

Owner's Manual & Safety Instructions

Save This Manual Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual near the assembly diagram (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.

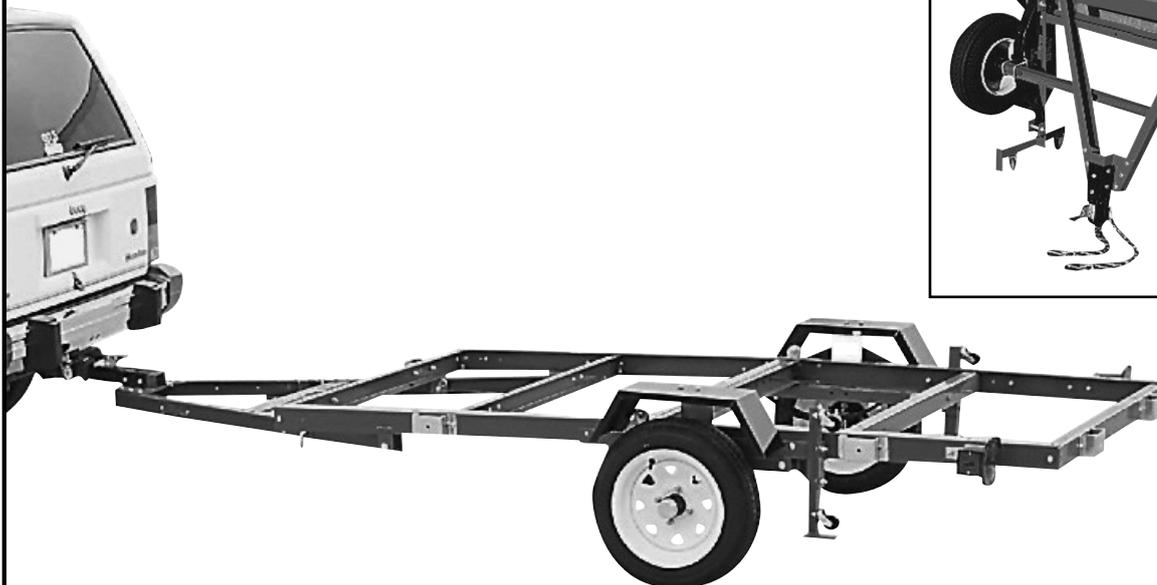
REV 15c

ITEM 62648

1,195 LB. CAPACITY

HaulMaster®

FOLDABLE UTILITY TRAILER



Deck and vehicle not included.

Visit our website at: <http://www.harborfreight.com>

Email our technical support at: productsupport@harborfreight.com

When unpacking, make sure that the product is intact and undamaged. If any parts are missing or broken, please call 1-888-866-5797 as soon as possible.

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No portion of this manual or any artwork contained herein may be reproduced in any shape or form without the express written consent of Harbor Freight Tools. Diagrams within this manual may not be drawn proportionally. Due to continuing improvements, actual product may differ slightly from the product described herein. Tools required for assembly and service may not be included.

⚠ WARNING

**Read this material before using this product.
Failure to do so can result in serious injury.
SAVE THIS MANUAL.**

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WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS

	This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.
	Addresses practices not related to personal injury.

VDC	Volts Direct Current
A	Amperes
	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Eye Injury. Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles with side shields.

	Read the manual before set-up and/or use.
	WARNING marking concerning Risk of Fire. Connect trailer wiring to properly fused circuit only.

SAFETY

ASSEMBLY

OPERATION

MAINTENANCE

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

⚠️ WARNING

Read all safety warnings and instructions.

Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

The warnings, precautions, and instructions discussed in this instruction manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.

Assembly safety

1. Keep work area clean and dry. Cluttered, damp, or wet work areas invite injuries.
2. Keep children away from work area.
3. Use eye protection. Wear ANSI-approved safety impact eye goggles when assembling this Trailer.
4. Do not modify this Trailer, and do not use this Trailer for a purpose for which it was not intended.

Connection safety

1. Dress safely while connecting/disconnecting. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry, as they can become caught in moving parts. Wear a protective hair covering to prevent long hair from becoming caught in moving parts. If wearing a long-sleeve shirt, roll sleeves up above elbows. Wearing safety work shoes is recommended.
2. Do not setup or use this Trailer if under the influence of alcohol or drugs. Read warning labels on prescriptions to determine if your judgement or reflexes are impaired while taking drugs. If there is any doubt, do not attempt to use this Trailer.
3. Stay alert. Watch what you are doing at all times. Use common sense. Do not setup or use this Trailer when you are tired or distracted from the job at hand.
4. The tail light bulbs supplied with this Trailer are for a 12 volt DC (negative ground) electrical system only. Do not attempt to power the Light Bulbs with any other type or voltage electrical current.
5. Make sure the Hitch Coupler (7) and the vehicle's ball hitch (not included) are of equal mating size (1-7/8") and are rated equal to or greater than the weight of the Trailer and its payload.
6. Before each use, attach the Trailer's Safety Chain (8) to the towing vehicle. Attach the Safety Chain to the towing vehicle with equal length on each side. Do not allow the Safety Chain to drag on the ground.

Loading safety

1. Do not exceed the Trailer's maximum payload capacity of 1,195 lb.
2. Properly and safely secure the payload in the Trailer. Load the Trailer evenly from side to side with 60% of the load forward of the Axle (16).
3. Make sure the towing vehicle and its hitch are both rated to safely tow the Trailer and its payload. The towing capacity of the hitch is typically stamped on the hitch drawbar.

Operation Safety

Note: Selected recommendations in this section are adapted from *TOWING A TRAILER - Being Equipped for Safety*, published by NHTSA. For full details, see that document.

1. This Trailer is not a toy.
Do not allow children to play on or near this item.
2. Take time to practice before driving on main roads.
3. Never allow anyone to ride in or on the trailer.
4. Do not transport animals in this trailer.

Before Each use

1. Check Tire (19) condition and air pressure.
2. Make sure wheel lug nuts/bolts are properly tightened.
3. Make sure hitch, coupler, draw bar, and other equipment that connect the trailer and the tow vehicle are properly secured and adjusted.
4. Make sure wiring is properly connected — not touching the road, but loose enough to make turns without disconnecting or damaging the wires.
5. Make sure all running lights, brake lights, turn signals, and hazard lights are working.
6. Check that all items are securely fastened on and in the trailer.
7. Be sure the trailer jack, tongue support, and any attached stabilizers are raised and locked in place.
8. Check load distribution to make sure the tow vehicle and trailer are properly balanced front to back and side to side.
9. Check side- and rear-view mirrors to make sure you have good visibility.
10. Check routes and restrictions on bridges and tunnels.
11. Make sure you have wheel chocks and jack stands.
12. Check trailer for loose bolts and nuts, structural cracks and bends, and any other condition that may affect its safe operation. Do not use the Trailer even if minor damage appears.

General Handling

1. Use the driving gear that the towing vehicle manufacturer recommends for towing.
2. Drive at moderate speeds. This will place less strain on your tow vehicle and trailer. Trailer instability (sway) is more likely to occur as speed increases. **Do not exceed 45 miles per hour when towing the Trailer.**
3. Avoid sudden stops and starts that can cause skidding, sliding, or jackknifing.
4. Avoid sudden steering maneuvers that might create sway or undue side force on the trailer.
5. Slow down when traveling over bumpy roads, railroad crossings, and ditches.
6. Make wider turns at curves and corners. Because your trailer's wheels are closer to the inside of a turn than the wheels of your tow vehicle, they are more likely to hit or ride up over curbs.
7. To control swaying caused by air pressure changes and wind buffeting when larger vehicles pass from either direction, release the accelerator pedal to slow down and keep a firm grip on the steering wheel.

Braking

1. Allow considerably more distance for stopping.
2. If you have an electric trailer brake controller and excessive sway occurs, activate the trailer brake controller by hand. Do not attempt to control trailer sway by applying the tow vehicle brakes; this will generally make the sway worse.
3. Always anticipate the need to slow down. To reduce speed, shift to a lower gear and press the brakes lightly.

Acceleration and Passing

1. When passing a slower vehicle or changing lanes, signal well in advance and make sure you allow extra distance to clear the vehicle before you pull back into the lane.
2. Pass on level terrain with plenty of clearance. Avoid passing on steep upgrades or downgrades.
3. If necessary, downshift for improved acceleration or speed maintenance.
4. When passing on narrow roads, be careful not to go onto a soft shoulder. This could cause your trailer to jackknife or go out of control.

Downgrades and Upgrades

1. Downshift to assist with braking on downgrades and to add power for climbing hills.
2. On long downgrades, apply brakes at intervals to keep speed in check. Never leave brakes on for extended periods of time or they may overheat.
3. Some tow vehicles have specifically calibrated transmission tow-modes. Be sure to use the tow-mode recommended by the manufacturer.

Backing Up

1. Put your hand at the bottom of the steering wheel. To turn left, move your hand left. To turn right, move your hand right.
2. Back up slowly.
3. Because mirrors cannot provide all of the visibility you may need when backing up, have someone outside at the rear of the trailer to guide you whenever possible.
4. Use slight movements of the steering wheel to adjust direction. Exaggerated movements will cause greater movement of the trailer.
5. If you have difficulty, pull forward and realign the tow vehicle and trailer and start again.

Parking

1. Try to avoid parking on grades.
2. If possible, have someone outside to guide you as you park.
3. **Once stopped, but before shifting into Park:**
 - a. Have someone place blocks on the downhill side of the trailer wheels.
 - b. Apply the parking brake.
 - c. Shift into Park.
(first or reverse gear for manual transmissions)
 - d. Then remove your foot from the brake pedal.Following this parking sequence is important to make sure your vehicle does not become locked in Park because of extra load on the transmission.
4. **Before uncoupling a trailer:**
 - a. Place blocks at the front and rear of the trailer tires to ensure that the trailer does not roll away when the coupling is released.
 - b. An unbalanced load may cause the tongue to suddenly rotate upward; therefore, before uncoupling, place jack stands under the rear of the trailer to prevent injury.

TRAILER LICENSING NOTICE

Some states may consider this Trailer a vehicle requiring registration, licensing, and titling. Check with your State Department of Motor Vehicles for information and guidance on registering, licensing, and titling the Trailer.

Maintenance safety

1. Maintain labels and nameplates on the trailer. These carry important information. If unreadable or missing, contact Harbor Freight Tools for a replacement.
2. Replacement parts and accessories: when servicing, use only identical replacement parts. Only use accessories intended for use with this Trailer. Approved accessories are available from Harbor Freight Tools.
3. Maintain this Trailer with care. Keep this Trailer clean and dry for better and safer performance.
4. For your safety, service and maintenance should be performed regularly by a qualified technician.
5. When not in use, store Trailer in a dry location to inhibit rust. Lock up Trailer, and keep out of reach of children.
6. Position Trailer on flat, level, hard surface and chock both Tires (19) before folding/unfolding.
7. Do not fold up the trailer without assistance.
8. Before standing up the trailer, properly secure the rear and front section together, see page 25.

 **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.**

Assembly Instructions



Read the **ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION** section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this Trailer.

Note: For additional information regarding the parts listed in the following pages, refer to *Parts List and Diagram* on page 26.

1. On a flat, level, surface, lay out *one* Front Left Side Rail (1FL), *one* Front Right Side Rail (1FR), *one* Cross Member (2A), and *two* Cross Members (2B). Lay out two Hinge Plates (10) and two Stake Clamps (25). Assemble the parts, using the 3/8" x 3/4" Bolts (A), 3/8" Lock Nuts (G) and also the 3/8" x 1" Bolts (B) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). (See Figure A.)

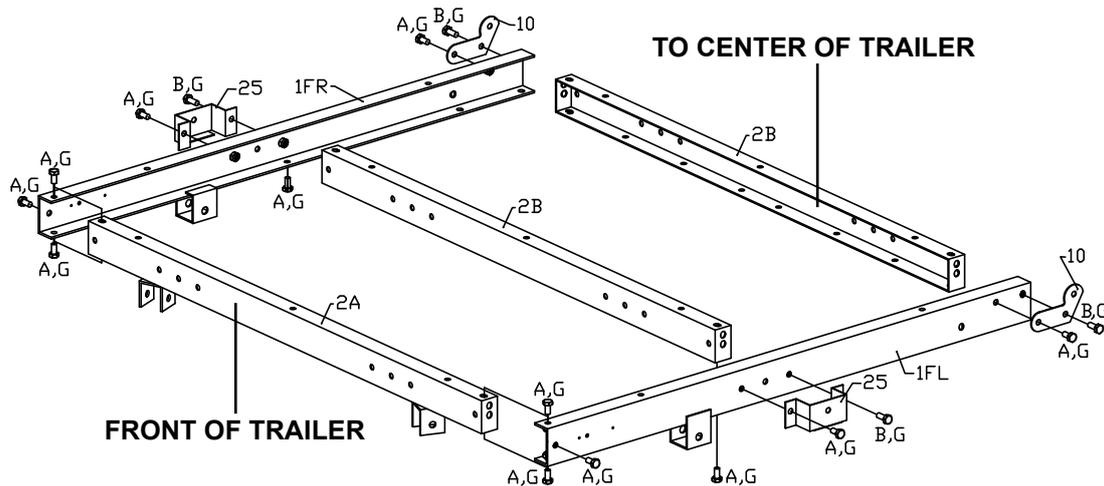


Figure A: Front Bed Rail Assembly

2. Attach the Left Connecting Rail (3L) and the Right Connecting Rail (3R) to the Front Left Side Rail (1FL) and Front Right Side Rail (1FR), using the 9/16" Bolts (E), 9/16" Nuts (I), and 1/8" Cotter Pins (P).
3. Insert the "L" Latches (9) through the Left Connecting Rail (3L), Right Connecting Rail (3R), and Cross Member (2A). Secure the "L" Latches using the 1/8" R Pins (Q). (See Figure B.)
4. Attach the Spare Tire Bar (4) to the Left Connecting Rail (3L) and the Right Connecting Rail (3R), using the 3/8" Bolts (A) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). (See Figure B.)
5. Attach the "T" Plate (5) and Coupler Base (6) to the Left Connecting Rail (3L) and the Right Connecting Rail (3R), using the 3/8" Bolts (A) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). (See Figure B.)

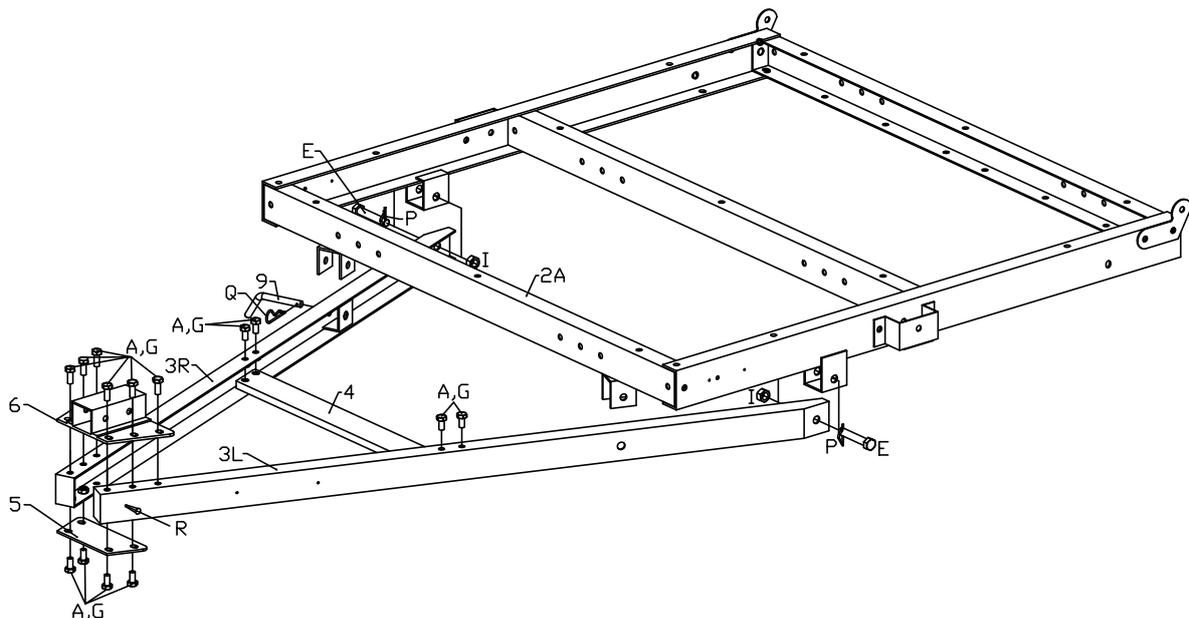


Figure B: Tongue Assembly

- Lay out *one* Rear Left Side Rail (1RL), *one* Rear Right Side Rail (1RR), and *three* Cross Members (2B). Lay out two Hinge Plates (11L, 11R) and two Stake Clamps (25). Assemble the parts, using the 3/8" x 3/4" Bolts (A), 3/8" Lock Nuts (G) and also the 3/8" x 1" Bolts (B) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). (See Figure C.)

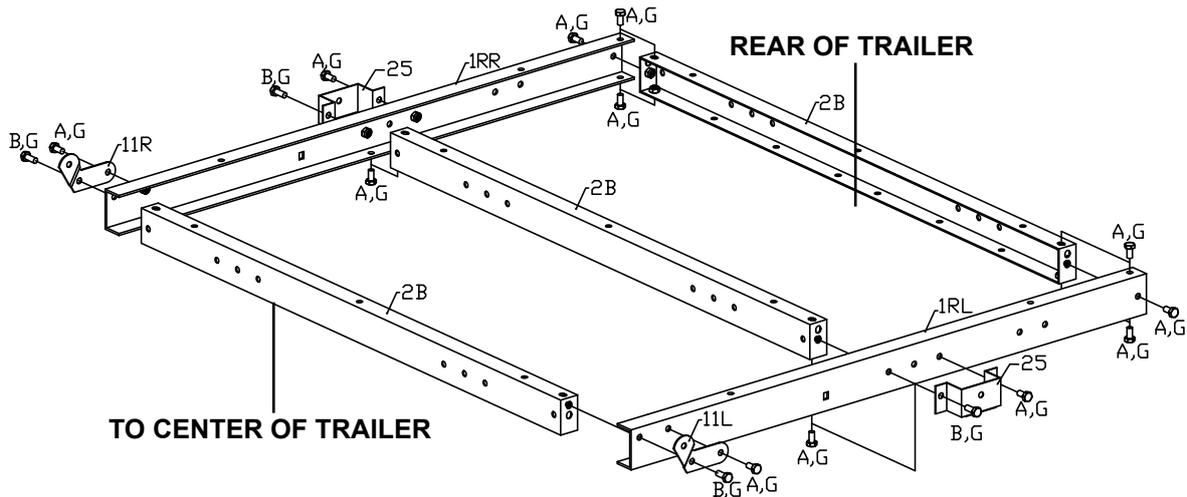


Figure C: Rear Bed Rail Assembly

- Assemble the front portion and the rear portion of the Trailer, using the 3/8" x 3/4" Bolts (A), 3/8" Lock Nuts (G).

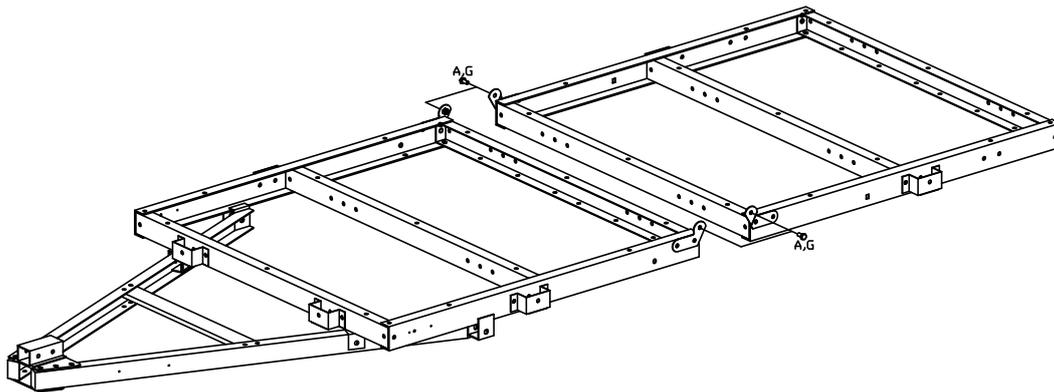


Figure D: Assembling Front and Rear Beds

- Then, fold the Trailer with assistance.

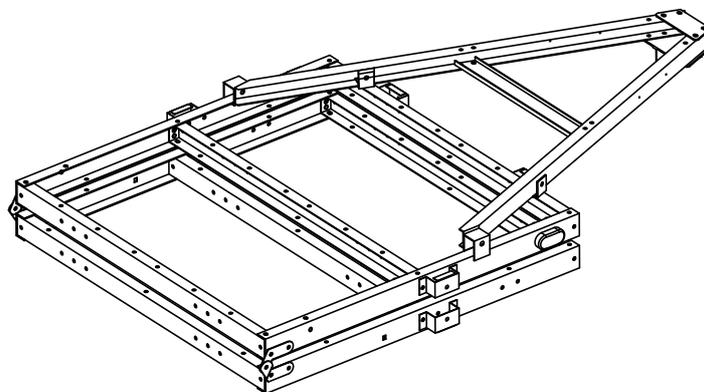
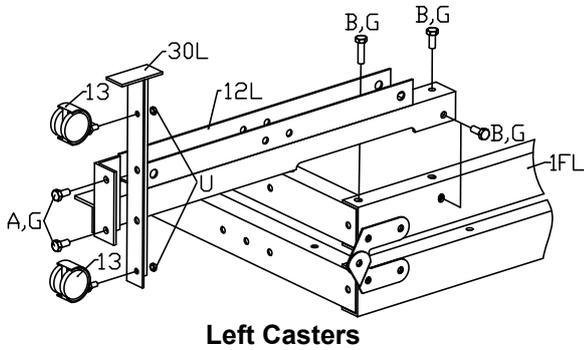


Figure E: Folded Trailer

9. With the Trailer in its folded position, attach the Spring Hanger (12L) to the Front Left Side Rail (1FL), using 3/8" x 1" Bolts (B) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). Attach the Spring Hanger (12R) to the Front Right Side Rail (1FR), using 3/8" x 1" Bolts (B) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). (See Figure F.)
10. Attach the Caster Base (30L) to the Spring Hanger (12L), using 3/8" x 1" Bolts (B) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G).



11. Attach the Caster Base (30R) to the Spring Hanger (12R), using 3/8" x 1" Bolts (A) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G).
12. Attach the Casters (13) to the two Caster Bases (30L, 30R), using M12 Lock Nuts (U).

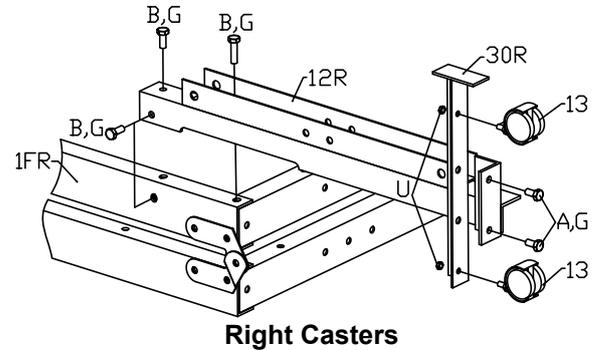


Figure F: Caster Assembly

13. Attach the two Fender Supports (23) to the two Caster Bases (30L, 30R), using the 3/8" Bolts (A) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). Then attach the two Fenders (22) to the two Fender Supports, using the 3/8" Bolts (A) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). (See Figure G.)
14. Attach the two Springs (15) to the two Caster Bases (30L, 30R), using 9/16" x 3-1/4" Bolts (E) and 9/16" Nuts (I). Leave these Bolts loose for now to allow proper assembly in the next steps. Insert a Cotter Pin (P) through the holes in the end of the Bolts and spread the Cotter Pins.

15. Align the guide pin at end of axles through the Springs (15). Position the two Spring Plates (14) under the two Springs. Axle guide pins must be located in the center hole of the Spring Plates (14).
16. On each end of the Axle, insert two U-Bolts (17) downward over the Axle and through the mounting holes in each of the two Spring Plates. Adjust the Spring Plates slightly to allow the holes to line up.
17. Then secure the Axle and Spring assemblies, using 3/8" Spring Washers (L) and 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). After doing this, tighten the Bolts (E) and Nuts (I) left loose in step 14.

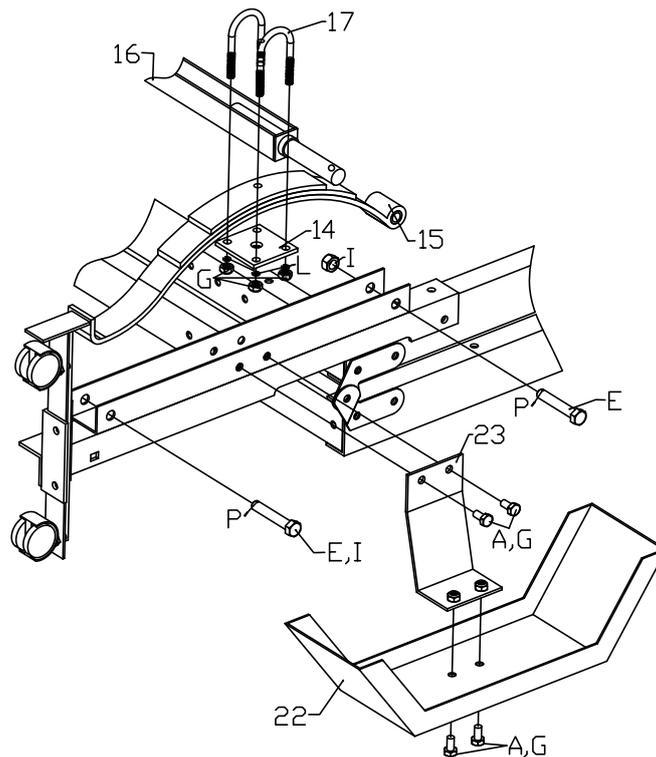


Figure G: Spring Assembly

18. Attach the Grease Fitting (31) to the Hub (18). Carefully slide a Hub over the spindle at each end of the Axle (16). (See Figure H.)

19. BEARING PACKING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING! Whenever a hub is disassembled (if a hub on a new unit requires assembly or a hub is disassembled for maintenance), the following procedure **MUST** be obeyed.

Failure to read and obey all of the following instructions completely will void the warranty and can result in damage to the Trailer, property damage, or serious injury.

- a. Using a suitable solvent, thoroughly clean the bearings and the rest of the parts in the Hub assembly of all grease, dirt, metal shavings, or any other foreign object. **The parts must be cleaned even if they are new or appear clean.**
 - b. Allow all pieces to dry completely.
 - c. Make sure that your hands are thoroughly clean and the bearing packer (not included) is also thoroughly clean.
 - d. Place fresh, clean bearing grease in the packer.
 - e. With the grease-filled bearing packer in one hand and the bearing in the other, press the bearing into the grease, forcing the grease inside the slots in the bearing. Continue doing this until every slot in the bearing is completely full of grease.
 - f. Finish assembling the hub/wheel assembly, being careful not to get any dirt or debris on any part of the assembly.
20. Place the Outer Bearings (20) onto the spindles of both ends of the Axle. Place a 3/4" Flat Washer (N) onto each spindle of the Axle. Then secure the Hub and Bearing assemblies, using the Castle Nuts (K). (See Figure H.)
 21. See point 4 of Inspection, Maintenance and Cleaning (page 24). Make sure the Hub rotates freely. If not, back off the Castle Nut very slightly so that the Hub rotates freely.
 22. Press a Dust Cap onto each Hub (18).
 23. Place a Tire/Wheel Assembly (19) onto each Hub (18). Secure each Tire/Wheel assembly firmly to the Hubs, using the Lug Nuts (J). Torque the Lug Nuts to **90 ft-lb.**

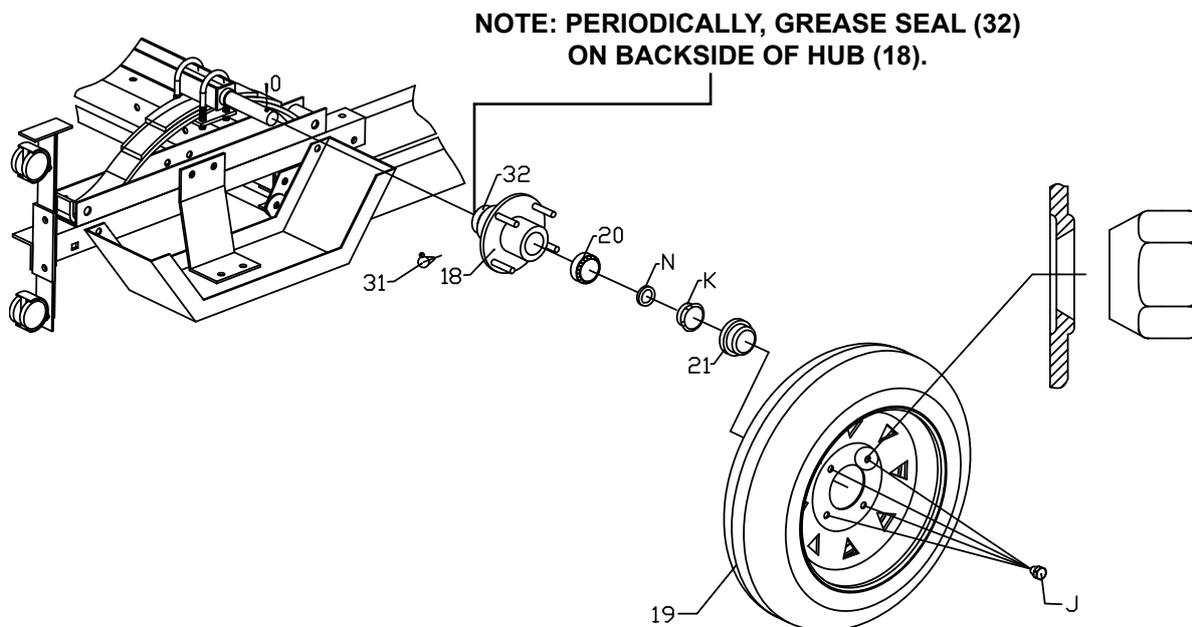


Figure H: Hub/Wheel Assembly

24. Attach the Coupler (7) to the Coupler Base (6), using one M10x90 Bolt (W) at the rear of the coupler. Lock the Coupler Trigger with the Lock Pin (29). Then, insert the "R" Pin (S) through the hole in the Lock Pin (29) to secure the Lock Pin in place. **(See Figure I.)**
25. Insert the second M10x90 Bolt (W) through the Coupler (7) and Coupler Base (6) as well as through the center link of the Safety Chain. Then, use a 3/8" Lock Nut (G) to secure the Safety Chain to the Hitch Coupler.
26. Attach two Stake Clamps (25) to the Front Cross Member (2A), using M10x20 Bolts (A) and M10 Lock Nuts (G). Then, repeat this Step for the remaining two Stake Clamps and the Rear Cross Member (2B).
27. Remove the Lens from a Side Running Light (24). Insert the Wire Lead of the Side Running Light through the center hole of the Front Left Side Rail (1FL). Attach the Side Running Light to the Front Left Side Rail, using the Screws (R). Then, reattach the Lens to the Side Running Light. Repeat this Step for the remaining Side Running Light and the Front Right Side Rail (1FR).
28. Attach a Tail Light Bracket (26) to the Rear Left Side Rail (1RL), using M10x20 Bolts (A) and M10 Lock Nuts (G). Attach the License Plate Bracket (27) and Left Tail Light (28L) to the Tail Light Bracket, using 3/8" Lock Nuts (G). Repeat this Step for the remaining Tail Light Bracket and Rear Right Side Rail (1RR).
29. Secure the rear Bed of the Trailer's frame to the Caster Bases (30L, 30R), using M10x30 Carriage Bolts (D) and M10 Lock Nuts (G).

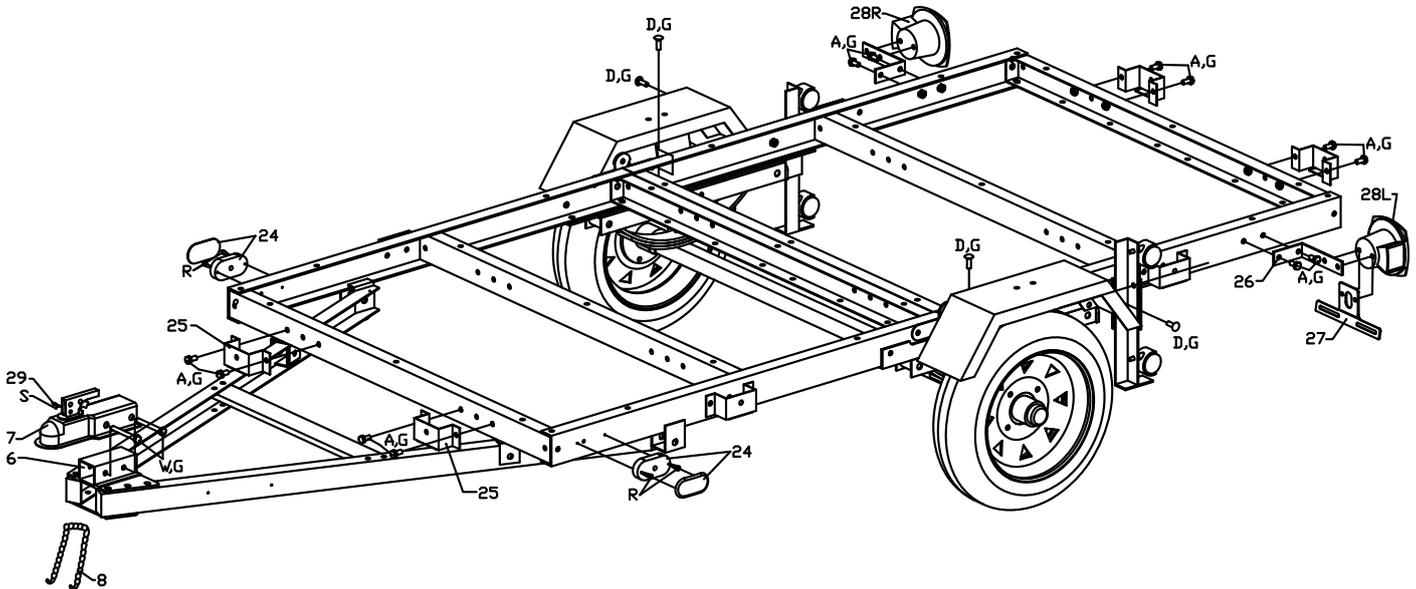


Figure I: Coupler and Stake Clamp Attachment

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30. To install the Wiring Harness on the Trailer, use a Screw (R) to attach the White Ground Wire located at the Plug end of the Wiring Harness to the small mounting hole in the Right Connecting Rail (3R). (See Figure J.)

Note: The Wiring Diagram on page 12 may also be helpful in connecting trailer wires.

31. Leave about 18" of wire beyond the Hitch Coupler (7), and run the Wiring Harness along the inside of the Right Connection Rail (3R) to the Front Right Side Rail (1FR). Then, split the Yellow/Brown Wires from the Green/Brown Wires.

32. Run the Yellow/Brown Wires along the inside of the Front Cross Member (2A) to the Side Running Light (24) located on the Front Left Side Rail (1FL). Then, run the Green/Brown Wires along the inside of the Front Right Side Rail (1FR) to the other Side Running Light.

33. Connect the Wire Lead from the two Side Running Lights (24) to the Brown Wire on each side of the Trailer. Then, insert Wire Clips along the entire length of the Side Rails of the Trailer to hold down the Wiring Harness.

34. Run the Yellow/Brown Wires to the Left Tail Light (28L). Strip the ends of the Wires about 3/4". Connect the Yellow Wire to the Red Wire of the Left Tail Light. Then, connect the Brown Wire to the two Black Wires of the Left Tail Light.

35. Run the Green/Brown Wires to the Right Tail Light (28R). Strip the ends of the Wires about 3/4". Connect the Green Wire to the Red Wire of the Right Tail Light. Then, connect the Brown Wire to the two Black Wires of the Right Tail Light.

NOTE: Only a qualified technician should perform the electrical service that may be needed to enable your particular make/model vehicle to power the Trailer's 12 volt DC lighting system. This is beyond the scope of this manual.

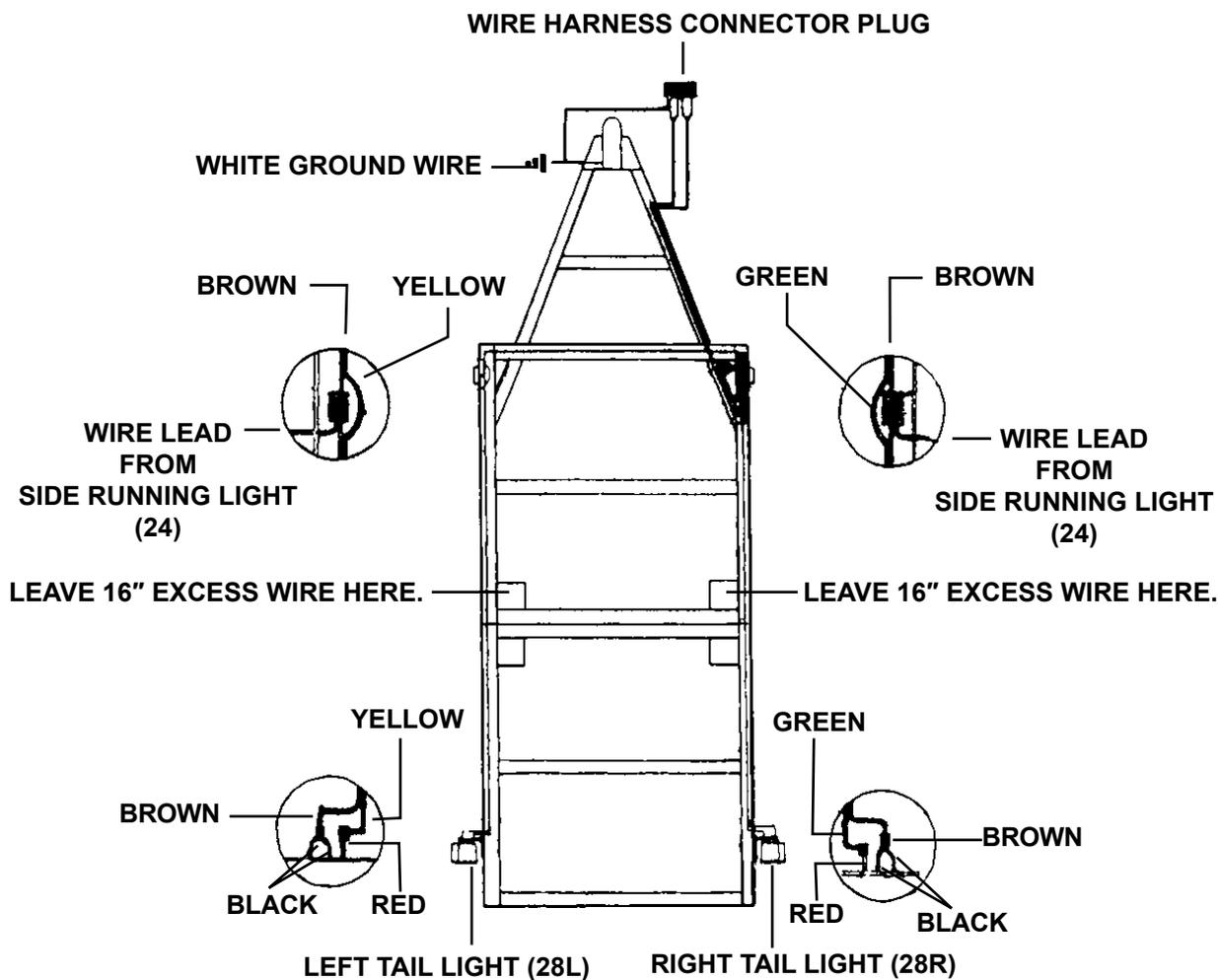


Figure J: Trailer Wiring

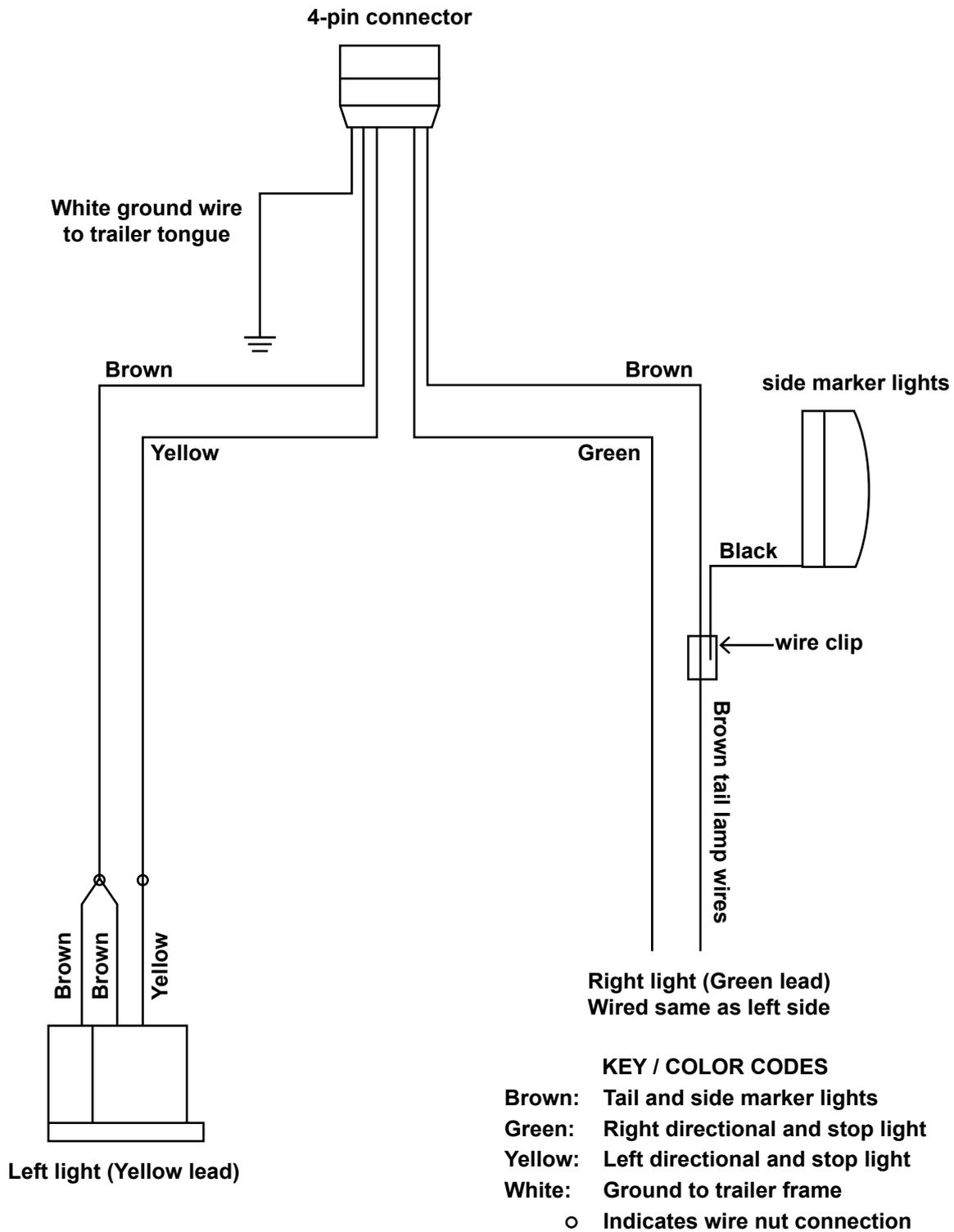


Figure K: Wiring Diagram

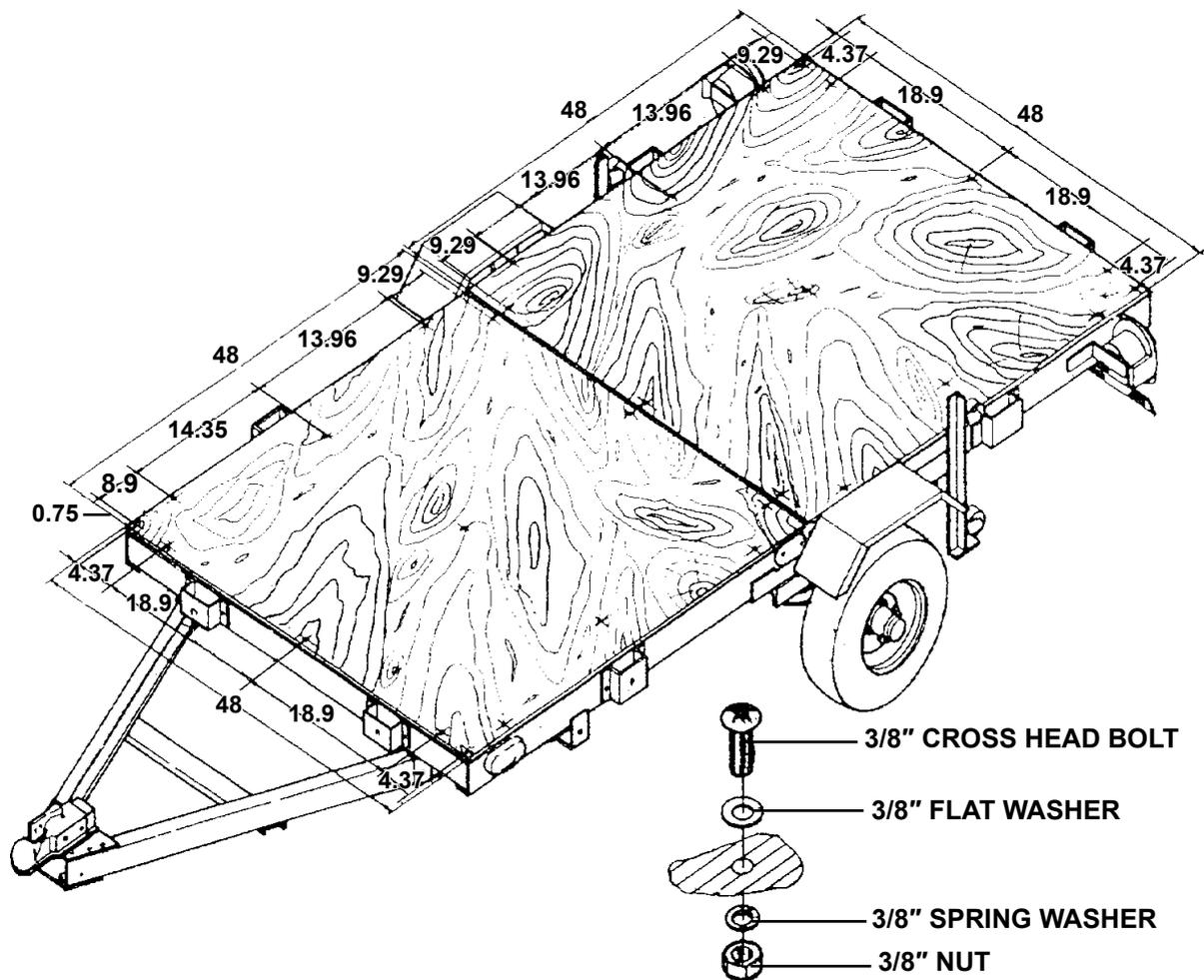
Note: Some trailer tail lights will have two leads instead of three. They connect to the harness leads the same way; brown to brown, color to color.

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Optional Bed Installation (not included)

Minimum Required Parts:

- a. **Qty. 2:** 3/4" x 48" x 48" Plywood (not included).
 - b. **Qty. 24-30:** 3/8" Cross Head Bolts (not included).
 - c. **Qty. 24-30:** 3/8" Flat Washers (not included).
 - d. **Qty. 24-30:** 3/8" Spring Washers (not included).
 - e. **Qty. 24-30:** 3/8" Nuts (not included).
1. Drill 3/8" mounting holes as shown in Figure L.
 2. Use 3/8" Cross Head Bolts, 3/8" Flat Washers, 3/8" Spring Washers, and 3/8" Nuts to secure the Plywood bed to the Trailer frame.



Optional Rail Installation (not included)

Minimum Required Parts:

- a. **Qty. 8:** 1.6" x 3.5" x 27" wood strips (not included).
- b. **Qty. 6:** 0.75" x 3.5" x 48" wood strips (not included).
- c. **Qty. 6:** 0.75" x 3.5" x 94.5" wood strips (not included).
- d. **Qty. 4:** 0.175" x 2" x 2" x 3.5" Steel Angle (not included).
- e. **Qty. 16:** 3/8" x 1-3/4" Bolt (not included).
- f. **Qty. 8:** 3/8" x 2-3/8" Bolt (not included).
- g. **Qty. 48:** 3/8" x 2-3/8" Bolt (not included).
- h. **Qty. 72:** 3/8" Spring Washer (not included).
- i. **Qty. 112:** 3/8" Flat Washer (not included).
- j. **Qty. 72:** 3/8" Nut (not included).

1. Cut the Stakes, Front End Rails, Back End Rails, and Side rails to the sizes indicated in Figure M and drill 3/8" diameter mounting holes where shown.

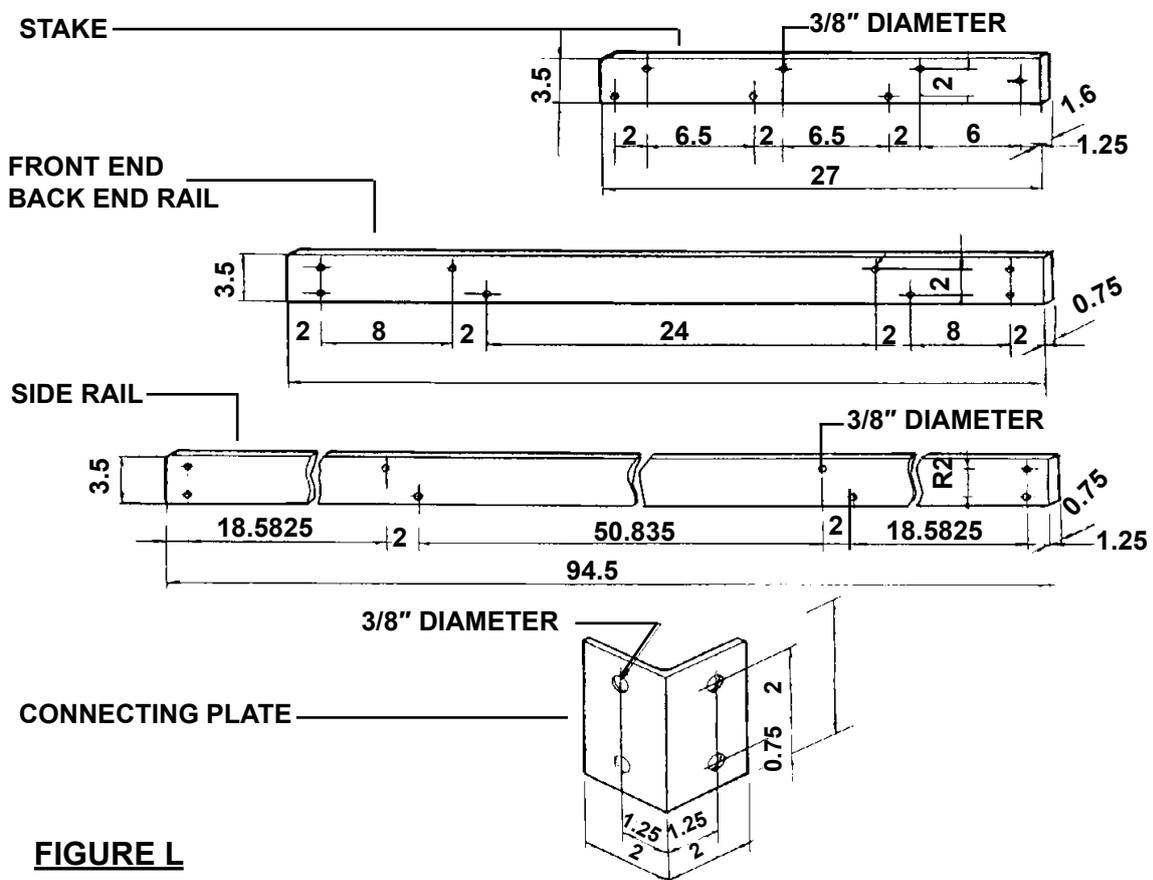


FIGURE L

Figure M: Stake Dimensions and Hole Locations



- To determine where to drill 3/8" holes in the Stakes, place the eight Stakes in the eight Stake Clamps (25) of the Trailer and mark with a pencil. (See Figure N.)
- Attach the Side Rails and Front End/Back End Rails to the Stakes, using 3/8" x 3-3/8" Cross Head Bolts, 3/8" Flat Washers, and 3/8" Nuts.
- Secure the stakes to the Stake Clamps (25) of the Trailer, using 3/8" x 2-3/8" Bolts, 3/8" Spring Washers, and 3/8" Nuts.
- Attach the Connecting Plates to the Side Rails and Front End/Back End Rails, using 3/8" x 1-3/4" Cross Head Bolts and 3/8" Nuts.

NOTE: For quick folding purposes, you may not want to bolt down the Stakes permanently to the Stake Clamps (25) of the Trailer.

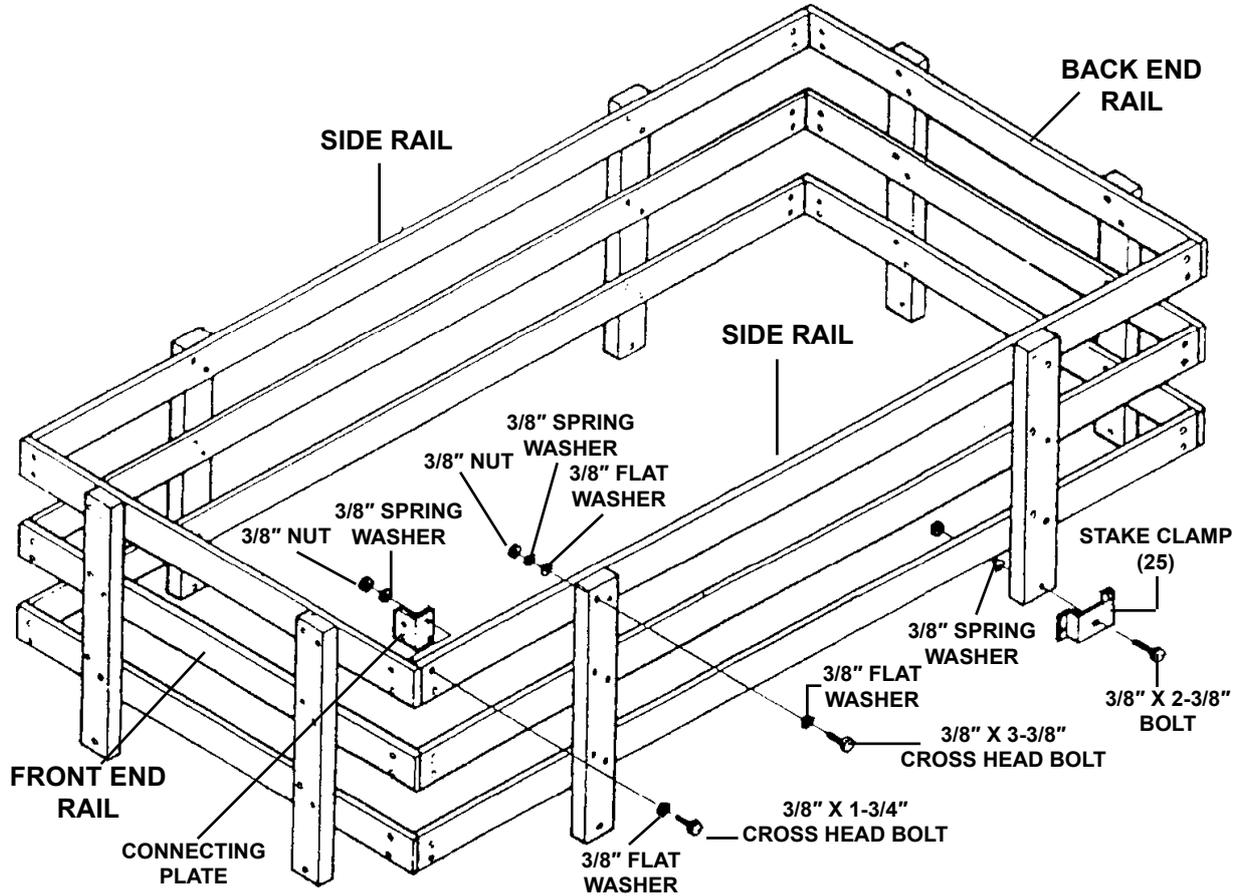
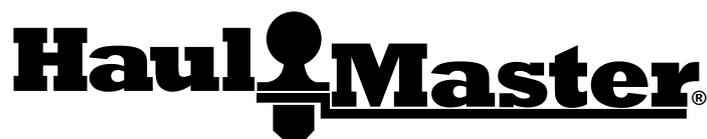


Figure N: Stake Assembly



Specifications

Maximum Capacity Payload	1,195 lb.
Bed Dimensions	4 Ft. x 8 Ft.
Hitch Ball Size	1-7/8"
Wheel Rim Diameter/Width	12" x 4"
Quantity Wheel Lug Nuts	4 Per Wheel
Tire Size	4.80 - 12
Required Tire Air Pressure	60 PSI, Cold
Overall Dimensions	110" L x 61-1/2" W x 19-1/4" H
Ship Weight / Net Weight	262 lb. / 252 lb.

Operating Instructions



Read the **ENTIRE IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION** section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this Trailer.

Before each use

1. Check Tire (19) condition and air pressure.
2. Make sure wheel lug nuts/bolts are properly tightened.
3. Make sure hitch, coupler, draw bar, and other equipment that connect the trailer and the tow vehicle are properly secured and adjusted.
4. Make sure wiring is properly connected — not touching the road, but loose enough to make turns without disconnecting or damaging the wires.
5. Make sure all running lights, brake lights, turn signals, and hazard lights are working.
6. Check that all items are securely fastened on and in the trailer.
7. Be sure the trailer jack, tongue support, and any attached stabilizers are raised and locked in place.
8. Check load distribution to make sure the tow vehicle and trailer are properly balanced front to back and side to side.
9. Check side- and rear-view mirrors to make sure you have good visibility.
10. Check routes and restrictions on bridges and tunnels.
11. Make sure you have wheel chocks and jack stands.
12. Check trailer for loose bolts and nuts, structural cracks and bends, and any other condition that may affect its safe operation. Do not use the Trailer even if minor damage appears.



Connection

WARNING! Only use a 1-7/8" ball hitch (not included) on the towing vehicle.

1. To reduce friction between the hitch ball and Hitch Coupler (7), apply a thin layer of heavy weight grease over the hitch ball.
2. Remove the R-pin (S) and Lock Pin (29).

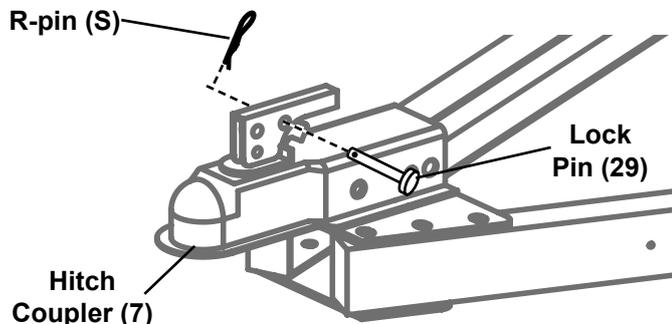


Figure O: Remove R-pin and Lock Pin

3. Then, pull up on the Trigger and lift up on the Handle.
4. With assistance, place the Coupler (7) over the vehicle's hitch ball and pull back on the Trigger and push down on the Handle until the Trigger locks in the slot.

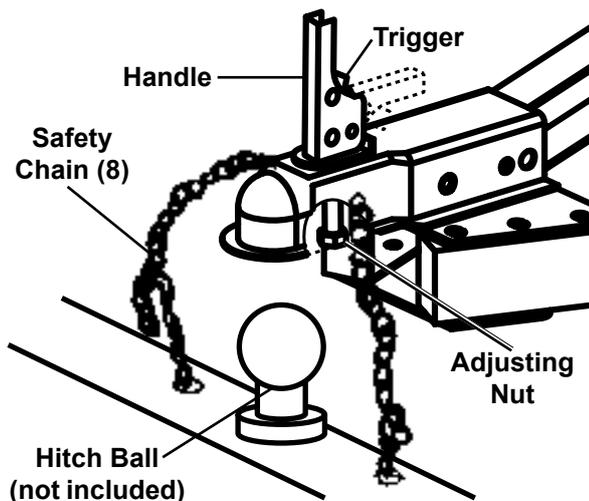


Figure P: Ball Connection

5. Pull up and down on the Coupler to make sure the hitch ball is fitting snugly in the Coupler. There must be no play between the hitch ball and Coupler. **WARNING!** If there is play, tighten the Adjusting Nut until no play is present: After unlocking the Handle, the Nut retaining plate (holding the Adjusting Nut in place) needs to be pressed back while the Nut is tightened. After Nut is tightened, **the retaining plate needs to fit in place against the flats of the Nut to prevent it from moving.** This adjustment should be done by 2 people. If the Adjusting Nut is too tight, the Handle will not lock.
6. After the Adjusting Nut is properly adjusted, pull back on the Trigger and push down on the Handle until the Trigger locks in the slot. **Pull up on Handle firmly** to make sure the Trigger is locked in place and the Handle cannot move. **Replace the Lock Pin and "R" Pin.**
5. Attach each side of the Safety Chain (8) equally to the towing vehicle's rear bumper or frame.
6. Connect the Tail Light Wiring Assembly to the towing vehicle's 12 Volt DC system.

NOTE: Consult the operator's manual of the towing vehicle for proper connection instructions.

7. When towing the Trailer over long distances stop and check the tightness of all connections, Side Running Lights (24), and Tail Lights (28L, 28R) *at least* every 100 miles.
8. Carry emergency flares and fire extinguisher, if required for operation in your state. Carry extra bulbs and fuses if towing the Trailer at night over long distances.

HaulMaster®

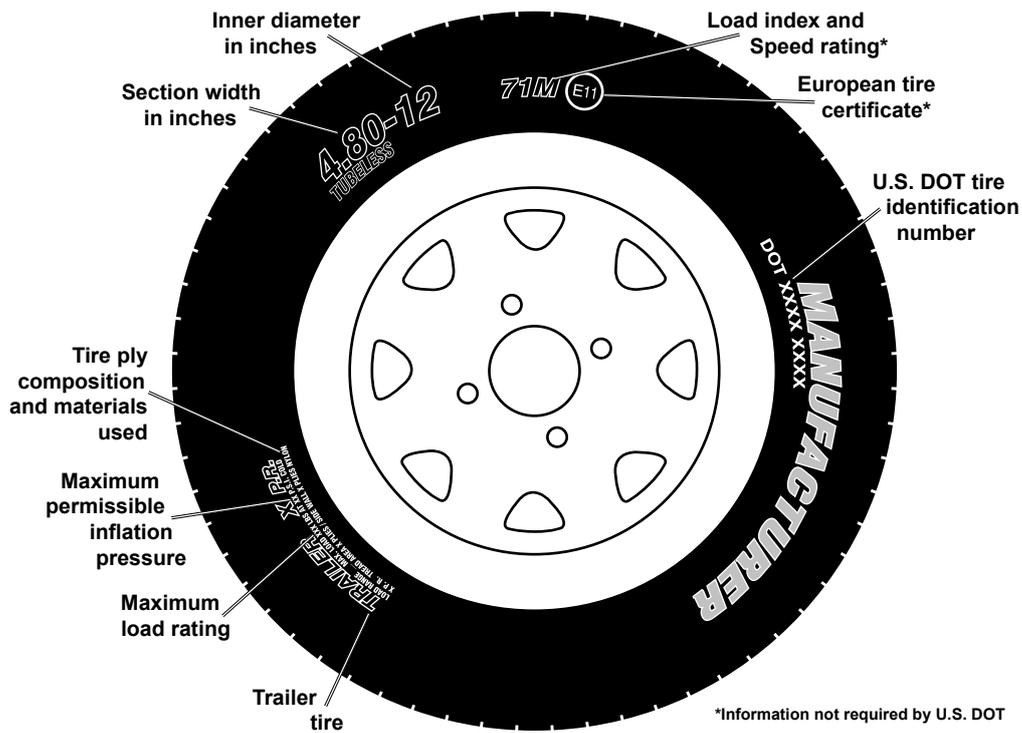
Tire information

Tire Terminology Glossary

- **Accessory weight means**- the combined weight of automatic transmission, power steering, power brakes, power windows, power seats, radio, and heater, to the extent that these items are available as factory-installed equipment.
- **Carcass means**- the tire structure except for the tread which provides the major portion of the tire's capability to deflect in response to the vertical loads and tractive forces that the tire transmits from the roadway to the non-pneumatic rim, the wheel center member, or the vehicle and which attaches to the vehicle or attaches, either integrally or separably, to the wheel center member or non-pneumatic rim.
- **Carcass separation means**- the pulling away of the carcass from the non-pneumatic rim or wheel center member.
- **Chunking means**- the breaking away of pieces of the carcass or tread.
- **Cracking means**- any parting within the carcass, tread, or any components that connect the tire to the wheel center member.
- **Curb weight means**- the weight of a motor vehicle with standard equipment including the maximum capacity of fuel, oil, and coolant, and, if so equipped, air conditioning and additional weight optional engine.
- **Load rating means**- the maximum load a tire is rated to carry.
- **Maximum loaded vehicle weight means**- the sum of:
 - a. Curb weight;
 - b. Accessory weight;
 - c. Vehicle capacity weight; and
 - d. Production options weight.
- **Maximum tire width means**- the greater of either the linear distance between the exterior edges of the carcass or the linear distance between the exterior edges of the tread, both being measured parallel to the rolling axis of the tire.
- **Normal occupant weight means**- 68 kilograms times the number of occupants.
- **Occupant distribution means**- distribution of occupants in a vehicle.
- **Production options weight means**- the combined weight of those installed regular production options weighing over 2.3 kilograms in excess of those standard items which they replace, not previously considered in curb weight or accessory weight, including heavy duty brakes, ride levelers, roof rack, heavy duty battery, and special trim.
- **Tread means**- that portion of the tire that comes in contact with the road.
- **Tread separation means**- pulling away of the tread from the carcass.
- **Vehicle capacity weight means**- the rated cargo and luggage load plus 68 kilograms times the vehicle's designated seating capacity.
- **Vehicle maximum load on the tire means**- that load on an individual tire that is determined by distributing to each axle its share of the maximum loaded vehicle weight and dividing by two.
- **Vehicle normal load on the tire means**- that load on an individual tire that is determined by distributing to each axle its share of the curb weight, accessory weight, and normal occupant weight and dividing by 2.



Tire Markings



- **Section width**- This number gives the width of the tire in inches. The larger the number, the wider the tire. (The markings on the example tire diagram show 4.80. The markings on your tire may differ.)
- **Inner diameter**- This number gives the inner diameter of the tire in inches. This is also the rim diameter in inches. (The markings on the example tire diagram show 12. The markings on your tire may differ.)
- **U.S. DOT tire identification number**- This begins with the letters “DOT” and indicates that the tire meets all federal standards. The next two numbers or letters are the plant code where it was manufactured, and the last four numbers represent the week and year that the tire

was built. For example, the numbers 2107 mean the 21st week of 2007. Any other numbers used are marketing codes used at the manufacturer’s discretion. This information is used to contact consumers if a tire defect requires a recall.

- **Maximum Load Rating**- This number indicates the maximum load in kilograms and pounds that can be carried by the tire.
- **Load index**- This is a measurement of how much weight each tire can support. See chart below. (The markings on the example tire diagram show 71. The markings on your tire may differ.)
Note: You may not find this information on all tires because it is not required by law.

Code	Pounds								
71	761	79	963	87	1,201	95	1,521	103	1,929
72	783	80	992	88	1,235	96	1,565	104	1,984
73	805	81	1,019	89	1,279	97	1,609	105	2,039
74	827	82	1,047	90	1,323	98	1,653	106	2,094
75	853	83	1,074	91	1,356	99	1,709	107	2,149
76	882	84	1,102	92	1,389	100	1,764	108	2,205
77	908	85	1,135	93	1,433	101	1,819	109	2,271
78	937	86	1,168	94	1,477	102	1,874	110	2,337

Table A: Load Index Rating Codes

- **Speed Rating-** The speed rating denotes the speed at which a tire is designed to be driven for extended periods of time. *This does not indicate that the vehicle or rims can safely reach or maintain that speed.* These ratings are listed below. (The markings on the example tire diagram show M. The markings on your tire may differ.)

Note: You may not find this information on all tires because it is not required by law.

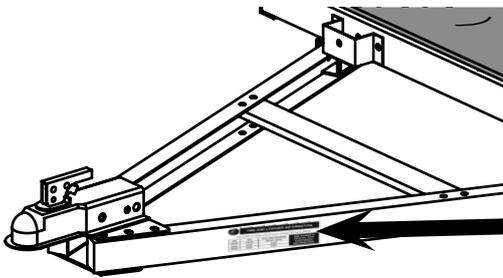
Code	MPH	Code	MPH	Code	MPH
F	50	N	87	U	124
G	56	P	94	H	130
J	62	Q	100	V	149
K	68	R	106	Z	149
L	75	S	112	W	168
M	81	T	118	Y	186

Table B: Tire Speed Rating Codes

- **Tire Ply Composition and Materials Used-** The number of plies indicates the number of layers of rubber-coated fabric in the tire. In general, the greater the number of plies, the more weight a tire can support. Tire manufacturers also must indicate the materials in the tire, which include steel, nylon, polyester, and others.
- **Maximum Permissible Inflation Pressure-** This number is the greatest amount of air pressure that should ever be put in the tire under normal driving conditions.

Tire Inflation and Load Limit

Tire and Loading Information Placard





TIRE AND LOADING INFORMATION

The weight of cargo should never exceed 541 kg or 1195 lb.

TIRE	SIZE	COLD TIRE PRESSURE	SEE OWNER'S MANUAL FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION.
FRONT	4.80/4.00-12	410 kPa, 60 PSI	
REAR	NONE	NONE	
SPARE	NONE	NONE	

MODEL 62648

Figure Q: Tire and Loading Information Placard Location

The Tire and Loading Information Placard displays the cold tire inflation pressure and the load limit for this vehicle. See the Tire Care section starting on the following page for an explanation of tire pressure and see the Vehicle Load Limit following that for an explanation of load limit.



Tire care

Checking Tire Pressure

Note: Underinflated tires can decrease handling, stopping performance, traction, tire life, and load-carrying capability, in addition to causing other negative and hazardous effects, including tire failure. Overinflated tires are at greater risk of an impact break, where the tread and casing break when striking a hard edge, often opening a huge gash across the tread. Incorrect inflation pressure also increases tires wear rate. Therefore, it is important to keep tires inflated properly.

Check all tires' pressure at least monthly, due to the following factors:

- Most tires naturally lose air gradually.
- Tires can suddenly lose air if the tire strikes a pothole, curb, or other object.
- It is usually not possible to determine underinflation of radial tires by visual inspection.

This vehicle has 60 PSI recommended cold tire inflation pressure. The term "cold" in this manual does not refer to the temperature outside, but it refers to the fact that a tire that has not been driven for a period is cooler (and therefore has lower pressure) than a tire that has been driven on. Tires heat up while being driven on. To check (or fill to) a tire's cold inflation, the tire must have not been driven for more than a mile or two for at least three hours. If you check a tires pressure when it is not "cold", the pressure will appear higher than the actual cold tire inflation.

Steps for Maintaining Proper Tire Pressure

1. Locate the recommended tire pressure on the vehicle's tire information placard, certification label, or in the owner's manual. This Trailer has 60 PSI recommended cold tire inflation pressure.
2. Measure and record the tire pressure of all tires.
3. If the tire pressure is too high in any of the tires and the tires have not been driven for at least three hours, slowly release air by gently pressing on the tire valve stem with the edge of your tire gauge until you get to the correct pressure. If the vehicle has been driven within the past three hours and the tire pressure is too high on any tires, then recheck the pressure once the tires have been allowed to sit motionless for at least three hours.
4. If the tire pressure is too low, note the difference between the measured tire pressure and the correct tire pressure. These "missing" pounds of pressure are what you will need to add.
5. At a service station, add the missing pounds of air pressure to each tire that is underinflated.
6. Check all the tires to make sure they have the same air pressure.
7. If the tires' pressure was not measured "cold", then the pressure should be rechecked with the tires cold as soon as possible.

Tire Size

To maintain safety, only purchase new tires of the same size as the original tires. Look at the Tire and Loading Information Placard, the Specifications Chart in this manual, or the sidewall of the tire being replaced. If you have any doubt about selecting the correct size, consult a tire dealer.

Tire Tread

The tire tread provides traction that prevents your vehicle from slipping, especially if the road is wet or icy. Tires are unsafe and should be replaced when the tread is worn down to 1/16". Measure tread depth using a tread depth indicator (not included).

Tire Rotation

Every 5,000 miles the left and right tires should be switched. This will cause the tires to wear more evenly and last longer.

Tire Balance and Alignment

The tires need to be balanced to prevent vibration when driving. This involves attaching small weights to the rim to offset small differences in rim and tire weight. The tires also need to be aligned properly. Alignment is the orientation of the tires to the road surface and their being parallel. This helps the tires to wear evenly, and provide better traction. Both tire balance and alignment require specialized equipment that is not provided with this vehicle.

Tire Repair

To properly repair a punctured tire, the hole needs to be properly plugged and patched from the inside of the tire. Tread punctures can be repaired if they are not too large. Sidewall punctures should not be repaired, the tire needs to be replaced if the sidewall is damaged. Tires should be removed from the rim to be inspected before being plugged and patched. A qualified mechanic should remove the tire from the rim, perform the repair, and remount the tire.

Vehicle Load Limit

Steps for Determining Correct Load Limit

1. Locate the statement "The weight of cargo should never exceed XXX kilograms or XXX pounds" on your vehicle's placard.
2. That figure equals the available amount of cargo and luggage load capacity.
3. Determine the combined weight of luggage and cargo being loaded on the vehicle. That weight may not safely exceed the available cargo and luggage load capacity.
4. If the Trailer's load exceeds the cargo and luggage load capacity, then the Trailer will be unsafe resulting in hazardous effects, such as: Trailer's tires will not be able to maintain traction properly, and stopping distance will be increased significantly.

Operation Safety

Note: Selected recommendations in this section are adapted from *TOWING A TRAILER - Being Equipped for Safety*, published by NHTSA. For full details, see that document.

1. This Trailer is not a toy.
Do not allow children to play on or near this item.
2. Take time to practice before driving on main roads.
3. Never allow anyone to ride in or on the trailer.
4. Do not transport animals in this trailer.

General Handling

1. Use the driving gear that the towing vehicle manufacturer recommends for towing.
2. Drive at moderate speeds. This will place less strain on your tow vehicle and trailer. Trailer instability (sway) is more likely to occur as speed increases. **Do not exceed 45 miles per hour when towing the Trailer.**
3. Avoid sudden stops and starts that can cause skidding, sliding, or jackknifing.
4. Avoid sudden steering maneuvers that might create sway or undue side force on the trailer.
5. Slow down when traveling over bumpy roads, railroad crossings, and ditches.
6. Make wider turns at curves and corners. Because your trailer's wheels are closer to the inside of a turn than the wheels of your tow vehicle, they are more likely to hit or ride up over curbs.
7. To control swaying caused by air pressure changes and wind buffeting when larger vehicles pass from either direction, release the accelerator pedal to slow down and keep a firm grip on the steering wheel.

Braking

1. Allow considerably more distance for stopping.
2. If you have an electric trailer brake controller and excessive sway occurs, activate the trailer brake controller by hand. Do not attempt to control trailer sway by applying the tow vehicle brakes; this will generally make the sway worse.
3. Always anticipate the need to slow down. To reduce speed, shift to a lower gear and press the brakes lightly.

Acceleration and Passing

1. When passing a slower vehicle or changing lanes, signal well in advance and make sure you allow extra distance to clear the vehicle before you pull back into the lane.
2. Pass on level terrain with plenty of clearance. Avoid passing on steep upgrades or downgrades.
3. If necessary, downshift for improved acceleration or speed maintenance.
4. When passing on narrow roads, be careful not to go onto a soft shoulder. This could cause your trailer to jackknife or go out of control.

Downgrades and Upgrades

1. Downshift to assist with braking on downgrades and to add power for climbing hills.
2. On long downgrades, apply brakes at intervals to keep speed in check. Never leave brakes on for extended periods of time or they may overheat.
3. Some tow vehicles have specifically calibrated transmission tow-modes. Be sure to use the tow-mode recommended by the manufacturer.

Backing Up

1. Put your hand at the bottom of the steering wheel. To turn left, move your hand left. To turn right, move your hand right.
2. Back up slowly.
3. Because mirrors cannot provide all of the visibility you may need when backing up, have someone outside at the rear of the trailer to guide you whenever possible.
4. Use slight movements of the steering wheel to adjust direction. Exaggerated movements will cause greater movement of the trailer.
5. If you have difficulty, pull forward and realign the tow vehicle and trailer and start again.

Parking

1. Try to avoid parking on grades.
2. If possible, have someone outside to guide you as you park.
3. **Once stopped, but before shifting into Park:**
 - a. Have someone place blocks on the downhill side of the trailer wheels.
 - b. Apply the parking brake.
 - c. Shift into Park.
(first or reverse gear for manual transmissions)
 - d. Then remove your foot from the brake pedal.
4. **Before uncoupling a trailer:**
 - a. Place blocks at the front and rear of the trailer tires to ensure that the trailer does not roll away when the coupling is released.
 - b. An unbalanced load may cause the tongue to suddenly rotate upward; therefore, before uncoupling, place jack stands under the rear of the trailer to prevent injury.

Following this parking sequence is important to make sure your vehicle does not become locked in Park because of extra load on the transmission.

TRAILER LICENSING NOTICE

Some states may consider this Trailer a vehicle requiring registration, licensing, and titling. Check with your State Department of Motor Vehicles for information and guidance on registering, licensing, and titling the Trailer.

Maintenance



Procedures not specifically explained in this manual must be performed only by a qualified technician.

WARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM TOOL FAILURE:

Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise or vibration occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

Note: Tow vehicles often have more frequent maintenance requirements, including changes of engine and transmission oils and filters, lubrication of components, and cooling system checks. Check your owner's manual for information on scheduled maintenance of your tow vehicle.

BEFORE EACH USE: Inspect the trailer and tow vehicle according to the instructions on page 16.

Tires

1. Periodic inspection and maintenance of tires and wheels are essential to towing safety, including spare tires. Proper tire pressure affects vehicle handling and the safety of your tires. You can find the correct tire pressure for your tow vehicle on the tire information placard.
2. Underinflation reduces the load-carrying capacity of your tow vehicle or trailer, may cause sway and control problems, and may result in overheating, causing blowouts or other tire failure.
3. Overinflation causes premature tire wear and affects the handling characteristics of the tow vehicle or trailer.

Wheel Bearings

1. **EVERY 2,000 TO 3,000 MILES OF USE**, lubricate the Hub Assemblies with a heavy weight bearing grease, follow **Bearing Packing Instructions** on page 9.
2. After each Hub Assembly is reassembled, tighten the Castle Nut until the wheel starts spinning with slight resistance. Loosen the Castle Nut about 1/6 turn from this point.
3. Insert a new Cotter Pin through the Castle Nut and the hole in the axle.
4. Bend the Cotter Pin back, locking it and the Nut in place.

Hitch

Check the nuts, bolts, and other fasteners to ensure that the hitch remains secured to the tow vehicle and the coupler remains secured to the trailer. The connection point may require periodic lubrication to permit free movement of the coupler to the hitch ball.

Wiring

1. Make sure connector-plug prongs and receptacles, light bulb sockets, wire splices, and ground connections are clean and shielded from moisture. Lightly coat all electrical terminal connections with nonconducting (dielectric), light waterproof grease.
2. Clean the prongs with very fine sandpaper, being careful not to damage the contact area.
3. Turn lights off, then clean the surface deposits in the connector holes. Try to clean off only the deposits and lubricate lightly with dielectric, light waterproof grease.

Folding the Trailer

▲WARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM LOSS OF CONTROL:

Position Trailer on flat, level, hard surface and chock both Tires (19) before folding/unfolding.

1. Unscrew and remove the two 3/8" x 1" Carriage Bolts (D) from the Rear Left Side Rail (1RL) and Rear Right Side Rail (1RR).
2. With the assistance of one or two helpers, fold the rear section of the Trailer over the front section of the Trailer. **(See Figure R.)**

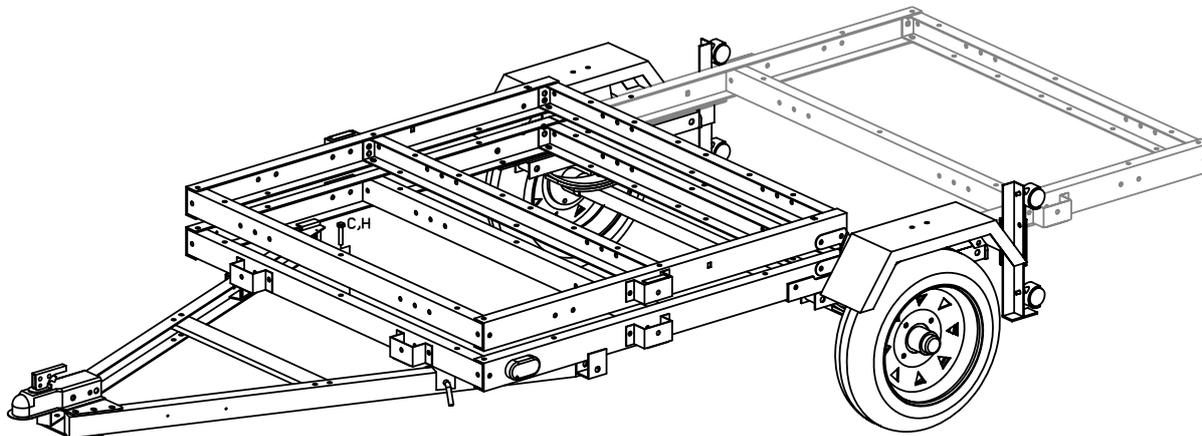


Figure R: Folding Bed

3. **Secure the rear section and front section together with 4 elastic cords (not included) or rope. Distribute the elastic cords around all sides of the rear and front section to hold them together while the Trailer is folded up.**
4. With the assistance of one or two helpers, remove wheel chocks and carefully tilt the Trailer onto its Casters (13). When tilting the Trailer, always apply pressure on the middle section (where the rear and front section are secured together). Trying to maneuver the Trailer vertically by handling the front connecting Rails (3L, 3R) can make the Trailer unstable.
7. Then, remove the two "L" Latches (9) and fold the Trailer Tongue down. **(See Figure S.)**
8. Replace the two "L" Latches (9) after folding to avoid losing them.

CAUTION! While tilting and transporting the Trailer, frequently inspect the Casters; if the Casters are damaged or deformed, immediately stop moving the Trailer. Only transport the folded Trailer short distances.

5. When transporting the folded Trailer, seek the help of an assistant to prevent the Trailer from tipping.

NOTICE: To avoid damage to Casters (13), avoid rolling the Trailer on its Casters over long distances. Roll the Casters only over a flat, level and hard surface.

6. Store the Trailer against a wall, securing it to the wall by elastic cords or rope.

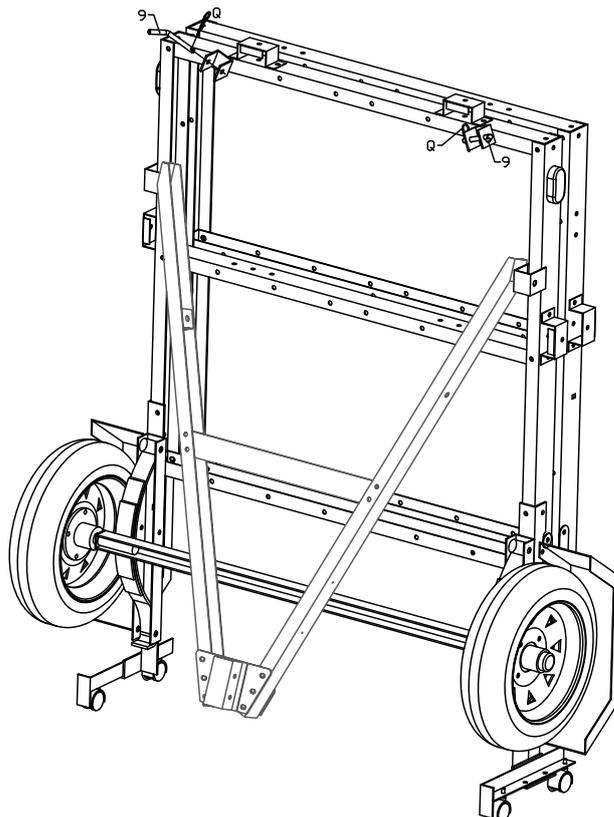


Figure S: Folding Tongue

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO, OR ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER INSTALLATION OF REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

Parts List

Part	Description	Qty.
1FL	Front Left Side Rail	1
1FR	Front Right Side Rail	1
1RL	Rear Left Side Rail	1
1RR	Rear Right Side Rail	1
2A	Cross Member	1
2B	Cross Member	5
3L	Left Connecting Rail	1
3R	Right Connecting Rail	1
4	Spare Tire Bar	1
5	"T" Plate	1
6	Coupler Base	1
7	Hitch Coupler	1
8	Safety Chain	1
9	"L" Latch	2
10	Hinge Plate	2
11L	Left Hinge Plate	1
11R	Right Hinge Plate	1
12L	Spring Hanger	1
12R	Spring Hanger	1
13	Caster	4
14	Spring Plate	2
15	Spring	2
16	Axle	1
17	U-Bolt	4
18	Hub	2
19	Tire Assembly	2
20	Bearing	2
21	Dust Cap	2
22	Fender	2
23	Fender Support	2
24	Side Running Light	2
25	Stake Clamp	8
26	Tail Light Bracket	2
27	License Plate Bracket	1
28L	Left Tail Light	1
28R	Right Tail Light	1
29	Safety Pin	1
30L	Caster Base (Left)	1
30R	Caster Base (Right)	1
31	Grease Fitting	2
32	Seal	2

Part	Description	Qty.
A	Bolt M10 x 20 (3/8" x 3/4")	64
B	Bolt M10 x 30 (3/8" x 1")	14
C	Bolt M10 x 50	1
D	Carriage Bolt M10 x 30	4
E	Bolt M14 x 80 (9/16")	6
G	Nylon Nut M10 (3/8")	92
H	Hex Nut M10	1
I	Hex Nut M14 (9/16")	6
J	Lug Nut M12	8
K	Castle Nut M20	2
L	Spring Washer 10	8
N	Flat Washer 20	2
O	Cotter Pin 4	2
P	Cotter Pin 3 (1/8")	6
Q	3 mm "R" Pin (1/8")	2
R	4 mm Self Tapping Screw	5
S	2 mm "R" Pin	1
U	Nylon Nut M12	4
W	Bolt M10 x 90	2

Reporting Safety Defects

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Changzhou Nanxiashu Tool Company. If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation. And if it finds that a safety defect exist in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Changzhou Nanxiashu Tool Company. To contact NHTSA, you may either call the Auto Safety Hotline toll-free at 424-9393 or 202-366-0123 or write to NHTSA, U. S. Department, 400 7th Street SW NSA-11, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from the Hotline.

Note: Check with your local department of Motor Vehicles for registration procedures. Some DMV's require the Certificate of Origin to be notarized, others do not.

Limited 90 Day Warranty

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

