
- 2. Close vent on Gas Cap.
- 3. On the left side of the Generator, loosen the Access Panel Screw at the top and remove the Access Panel.
- Clean the top of the Oil Fill Plug and the area around it. Remove the Oil Fill Plug, turning it counterclockwise.
- Place the Generator on stands with the oil fill centered over an oil drain pan. Tilt the Generator over the oil drain pan and wait for oil to drain completely. The oil will drain through the opening on the housing. Recycle used oil.
- Set the Generator back down on a level surface. Add the appropriate type of oil until the oil level is at the proper level. SAE 10W-30 oil is recommended for general use. The SAE Viscosity Grade chart shows other viscosities to use in different average temperatures.



7. Check the oil level. The oil level should be up to the edge of the hole as shown.

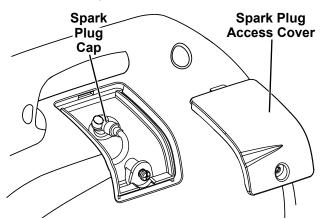


8. Thread the Oil Fill Plug back in clockwise and replace the Access Panel.

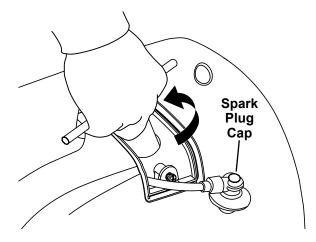
<u>NOTICE:</u> Do not run the engine with too little oil. Engine will not start with low or no engine oil.

Spark Plug Maintenance

1. Remove the Spark Plug Access Cover from top of Generator.



- 2. Disconnect Spark Plug Cap from end of plug. Clean out debris from around spark plug.
- 3. Use a spark plug wrench to remove the spark plug.



4. Inspect the spark plug:

If the electrode is oily, clean it using a clean, dry rag. If the electrode has deposits on it, polish it using emery paper. If the white insulator is cracked or chipped, the spark plug needs to be replaced.

Recommended Spark Plug	
TORCH®	A5RTC

NOTICE: Using an incorrect spark plug may damage the engine.

- 5. When installing a new spark plug, adjust the plug's gap to the specification on the Specifications chart. Do not pry against the electrode—the spark plug can be damaged.
- Apply anti-sieze material to spark plug threads. Install the new spark plug or the cleaned spark plug into the engine.
 - **Gasket-style**: Finger-tighten until the gasket contacts the cylinder head, then tighten about 1/2–2/3 turn more.
 - **Non-gasket-style**: Finger-tighten until the plug contacts the cylinder head, then tighten about 1/16 turn more.

NOTICE: Tighten the spark plug properly. **If loose**, the spark plug will cause the engine to overheat. **If overtightened**, the threads in the engine block will be damaged.

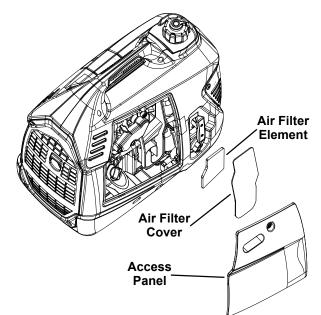
- 7. Apply dielectric spark plug boot protector (not included) to the end of the spark plug and reattach the cap securely.
- 8. Replace Spark Plug Access Cover.

Battery Replacement.

- 1. Remove screw(s) and open battery compartment.
- 2. Remove battery and dispose of properly.
- 3. Insert new battery in correct polarity, close compartment and replace screw(s).

Air Filter Element Maintenance

 Remove the Access Panel on the left side of the Generator.



Long-Term Storage

When the equipment is to remain idle for longer than 20 days, prepare the Engine for storage as follows:

1. CLEANING:

Wait for Engine to cool, then clean Engine with dry cloth. **NOTICE: Do not clean using water.** The water will gradually enter the Engine and cause damage. Apply a thin coat of rust preventive oil to all metal parts.

2. FUEL:

<u>Gasoline Treatment/Draining the Fuel Tank</u> To protect the fuel tank during storage, fill the tank

with <u>fresh</u> gasoline that has been treated with a fuel stabilizer additive. Follow fuel stabilizer manufacturer's recommendations for use. Refer to Checking and Filling Fuel on page 16.

Aged gasoline that has not been treated with stabilizer ahead of time must be safely drained away and not run through the engine.

WARNING! TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM FIRE:

Fill tank in a well-ventilated area away from ignition sources. If the engine is hot from use, shut the engine off and wait for it to cool before adding fuel. Do not smoke.

Draining the Carburetor

After closing the Fuel Valve, place an appropriate container under the Carburetor and carefully remove the Drain Bolt from the bottom of the Carburetor Bowl, allowing the fuel to drain completely. Replace the Drain Bolt after draining.

WARNING! To prevent serious injury and fire, close Fuel Valve before draining the Carburetor.

2. Remove the Air Filter Cover and the Air Filter Element and check for dirt. Clean as described below.

3. Cleaning:

- For "paper" filter elements: To prevent injury from dust and debris, wear ANSI-approved safety goggles, NIOSH-approved dust mask/respirator, and heavy-duty work gloves. In a well-ventilated area away from bystanders, use pressurized air to blow dust out of the air filter.
- For foam filter elements: Wash the element in warm water and mild detergent several times. Rinse. Squeeze out excess water and allow it to dry completely. Soak the filter in lightweight oil briefly, then squeeze out the excess oil.
- 4. Install the cleaned Air Filter Element.
- 5. Secure the Air Filter Cover and replace the Access Panel before use.

3. LUBRICATION:

- a. Change engine oil.
- b. Clean out area around spark plug. Remove spark plug and pour one tablespoon of engine oil into cylinder through spark plug hole.
- c. Replace spark plug, but leave spark plug cap disconnected.
- d. Pull Starter Handle to distribute oil in cylinder. Stop after one or two revolutions when you feel the piston start the compression stroke (when you start to feel resistance).

4. STORAGE AREA:

Cover and store in a dry, level, well-ventilated area out of reach of children. Storage area should also be away from ignition sources, such as water heaters, clothes dryers, and furnaces. Avoid direct exposure to rain and sunlight.

NOTICE: During extended storage periods the Engine must be started every 3 months and allowed to run for 15–20 minutes or the Warranty is VOID.

5. AFTER STORAGE:

Before starting the Engine during or after storage, keep in mind that untreated gasoline will deteriorate quickly. Drain the fuel tank and change to fresh fuel if untreated gasoline has been sitting for a month, if treated gasoline has been sitting beyond the fuel stabilizer's recommended time period, or if the Engine does not start.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Probable Solutions
Engine will not start	FUEL RELATED:	FUEL RELATED:
	1. No fuel in tank or fuel valve closed.	 Fill fuel tank with fresh 87+ octane stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline and open fuel valve. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	2. Choke not in START position, cold engine.	2. Move Choke to START position.
	 Gasoline with more than 10% ethanol used. (E15, E20, E85, etc.) 	 Clean out ethanol rich gasoline from fuel system. Replace components damaged by ethanol. Use fresh 87+ octane stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline only. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	4. Low quality or deteriorated, old gasoline.	 4. Use fresh 87+ octane stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	5. Carburetor not primed.	5. Pull on Starter Handle to prime.
	6. Dirty fuel passageways.	 Clean out passageways using fuel additive. Heavy deposits may require further cleaning.
	 Carburetor needle stuck. Fuel can be smelled in the air. 	7. Gently tap side of carburetor float chamber with screwdriver handle.
	 Too much fuel in chamber. This can be caused by the carburetor needle sticking. 	8. Turn Choke to RUN position. Remove spark plug and pull the start handle several times to air out the chamber. Reinstall spark plug and set Choke to START position.
	9. Clogged Fuel Filter.	9. Replace Fuel Filter.
	IGNITION (SPARK) RELATED:	IGNITION (SPARK) RELATED:
	1. Engine switch in off position.	1. Turn the engine switch on.
	2. Spark plug cap not connected securely.	2. Connect spark plug cap properly.
	3. Spark plug electrode wet or dirty.	3. Clean spark plug.
	4. Incorrect spark plug gap.	4. Correct spark plug gap.
	5. Spark plug cap broken.	5. Replace spark plug cap.
	6. Incorrect spark timing or faulty ignition system.	6. Have qualified technician diagnose/ repair ignition system.
	COMPRESSION RELATED:	COMPRESSION RELATED:
	 Cylinder not lubricated. Problem after long storage periods. 	1. Pour tablespoon of oil into spark plug hole. Crank engine a few times and try to start again.
	 Loose or broken spark plug. (Hissing noise will occur when trying to start.) 	 Tighten spark plug. If that does not work, replace spark plug. If problem persists, may have head gasket problem, see #3.
	 Loose cylinder head or damaged head gasket. (Hissing noise will occur when trying to start.) 	 Tighten head. If that does not remedy problem, replace head gasket.
	 Engine valves or tappets mis-adjusted or stuck. 	 Have qualified technician adjust/ repair valves and tappets.
	ENGINE OIL RELATED:	ENGINE OIL RELATED:
	1. Low engine oil.	 Fill engine oil to proper level. Check engine oil before EVERY use.
	 Engine mounted on slope, triggering low oil shutdown. 	2. Operate engine on level surface. Check engine oil level.



Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the generator or engine.

Troubleshooting (continued)

Problem	Possible Causes	Probable Solutions
Engine misfires	1. Spark plug cap loose.	1. Check cap and wire connections.
	 Incorrect spark plug gap or damaged spark plug. 	2. Re-gap or replace spark plug.
	3. Defective spark plug cap.	3. Replace spark plug cap.
	4. Old or low quality gasoline.	 Use only fresh 87+ octane stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	5. Incorrect compression.	5. Diagnose and repair compression. (Use Engine will not start: COMPRESSION RELATED section.)
Engine stops suddenly	1. Carbon Monoxide level high. Red light on Carbon Monoxide Sensor illuminates.	 Leave area immediately and allow area to ventilate thoroughly. Only operate generator outside.
	 CO Sensor Alarm flashes yellow continually shortly after starting. 	 Carbon monoxide sensor malfunction. Sensor needs service. Call 1-888-866-5797 as soon as possible. Do not use the Generator until the sensor is working properly.
	3. CO Sensor Alarm flashes yellow continually after longer period of operation.	 Make sure to operate generator within rated ambient temperature; maintain minimum 5 ft. clearance from all sides.
	4. Low oil shutdown.	 Fill engine oil to proper level. Check engine oil before EVERY use.
	 Fuel tank empty or full of impure or low quality gasoline. 	 Fill fuel tank with fresh 87+ octane stabilizer treated unleaded gasoline. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	Defective fuel tank cap creating vacuum, preventing proper fuel flow.	6. Test/replace fuel tank cap.
	7. Faulty magneto.	7. Have qualified technician service magneto.
	 Disconnected or improperly connected spark plug cap. 	8. Secure spark plug cap.
Engine stops when	1. Dirty air filter	1. Clean element.
under heavy load	2. Engine running cold.	 Allow engine to warm up prior to operating equipment.
Engine knocks	1. Old or low quality gasoline.	 Fill fuel tank with fresh 87+ octane stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	2. Engine overloaded.	2. Do not exceed equipment's load rating.
	 Incorrect spark timing, deposit buildup, worn engine, or other mechanical problems. 	 Have qualified technician diagnose and service engine.
Engine backfires	1. Impure or low quality gasoline.	 Fill fuel tank with fresh 87+ octane stabilizer-treated unleaded gasoline. Do not use gasoline with more than 10% ethanol (E15, E20, E85, etc.).
	2. Engine too cold.	 Use cold weather fuel and oil additives to prevent backfiring.
	3. Intake valve stuck or overheated engine.	 Have qualified technician diagnose and service engine.
	4. Incorrect timing.	4. Check engine timing.



Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the generator or engine.

Problem	Possible Causes	Probable Solutions
Attached device doesn't have power	1. Device not plugged in properly.	 Turn off and unplug the device, then plug it back in again and turn on.
	2. Generator overloaded.	 Turn off and unplug device(s), reset circuit overload button, plug in device(s) and turn on.
	3. Product needs service.	3. Have product repaired.
Attached device begins to operate abnormally	1. Problem with device.	 Immediately unplug device. Have device repaired by a qualified technician, or replace device.
	2. Rated load capacity exceeded.	 Lower the number of items plugged into the generator to stay within the rated capacity, or use a more powerful generator.



Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the generator or engine.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LISTS AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAMS IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO, OR ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO. ETC

MAINTENANCE

Record Product's Serial Number Here:

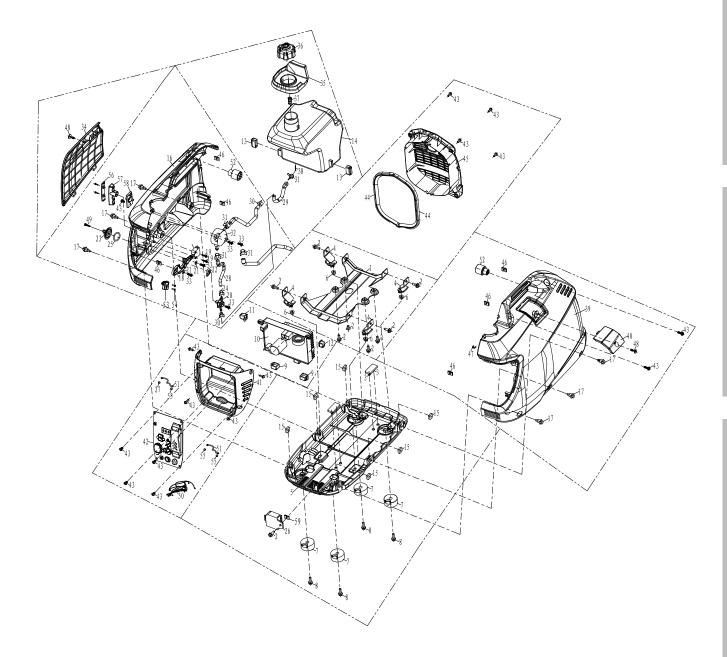
Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.

<u>Note:</u> Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only, and are not available individually as replacement parts. Specify UPC 193175459077 when ordering parts.

Inverter Parts List

Part	Description	Qty.
1	Bracket, Engine	1
2	Bolt M6x12	10
3	Isolator, Engine	2
3 4 5	Isolator	4
	Base	1
6	hex Bolts With Flange M6	4
7	Rubber Damping Bracket	4
8	Bolt M6x20	4
9	Isolating Washer, Inverter	2
10	Inverter Module	1
11	Isolator, Left	1
12	Isolator, Right	1
13	Vibration Isolation Pad C	2
14	Fuel Tank	1
15	Square Nuts	6
16	Enclosure, Left	1
17	Hex Flange Screw	6
18	Push Rod, Fuel Valve	1
19	Self-Tapping Screw M3x16	2
20	Fuel Valve	1
21	Flat Washer	2
22	Cam, Fuel Valve	1
23	Knob	1
24	Clip, Fuel Line Ø12	1
25	Gasket	1
26	DC Voltage Regulator	1
27	Toothed Washer Ø5	1
28	Fuel Hose	1
29	Fuel Hose	1
30	Clip, Fuel Line Ø9.5x0.8	2
31	Clip, Fuel Line Ø11x0.8	4

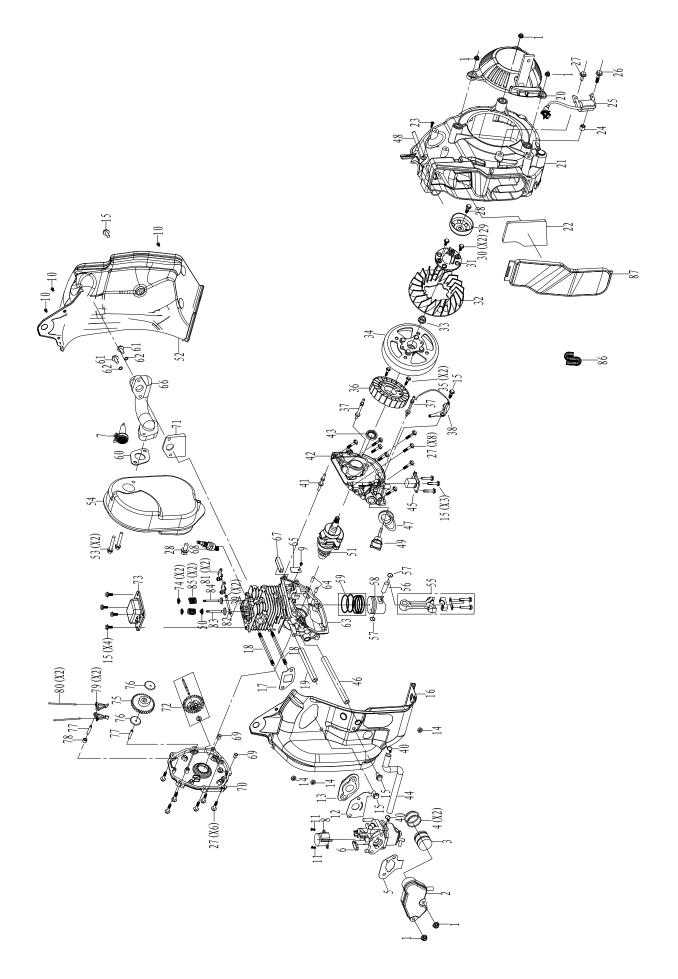
Part	Description	Qty.
32	Fuel Pump	1
33	Self-Tapping Screw M5x16	5
	Panel, Left	1
35	Oil Drain	1
36	Fuel Tank Cap	1
37	Fuel Indicator	1
38	Filter	1
39	Enclosure, Right	1
40	Inspection Cover	1
41	Seat, Control Panel	1
42	Control Panel Assy.	1
43	Bolt M5x12	13
44	Packing, Exhaust	1
45	Muffler Baffle	1
46	Lock Clamp	6
47	Ring Ø6	1
48	Screw, Cross Recessed,	2
	Oval Head M5x16	
49	Cross Recessed Pan	1
	Head Bolt M4x16	
50	Wiring Harness	1
51	Grounding Wire	2
52	Stop, Engine	2
53	Module	1
54	Screw St4.2x16mm	2
55	Toothed Washer Ø6	3
56	Handle Cover	1
57	Handle Plate	1
58	Handle Components	1
59	Lock Clamp	1



Engine Parts List

Part	Description	Qty.
1	Nut M5	5
2	Tube, Air Cleaner	1
3	Tube, Air Cleaner	1
4	Clip	2
5	Gasket, Air Cleaner	1
6	Carburetor Assy	1
7	Spark Eliminator	1
8	Stepper Motor	1
9	Cross Recessed Pan Head Bolt M3x8	1
10	Cross Recessed Pan	3
	Head Bolt M3x12	
11	Bolt M3x8	2
12	Gasket, Carburetor	1
13	Spacer, Carburetor	1
14	Nut M3	3
15	Bolt M5x12	8
16	Shroud, Left	1
17	Gasket, Inlet Tube	1
18	Bolt, Stud, Inlet	
19	Tube, Breather	2
20	Starter Assy.	1
21	Shroud	1
22	Element, Air Cleaner	1
23	Cross Recessed Pan	1
	Head Bolt St4.2x13	
24	Bushing Ø10xØ5.5x12	1
25	Ignition Coil Support Plate	1
26	Bolt M5x30	1
27	Bolt M5x20	14
28	Bolt M6x12	6
29	Pulley, Starter	1
30	Bolt M6x16	2
31	Bracket, Starter	1
32	Fan, Recoil Starter	1
33	Nut M10	1
34	Rotor	1
35	Bolt M5x25	2
36	Stator	1
37	Bolt, Stud	2
38	The Trigger	1
39	Clip, Bolt	2
40	Clip, Fuel Line Ø9.5x0.8	2
41	Bolt, Stud	1
42	Seat, Crankcase	1
_	,	

Part	Description	Qty.
43	Oil Seal	1
44	Tube, Fuel, Inlet	1
45	Switch Assembly, Oil Level	1
46	Hose	1
47	Seat, Oil Inlet	1
48	Wire Clip	1
49	Dipstick	1
50	Seal, Valve, In	1
51	Crankshaft Assembly	1
52	Shroud, Right	1
53	Bolt M6x40	2
54	Muffler Assy	1
55	Connecting Rod Assy	1
56	Pin, Piston	1
57	Clip, Piston	2
58	Piston	1
59	Scraper Ring Set, Piston	1
60	Gasket, Muffler	1
61	Hex Socket Head Cap Screw M5x20	2
62	Spring Washer Ø5	
63	Crankcase	2 1
64	Pin, Dowel	2
65	Plate, Breather	1
66	Exhaust Pipe	1
67	Oil Filter Screen	1
68	Spark Plug	1
69	Pin, Dowel	2
70	Cover, Crankcase	1
71	Gasket, Exhaust	1
72	Governor Assembly	1
73	Cover Comp, Cylinder Head	1
74	Retainer, Spring	2
75	Camshaft Assembly	1
76	Flat Washer Ø5.2xØ12x0.4	2 2
77	Axle, Governor	2
78	Bushing Ø8.5xØ5.1x8.5	1
79	Shaft, Governor Arm	2
80	Rod, Push	2
81	Rocker Assy	2
82	Rocker Shaft	1
83	Valve, Intake	1
84	Valve Exhaust	1
85	Spring, Valve	2
86	Sound Deadening Mat	1
87	Empty Filter Housing	1



Limited 90 Day Warranty (Retail)

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS, EXCEPT FOR THE EMISSIONS CONTROL SYSTEM WARRANTY BELOW.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

Emissions Control System Warranty

Harbor Freight Tools (HFT) is pleased to explain the emissions control system warranty on your Small Off-Road Engine produced after January 1, [Model Year] (engine), in addition to the Retail Warranty above. HFT warrants that the emissions control system on your engine is designed, built, and equipped so that it conforms to the United States Environmental Protections Agency's (EPA) emissions requirements in effect at the time of manufacture. HFT also warrants that the emissions control system on your engine will be free from defects in material and workmanship for two (2) years, provided there has been no improper maintenance, misuse, or abuse of your engine.

Your emissions control system may include parts such as the carburetor or fuel-injection system, and the ignition system. Also included may be hoses, belts, connectors and other emissions-related assemblies.

WHAT WE WILL DO

Where a warrantable condition exists, HFT will repair or replace, at our option, any emissions-related part on your engine if it becomes defective, malfunctions, or otherwise fails to conform with this warranty under normal use and service during the two (2) year term of this warranty at no cost to you, including diagnosis, parts and labor. This warranty applies to the original purchaser and any subsequent owner within the two year warranty period.

WHAT IS COVERED?

The following parts are examples of components of the emissions control system and are covered by this two (2) year warranty. For a full list of emissions control components covered by this warranty, please see 40 CFR §1068, Appendix I.

- 1. Fuel Metering System
 - a. Carburetor and its internal parts.
 - b. Fuel pump (if so equipped).
 - c. Cold start enrichment system.
- 2. Air Induction System
 - a. Intake pipe/manifold.
 - b. Air cleaner.
- 3. Ignition System
 - a. Spark plug.
 - b. Magneto ignition system.

- 4. Catalyst System (if so equipped)
 - a. Exhaust pipe stud.
 - b. Muffler.
 - c. Catalytic converter (if so equipped).
- 5. Miscellaneous Items Used in Above Systems
 - a. Vacuum, temperature and time sensitive valves and switches.
 - b. Hoses, belts, connectors, and assemblies.

This warranty does not cover normal maintenance services or replacement of maintenance items such as filters, oils, or spark plugs.

WHAT YOU MUST DO TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE

As the engine owner, you are responsible for the performance of the required maintenance listed in your Owner's Manual. HFT may deny you warranty coverage if your engine or a part has failed due to abuse (including failure to follow the fuel use instructions contained in this manual), neglect, improper maintenance, or unapproved modifications.

In order to obtain warranty repair or replacement, you may either (a) contact HFT product support at 1-888-866-5797 or productsupport@harborfreight.com; or (b) bring the engine/equipment to your nearest Harbor Freight Tools retail store. When going to the retail store or contacting product support, you must indicate the specific emissions control part or defect that you are claiming and the date this was originally purchased. The nearest Harbor Freight Tools retail store can be found on the internet at http://www.harborfreight.com.



26677 Agoura Road • Calabasas, CA 91302 • 1-888-866-5797