

Owner's Manual & Safety Instructions

Save This Manual Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual near the assembly diagram (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.

CENTRALPNEUMATIC®

40 lb. capacity floor blast cabinet



Visit our website at: <http://www.harborfreight.com>

Email our technical support at: productsupport@harborfreight.com

ITEM 62144

REV 14h

When unpacking, make sure that the product is intact and undamaged. If any parts are missing or broken, please call 1-888-866-5797 as soon as possible.

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⚠ WARNING






**Read this material before using this product.
Failure to do so can result in serious injury.
SAVE THIS MANUAL.**

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CENTRALPNEUMATIC®

WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
	Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

INSTRUCTIONS PERTAINING TO A RISK OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, OR INJURY TO PERSONS

WARNING – When using tools, basic precautions should always be followed, including the following:

General

To reduce the risks of electric shock, fire, and injury to persons, read all the instructions before using the tool.

Work Area

- Keep the work area clean and well lit.**
Cluttered benches and dark areas increase the risks of electric shock, fire, and injury to persons.
- Do not operate the tool in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust.**
The tool is able to create sparks resulting in the ignition of the dust or fumes.
- Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating the tool.** Distractions are able to result in the loss of control of the tool.

Personal Safety


1. **Stay alert. Watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating the tool. Do not use the tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication.**


A moment of inattention while operating the tool increases the risk of injury to persons.


2. **Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Contain long hair. Keep hair, clothing, and gloves away from moving parts.** Loose clothes, jewelry, or long hair increases the risk of injury to persons as a result of being caught in moving parts.

3. **Avoid unintentional starting. Be sure the trigger is released before connecting to the air supply.** Do not connect the tool to the air supply with the switch on.

4. **Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times.** Proper footing and balance enables better control of the tool in unexpected situations.

5.  **Use safety equipment.** A dust mask, non-skid safety shoes and a hard hat must be used for the applicable conditions.

6.  **Always wear eye protection.** Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles.

7.  **Always wear hearing protection when using the tool.** Prolonged exposure to high intensity noise is able to cause hearing loss.

Tool Use and Care

1. **Use clamps or another practical way to secure and support the work piece to a stable platform.** Holding the work by hand or against the body is unstable and is able to lead to loss of control.

2. **Do not force the tool.** Use the correct tool for the application. The correct tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which the tool is designed.

3. **Do not use the tool if the switch does not turn the tool on or off.** Any tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.

4. **Disconnect the tool from the air source before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing the tool.** Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool unintentionally. Turn off and detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure, and release the throttle and/or turn the switch to its off position before leaving the work area.

5. **Store the tool when it is idle out of reach of children and other untrained persons.** A tool is dangerous in the hands of untrained users.

6. **Maintain the tool with care.**


7. **Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that affects the tool's operation.** If damaged, have the tool serviced before using. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained tools. There is a risk of bursting if the tool is damaged.

8. **Use only accessories that are identified by the manufacturer for the specific tool model.** Use of an accessory not intended for use with the specific tool model, increases the risk of injury to persons.

Service

1. **Tool service must be performed only by qualified repair personnel.**
2. **When servicing a tool, use only identical replacement parts. Use only authorized parts.**

Air Source





1.  **Never connect to an air source that is capable of exceeding 200 psi.** Over pressurizing the tool may cause bursting, abnormal operation, breakage of the tool or serious injury to persons. Use only clean, dry, regulated compressed air at the rated pressure or within the rated pressure range as marked on the tool. Always verify prior to using the tool that the air source has been adjusted to the rated air pressure or within the rated air-pressure range.
2. **Never use oxygen, carbon dioxide, combustible gases or any bottled gas as an air source for the tool.** Such gases are capable of explosion and serious injury to persons.



SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

Symbols and Specific Safety Instructions

Symbol Definitions

Symbol	Property or statement	Symbol	Property or statement
PSI	Pounds per square inch of pressure		WARNING marking concerning Risk of Hearing Loss. Wear hearing protection.
ft-lb	Foot-pounds of torque		WARNING marking concerning Risk of Respiratory Injury. Wear NIOSH-approved dust mask/respirator.
NPT	National pipe thread, tapered		WARNING marking concerning Risk of Explosion.
	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Eye Injury. Wear ANSI-approved eye protection.		

Specific Safety Instructions

1. The warnings and precautions discussed in this manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.
2. **WARNING:** This product, when used for abrasive blasting and similar applications, produces chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*)
3. **WARNING:** The brass components of this product contain lead, a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5, *et seq.*)
4. Obey the manual for the air compressor used to power this tool.
5. Install an in-line shutoff valve to allow immediate control over the air supply in an emergency, even if a hose is ruptured.

Assembly Precautions

1. Assemble only according to these instructions. Improper assembly can create hazards.
2. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles and heavy-duty work gloves during assembly.
3. Keep assembly area clean and well lit.
4. Keep bystanders out of the area during assembly.
5. Do not assemble when tired or when under the influence of drugs or medication.

Silicosis and Aluminum Oxide Warnings

WARNING! Abrasive blasting with sand containing crystalline silica can cause serious or fatal respiratory disease. Exposure to crystalline silica may cause silicosis (a serious lung disease), cancer and death. Exposure to aluminum oxide (a dust generated from material removing processes) can result in eye, skin and breathing irritation. Always use a NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) approved respirator and safety goggles. Avoid skin exposure. Proper ventilation in the work area is required. Read and understand the 10 recommended measures below to reduce crystalline silica exposures in the workplace and prevent silicosis and silicosis related deaths.

NIOSH recommends the following measures to reduce crystalline silica exposures in the workplace and prevent silicosis and silicosis-related deaths:

1. Prohibit silica sand (or other substances containing more than 1% crystalline silica) as an abrasive blasting material and substitute less hazardous materials.
2. Conduct air monitoring to measure worker exposures.
3. Use containment methods such as blast-cleaning machines and cabinets to control the hazard and protect adjacent workers from exposure.
4. Practice good personal hygiene to avoid unnecessary exposure to silica dust.
5. Wear washable or disposable protective clothes at the work site. Shower and change into clean clothes before leaving the work site to prevent contamination of cars, homes and other work areas.
6. Use respiratory protection when source controls cannot keep silica exposures below the NIOSH REL.
7. Provide periodic medical examinations for all workers who may be exposed to crystalline silica.
8. Post signs to warn workers about the hazard and to inform them about required protective equipment.
9. Provide workers with training that includes information about health effects, work practices and protective equipment for crystalline silica.
10. Report all cases of silicosis to State health departments and to OSHA or the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA).

Vibration Precautions

This tool vibrates during use. Repeated or long-term exposure to vibration may cause temporary or permanent physical injury, particularly to the hands, arms and shoulders. To reduce the risk of vibration-related injury:

1. Anyone using vibrating tools regularly or for an extended period should first be examined by a doctor and then have regular medical check-ups to ensure medical problems are not being caused or worsened from use. Pregnant women or people who have impaired blood circulation to the hand, past hand injuries, nervous system disorders, diabetes, or Raynaud's Disease should not use this tool. If you feel any symptoms related to vibration (such as tingling, numbness, and white or blue fingers), seek medical advice as soon as possible.
2. Do not smoke during use. Nicotine reduces the blood supply to the hands and fingers, increasing the risk of vibration-related injury.
3. Use tools with the lowest vibration when there is a choice.
4. Include vibration-free periods each day of work.
5. Grip tool as lightly as possible (while still keeping safe control of it). Let the tool do the work.
6. To reduce vibration, maintain tool as explained in this manual. If abnormal vibration occurs, stop immediately.



SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

Functional Description

Specifications

Average Air Consumption	9.5 CFM @ 90 PSI
Maximum Working Pressure	125 PSI
Air Inlet	1/4" -18 NPT
Abrasive Capacity	40 lb.
Flange	4-3/4" OD
Viewing Window	22-3/8" W x 10-3/8" H
Working Area	33-1/2" W x 22-1/4" D x 18" H
Overall Dimensions	36-1/2" W x 23" D x 54-1/2" H
Included Nozzles	4mm, 4.5mm, 5mm, 6mm

Components and Controls

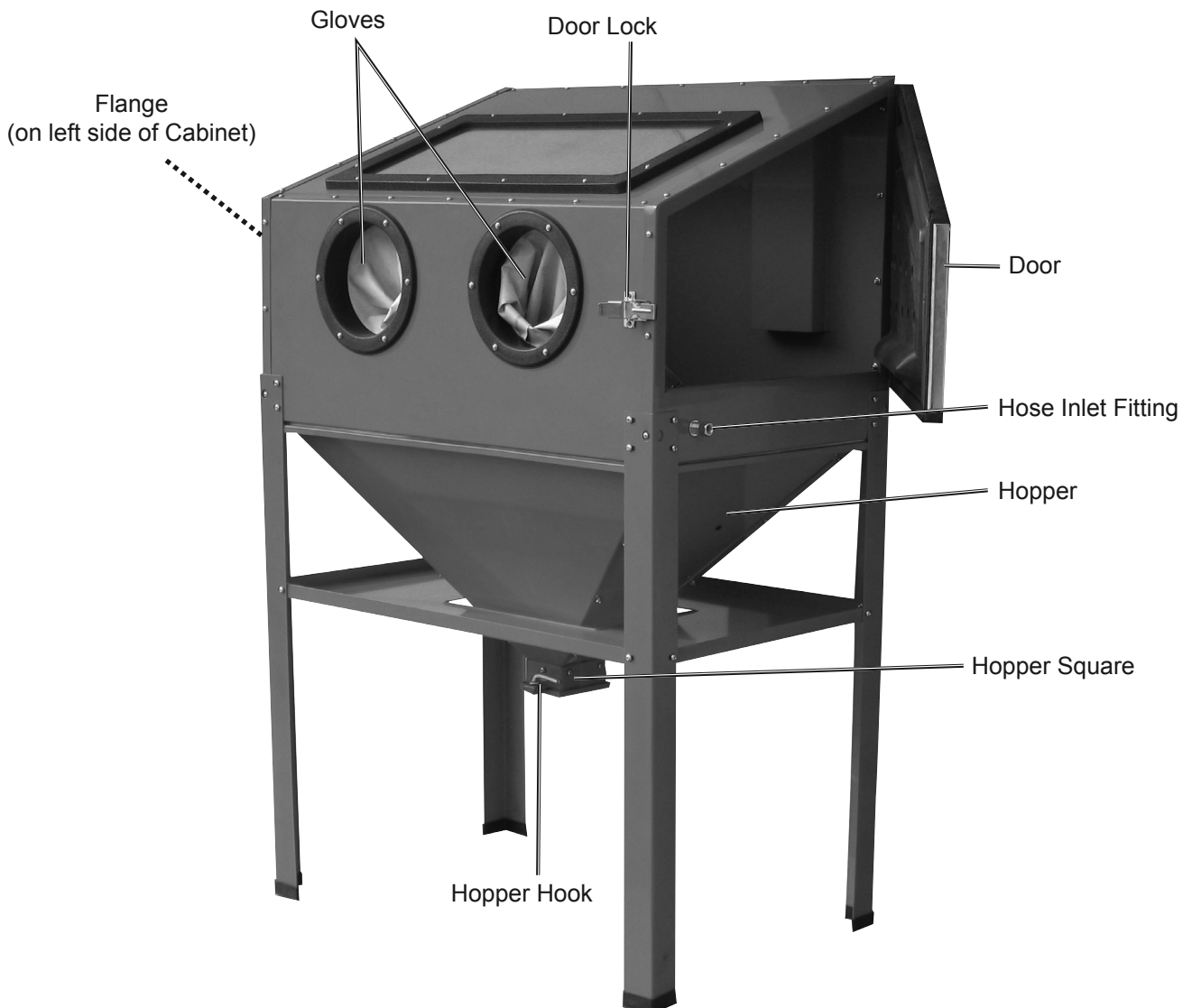


Figure A: Components and Controls



Read the **ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION** section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

Note: For additional information regarding the parts listed in the following pages, refer to the Assembly Diagram near the end of this manual.

Light Clips

Attach the Light Clips (24) to the inside of the Rear Cabinet Plate (5) with Screws (42) and Nuts (46).

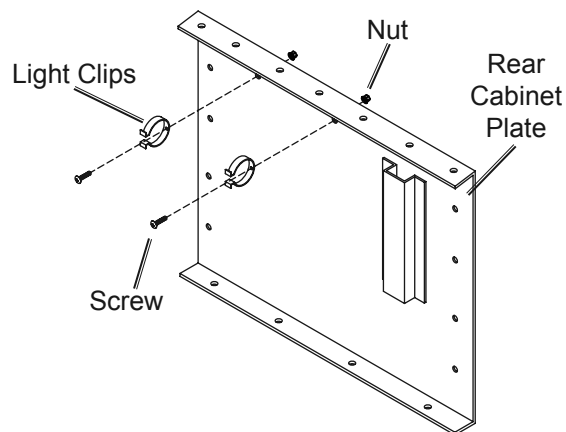


Figure C: Light Clips

Gloves

1. Secure the Glove Mounting Rings (29) to the Front Cabinet Plate (11) with Tapping Screws (41).
2. Slide the Gloves (27) over the Glove Mounting Rings and secure in place with the Clamps (28).

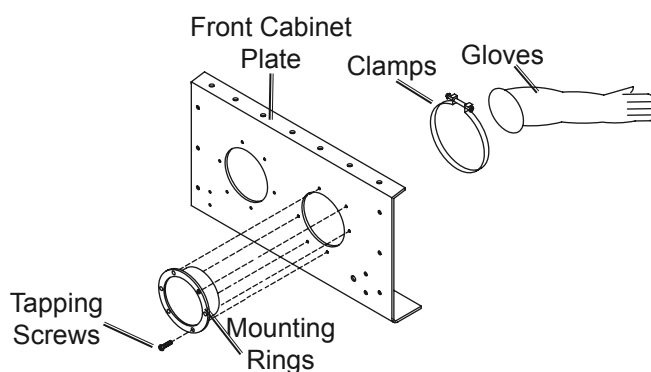


Figure E: Gloves

Flange

Attach the Flange (26) to the outside of the Left Cabinet Plate (12) with Tapping Screws (41).

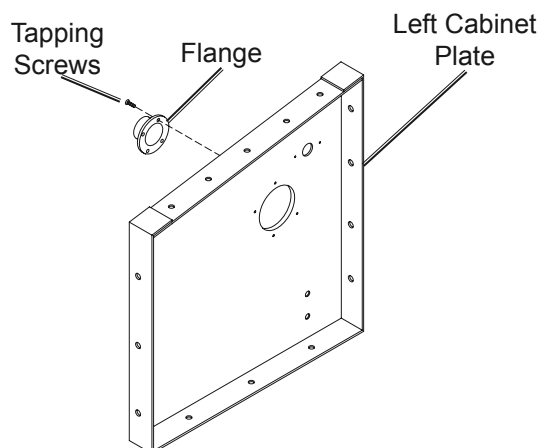


Figure G: Flange

Cabinet

Note: Peel off the paper from one side of padded foam gasket tape and stick the tape to the flanges of the sides, top and bottom of the Cabinet along the bolt holes to make a sealed compartment. Place tape on only one side of two pieces being connected. Use a punch or nail to make holes in the Foam Gasket for bolt installation. Peel off the paper on the other side of the gasket tape before connecting the sections together.

Note: Align the three middle holes along the Top Cabinet Plate (4) edges first, then align the remaining holes when assembling. Leave all connections loose until all Screws (42) and Nuts (46) are in place.

1. Attach the Front Cabinet Plate (11), and the Rear Cabinet Plate (5) to the top edges of the Top Cabinet Plate overlapping the front and back flanges over the edges of the Top Cabinet Plate. Secure in place.
2. Place the Left Cabinet Plate (12) over the edges of the Front and Rear Cabinet Plates and the Top Cabinet Plate. Align the holes of the Hinge (7) along the back edge of the Rear Cabinet Plate. Secure in place.
3. Place the Right Door Frame (6) on the other side of the Front and Rear Cabinet Plates and the Top Cabinet Plate. Place the Hinge over the back edge of the Door (8), aligning all holes. Secure in place.
4. After all hardware is in place, tighten all connections.

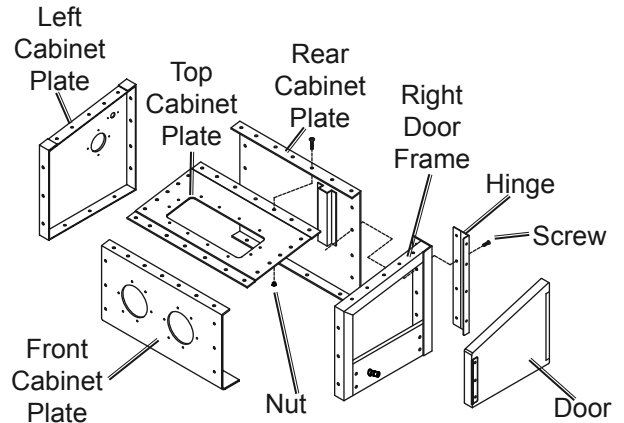


Figure I: Cabinet

Light and Switch

1. Secure the Light (23) in the Light Clips.
2. Guide the wire of the Light out through the hole of the Left Cabinet Plate.
3. Insert the end of the wire into the Switch (25).
4. Install the Switch on the Left Cabinet Plate. Install the Door Lock (10) on the Front Cabinet Plate. Secure both with Screws and Nuts.

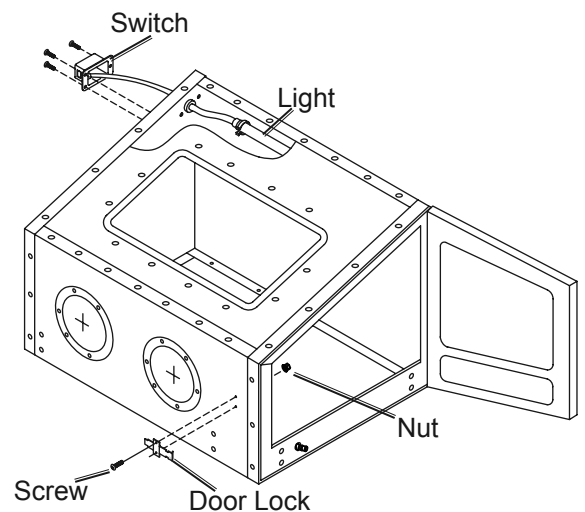


Figure K: Light and Switch

Hopper

1. Secure the Hopper (17) left and right sides to the inside flanges of the Hopper front and rear sides with Screws and Nuts.
2. Slide the Hopper Square (20) over the bottom of the assembly and secure with Screws and Nuts.

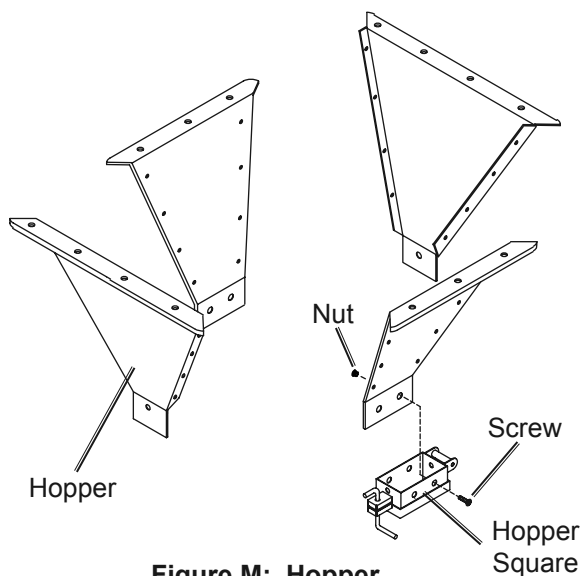


Figure M: Hopper

Legs

1. Align the holes of the two rear Legs (19) and Cabinet holes as shown at right. Secure with Screws and Nuts.
2. Repeat with the front Legs.

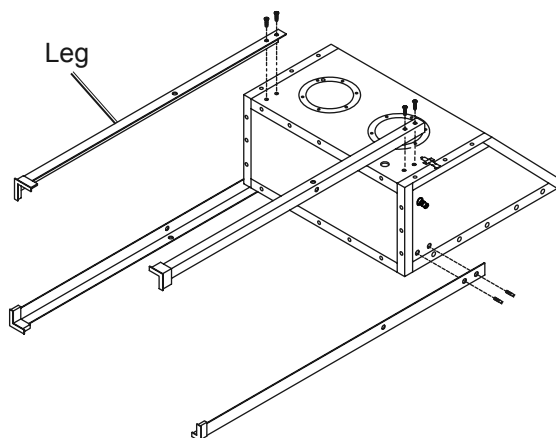


Figure O: Legs

Connecting the Hopper, Hose and Cabinet

1. Place the Metal Frame (13), Sealing Cotton Strip (14), Mesh Frame (15), and other Sealing Cotton Strip (16) on top of the Hopper and secure the assembly to the bottom of the Cabinet with Screws and Nuts.
2. Attach the Air Tube (33) to the Hose Inlet Fitting (47), on the inside lower right side of the Cabinet.
3. Slide the Input Hose (38) into the Hopper through the Mesh Frame, and connect to the Input Pipe (40).

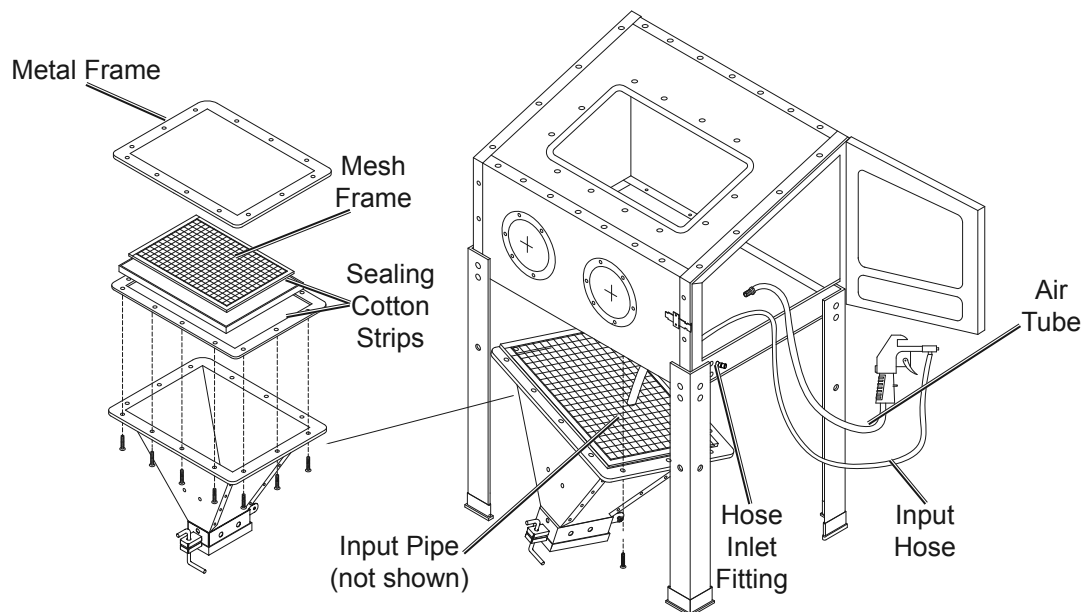


Figure P: Connection Components

Strength Plate and Window

1. Install the Strength Plate (18) with Screws and Nuts.
2. Layer the Glass Cover (2), Glass (3), PVC Film Protector (45), and Frame (1) over the opening on the Top Cabinet Plate and secure with Screws and Nuts.

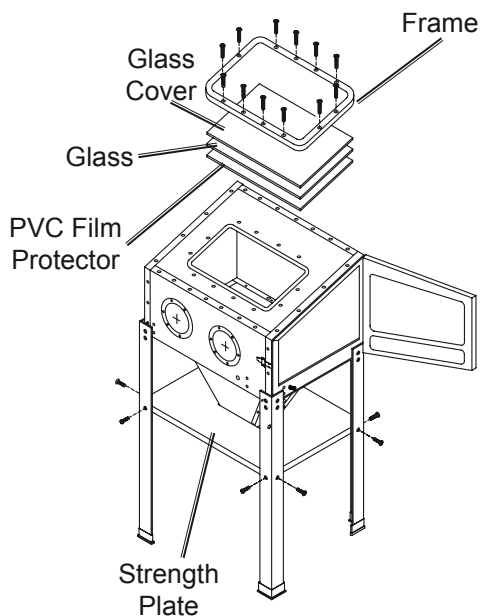


Figure R: Strength Plate and Window

⚠ WARNING



TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM EXPLOSION:

Use only clean, dry, regulated, compressed air to power this tool.

Do not use oxygen, carbon dioxide, combustible gases, or any other bottled gas as a power source for this tool.

1. Incorporate a filter, regulator with pressure gauge, dryer, in-line shutoff valve, and quick coupler for best service, as shown on Figure S on page 12 and Figure T on page 13. **An in-line shutoff ball valve is an important safety device because it controls the air supply even if the air hose is ruptured. The shutoff valve should be a ball valve because it can be closed quickly.**
2. Attach an air hose to the compressor's air outlet. Connect the air hose to the air inlet of the tool. Other components, such as a coupler plug and quick coupler, will make operation more efficient, but are not required.
3. Turn the tool's throttle or switch to the off position; refer to Operation section for description of controls.
4. Close the in-line shutoff valve between the compressor and the tool.
5. Turn on the air compressor according to the manufacturer's directions and allow it to build up pressure until it cycles off.
6. Adjust the air compressor's output regulator so that the air output is enough to properly power the tool, but the output will not exceed the tool's maximum air pressure at any time. Adjust the pressure gradually, while checking the air output gauge to set the right pressure range.
7. Inspect the air connections for leaks. Repair any leaks found.
8. If the tool will not be used at this time, turn off and detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure, and release the throttle and/or turn the switch to its off position to prevent accidental operation.

Note: An oiler system should not be used with this tool. The oil will mix with the material being propelled, causing tool to clog.

Note: This air tool may be shipped with a protective plug covering the air inlet. Remove this plug before set up.

⚠ WARNING! TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Do not install a female quick coupler on the tool.

Such a coupler contains an air valve that will allow the air tool to retain pressure and operate accidentally after the air supply is disconnected.

Note: Air flow, and therefore tool performance, can be hindered by undersized air supply components. The air hose must be long enough to reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.

Note: Residual air pressure should not be present after the tool is disconnected from the air supply. However, it is a good safety measure to attempt to discharge the tool in a safe fashion after disconnecting to ensure that the tool is disconnected and not powered.

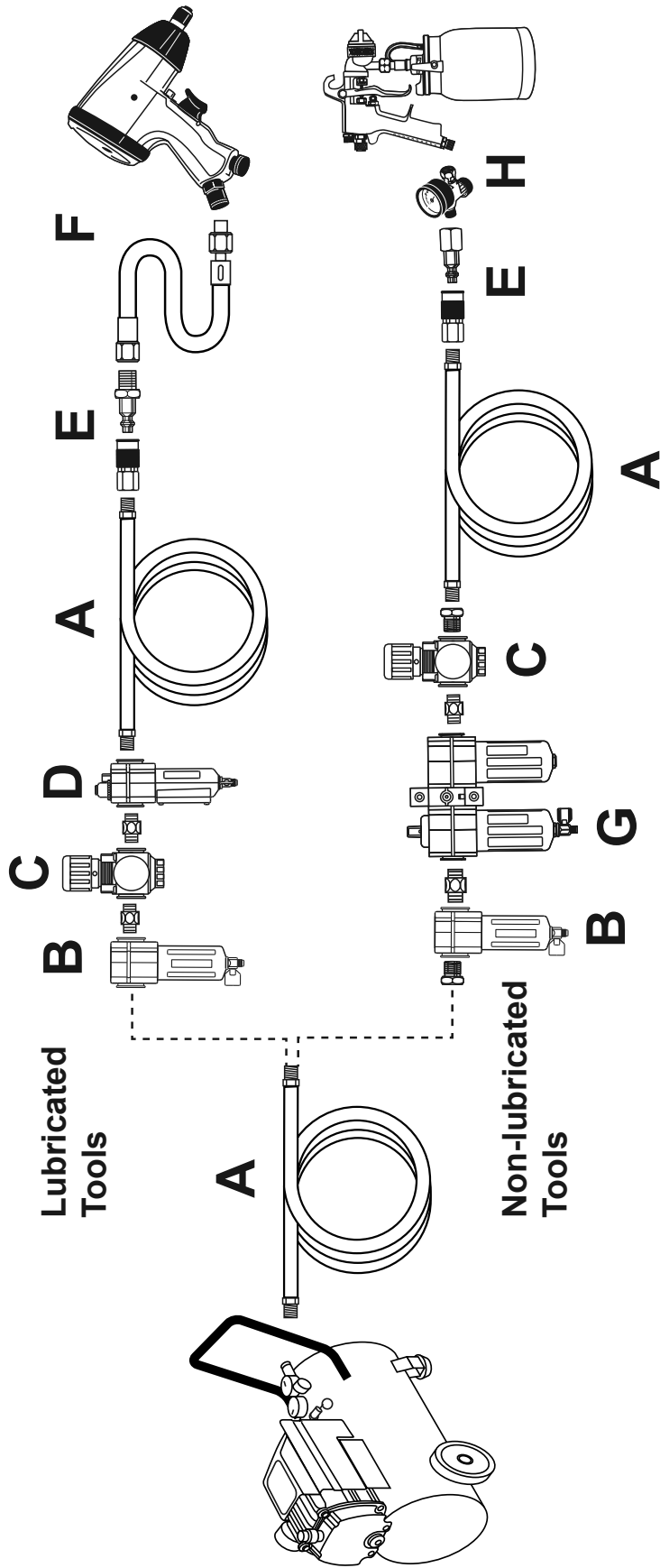


Figure S: Portable Air Supply Setup

Description	Function
A Air Hose	Connects air to tool
B Filter	Prevents dirt and condensation from damaging tool or work piece
C Regulator	Adjusts air pressure to tool
D Lubricator (optional)	For air tool lubrication
E Coupler and Plug	Provides quick connection and release
F Leader Hose (optional)	Increases coupler life
G Air Cleaner / Dryer (optional)	Prevents water vapor from damaging work piece
H Air Adjusting Valve (optional)	For fine tuning airflow at tool

The diagram illustrates the layout of a hydroblasting system. It shows a hydroblaster (A) connected to a high-pressure hose (B) and a water supply hose (C). The system is divided into two main sections: 'Lubricated Tools' and 'Non-lubricated Tools'. The 'Lubricated Tools' section includes a high-pressure hose (H), a trigger gun (M), and a spray lance (K). The 'Non-lubricated Tools' section includes a high-pressure hose (H), a trigger gun (J), a spray lance (N), and a spray lance (I). A 'Slope' arrow indicates the direction of water flow. The diagram is labeled with letters A through O.

	Description	Function
A	Vibration Pads	For noise and vibration reduction
B	Anchor Bolts	Secures air compressor in place
C	Ball Valve	Isolates sections of system for maintenance
D	Isolation Hose	For vibration reduction
E	Main Air Line - 3/4" minimum recommended	Distributes air to branch lines
F	Ball Valve	To drain moisture from system
G	Branch Air Line - 1/2" minimum recommended	Brings air to point of use
H	Air Hose	Connects air to tool
I	Filter	Prevents dirt and condensation from damaging tool or work piece
J	Regulator	Adjusts air pressure to tool
K	Lubricator (optional)	For air tool lubrication
L	Coupler and Plug	Provides quick connection and release
M	Leader Hose (optional)	Increases coupler life
N	Air Cleaner / Dryer (optional)	Prevents water vapor from damaging work piece
O	Air Adjusting Valve (optional)	For fine tuning airflow at tool

Operating Instructions



Read the **ENTIRE** IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

Inspect tool before use, looking for damaged, loose, and missing parts.
If any problems are found, do not use tool until repaired.

Tool Set Up

⚠️WARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Turn off the tool, detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure in the tool, and release the trigger before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY:

Do not adjust or tamper with any control or component in a way not specifically explained within this manual. Improper adjustment can result in tool failure or other serious hazards.

1. Remove the Flange (26) on the left side of the Cabinet and install a dust collection system (sold separately) to the Flange opening to remove media dust while blasting.
2. Fill the bottom of the Cabinet with no more than 40 pounds of fine abrasive material. Fill the Hopper area about 1/2 full. To prevent clogging, do not overfill. The included nozzles are not designed for use with steel shot.

If not using a dust collection system, check that the Flange is in place over the opening on the left side of the Cabinet.

WARNING! Do not use sand or abrasives that contain crystalline silica. Abrasive blasting with sand containing crystalline silica can cause serious or fatal respiratory disease. See "Silicosis and Aluminum Oxide Warnings" on page 5.

Work Piece and Work Area Set Up

1. Designate a work area that is clean and well-lit. The work area must not allow access by children or pets to prevent distraction and injury.
2. Route the air hose along a safe route to reach the work area without creating a tripping hazard or exposing the air hose to possible damage. The air hose must be long enough to reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.

General Operating Instructions

1. Connect the air compressor hose to the Hose Inlet Fitting.
 2. Plug in and turn on the Cabinet light.
 3. Turn on the vacuum of the dust collection system (if equipped, sold separately).
- Note:** When using a vacuum dust collector, clean the filter periodically to maintain adequate suction and effectiveness of the vacuum.
4. Open the Door of the Blast Cabinet and place the work piece in the center of the Cabinet.
 5. Close the door and secure the Door Lock.
 6. Set the compressor's air pressure between 90 and 125 PSI.
 7. Place your hands into the Gloves inside the Cabinet. Make sure your fingers are in the proper positions and that you can easily move your hands and grip objects.
 8. Hold the work piece in one hand, positioning your fingers so that the glove is not in the way of the area you will be blasting. While working, reposition your grip as needed to ensure that all areas of the work piece will be contacted with the blast material.
 9. Grip the Blasting Gun with the other hand and point the nozzle at the bottom of the Cabinet.
 10. Squeeze the trigger.
 11. Check that the abrasive media is flowing through the suction hose with no leaks. Release the trigger and correct any leaks if needed. Otherwise begin blasting the work piece.

WARNING! Do not aim the nozzle at your fingers or the Blast Gloves. If Gloves are punctured or you feel air blowing in the Glove, replace them immediately. Do not use a damaged or punctured Glove.

12. If the tool requires more force to accomplish the task, verify that the tool receives sufficient, unobstructed airflow (CFM) and increase the pressure (PSI) output of the regulator up to the maximum air pressure rating of this tool.

CAUTION! TO PREVENT INJURY FROM TOOL OR ACCESSORY FAILURE:

Do not exceed the tool's maximum air pressure rating.

If the tool still does not have sufficient force at maximum pressure and sufficient airflow, then a larger tool may be required.

13. When finished, or to check the progress of your blasting:
 - a. Release the trigger, lay the work piece on the floor of the Cabinet and remove your hands from the gloves.
 - b. Turn off the compressor and dust collection system (if equipped). Wait for the air inside the Cabinet to clear.
 - c. Open the Cabinet door and remove the work piece. If the work piece needs more blasting, resume from step 4 of these operating instructions.
14. To prevent accidents, release the trigger, detach the air supply, then squeeze and release the trigger once more to safely discharge any residual air pressure in the tool. Empty the Hopper of blast media (see User-Maintenance Instructions section on page 16). Clean external surfaces of the tool with a clean, dry cloth. Then store the tool indoors out of children's reach.

User-Maintenance Instructions



Procedures not specifically explained in this manual must be performed only by a qualified technician.

WARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Turn off the tool, detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure in the tool, and release the trigger before performing any inspection, maintenance, or cleaning procedures.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM TOOL FAILURE:

Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise, vibration, or leaking air occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

Cleaning, Maintenance, and Lubrication

Note: These procedures are in addition to the regular checks and maintenance explained as part of the regular operation of the air-operated tool.

1. Daily - Air Supply Maintenance:


Every day, maintain the air supply according to the component manufacturers' instructions. Drain the moisture filter regularly. Performing routine air supply maintenance will allow the tool to operate more safely and will also reduce wear on the tool.

2. After use, empty the Cabinet Hopper of blast media:

CAUTION! Wear ANSI-approved Safety Goggles and NIOSH-approved dust mask/respirator when emptying the abrasive media.

- a. Place a container (sold separately), which is large enough to hold all the blast media, under the mouth of the Hopper.
- b. Turn the Hopper Hook on the Hopper Square to open the Hopper and allow all the abrasive media to flow into the container.
- c. Close the Hopper Square.

Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Causes	Likely Solutions
Decreased output.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Not enough air pressure and/or air flow. 2. Obstructed trigger. 3. Blocked air inlet screen (if equipped). 4. Air leaking from loose housing. 5. Mechanism contaminated. 6. Abrasive media level too low. 7. Lubrication being used. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for loose connections and make sure that air supply is providing enough air flow (CFM) at required pressure (PSI) to the tool's air inlet. Do not exceed maximum air pressure. 2. Clean around trigger to ensure free movement. 3. Clean air inlet screen of buildup. 4. Make sure housing is properly assembled and tight. 5. Have qualified technician clean and lubricate mechanism. Install in-line filter in air supply as stated in Setup: Air Supply on page 11. 6. Add more abrasive media to the Hopper. 7. An oiler system should not be used with this tool. The oil will mix with the material being propelled, causing tool to clog.
Housing heats during use.	Worn parts.	Have qualified technician inspect internal mechanism and replace parts as needed.
Severe air leakage. (Slight air leakage is normal, especially on older tools.)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Cross-threaded housing components. 2. Loose housing. 3. Damaged valve or housing. 4. Dirty, worn or damaged valve. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check for incorrect alignment and uneven gaps. If cross-threaded, disassemble and replace damaged parts before use. 2. Tighten housing assembly. If housing cannot tighten properly, internal parts may be misaligned. 3. Replace damaged components. 4. Clean or replace valve assembly.
Abrasive media not effective.	Abrasive media has become worn down from use.	Replace abrasive media.
Abrasive media does not fire from Blasting Gun.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Lubrication being used. 2. Abrasive media size is too large for Nozzle. 3. Abrasive media too moist and is sticking together. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. An oiler system should not be used with this tool. The oil will mix with the material being propelled, causing tool to clog. 2. Replace Nozzle with a nozzle large enough to handle abrasive media size or use finer media. 3. Replace media with dry, fresh media. Incorporate an air drier on the air supply.
Light inside Cabinet does not work.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Bulb is burned out. 2. Power cord is not plugged in. 3. Switch is off. 4. Outlet is non-functioning. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replace light bulb. 2. Check that the power cord is properly plugged into an outlet. 3. Turn the Light Power Switch on. 4. Have electrical outlet serviced by a qualified electrician.
 Follow all safety precautions whenever diagnosing or servicing the tool. Disconnect air supply before service.		

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Parts List

Part	Description	Qty
1	Frame	1
2	Glass Cover	1
3	Glass	1
4	Top Cabinet Plate	1
5	Rear Cabinet Plate	1
6	Right Door Frame	1
7	Hinge	1
8	Door	1
9	Door Liner	1
10	Door Lock	1
11	Front Cabinet Plate	1
12	Left Cabinet Plate	1
13	Metal Frame	1
14	Sealing Cotton Strip	1
15	Mesh Frame	1
16	Sealing Cotton Strip	1
17	Hopper	1
18	Strength Plate	1
19	Leg	4
20	Hopper Square	1
21	Hopper Cover	1
22	Hopper Hook	1
23	Light	1

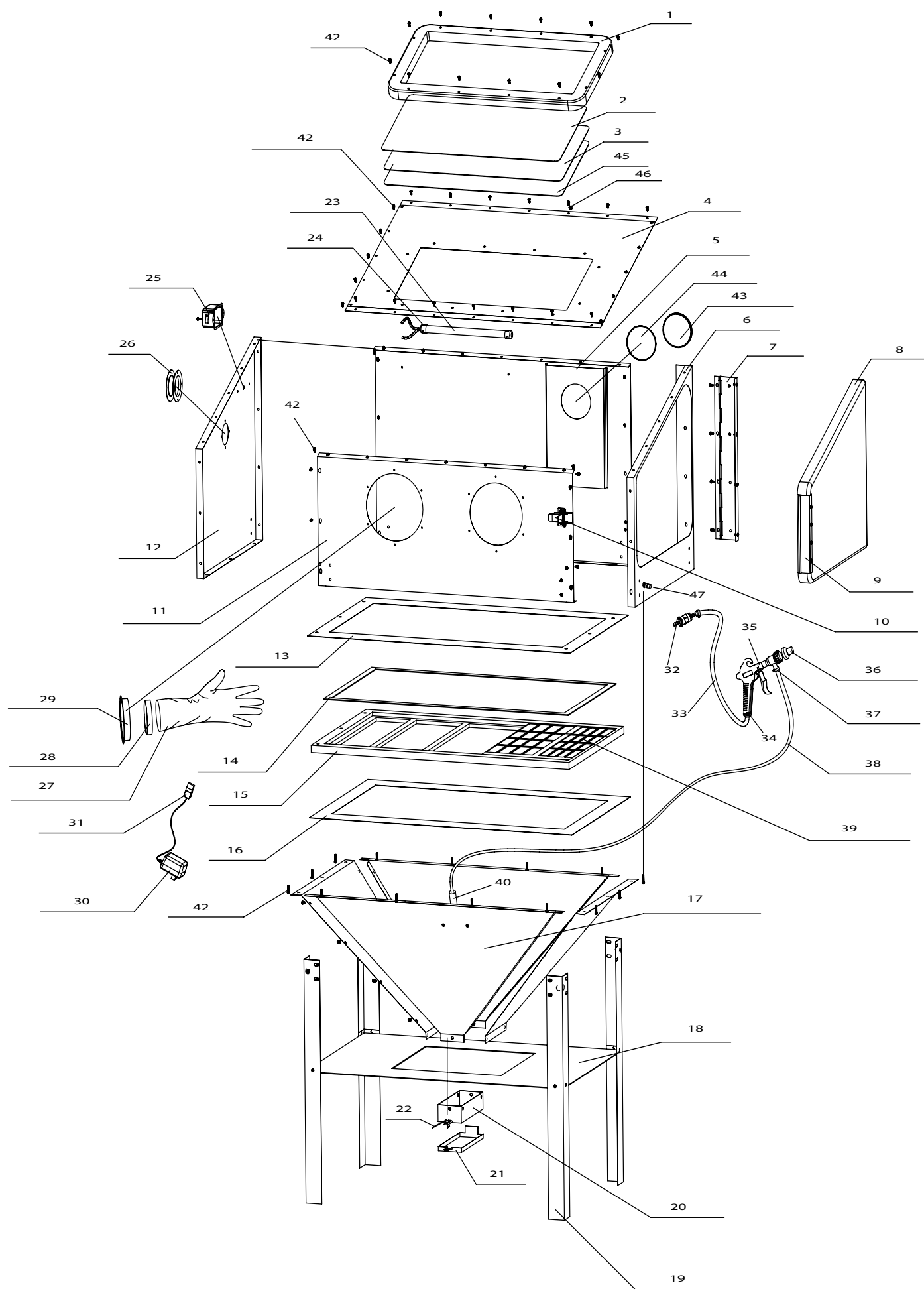
Part	Description	Qty
24	Light Clip	2
25	Switch	1
26	Flange	1
27	Glove	2
28	Clamp	2
29	Glove Mounting Ring	2
30	Transformer	1
31	Transformer Plug	1
32	Air Connector	1
33	Air Tube	1
34	Clip 6-12	1
35	Blasting Gun	1
36	Ceramic Nozzles	4
37	Clip 16-25	1
38	Input Hose	1
39	Mesh	1
40	Input Pipe	1
41	Tapping Screw (not shown)	16
42	Screw	103
43	Exhaust Cover	1
44	Gasket	1
45	PVC Film Protector	4
46	Nut	103
47	Hose Inlet Fitting	1

Record Product's Serial Number Here: _____

Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.

Note: Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only, and are not available individually as replacement parts.

Assembly Diagram



SAFETY

SETUP

OPERATION

MAINTENANCE

90 Day Warranty

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

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