Owner's Manual & Safety Instructions

Save This Manual Keep this manual for the safety warnings and precautions, assembly, operating, inspection, maintenance and cleaning procedures. Write the product's serial number in the back of the manual near the assembly diagram (or month and year of purchase if product has no number). Keep this manual and the receipt in a safe and dry place for future reference.

21h



110 LB PRESSURIZED ABRASIVE BLASTER



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69724

When unpacking, make sure that the product is intact and undamaged. If any parts are missing or broken, please call 1-888-866-5797 as soon as possible.

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Diagrams within this manual may not be drawn proportionally. Due to continuing improvements, actual product may differ slightly from the product described herein.

Tools required for assembly and service may not be included.

AWARNING

Read this material before using this product. Failure to do so can result in serious injury. SAVE THIS MANUAL.

Table of Contents

| Safety 2 | Maintenance12 |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Specifications6 | Parts List and Diagram14 |
| Setup 6 | Warranty 16 |
| Operation | |



| WARNING SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|
| A | This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazard. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death. | |
| ▲ DANGER | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. | |
| AWARNING | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. | |
| ACAUTION | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. | |
| NOTICE CAUTION | Addresses practices not related to personal injury. | |

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

INSTRUCTIONS PERTAINING TO A RISK OF FIRE, ELECTRIC SHOCK, OR INJURY TO PERSONS

WARNING - When using tools, basic precautions should always be followed, including the following:

General

To reduce the risks of electric shock, fire, and injury to persons, read all the instructions before using the tool.

Work Area

- Keep the work area clean and well lighted.
 Cluttered benches and dark areas increase the risks of electric shock, fire, and injury to persons.
- Do not operate the tool in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases, or dust. The tool is able to create sparks resulting in the ignition of the dust or fumes.
- Keep bystanders, children, and visitors away while operating the tool. Distractions are able to result in the loss of control of the tool.

Personal Safety

- Stay alert. Watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating the tool. Do not use the tool while tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol, or medication. A moment of inattention while operating the tool increases the risk of injury to persons.
- Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Contain long hair. Keep hair, clothing, and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry, or long hair increases the risk of injury to persons as a result of being caught in moving parts.
- Avoid unintentional starting. Be sure the switch is off before connecting to the air supply.
 Do not carry the tool with your finger on the switch or connect the tool to the air supply with the switch on.
- Do not overreach.
 Keep proper footing and balance at all times.
 Proper footing and balance enables better control of the tool in unexpected situations.



Use safety equipment.

A dust mask, non-skid safety shoes and a hard hat must be used for the applicable conditions.



Always wear eye protection.Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles.

- 7. Always wear hearing protection when using the tool.
 Prolonged exposure to high intensity noise is able to cause hearing loss.
- 8. Wear heavy-duty work gloves during use.

Tool Use and Care

- Use clamps or another practical way to secure and support the Workpiece to a stable platform. Holding the work by hand or against the body is unstable and is able to lead to loss of control.
- Do not force the tool. Use the correct tool for the application. The correct tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which the tool is designed.
- Do not use the tool if the switch does not turn the tool on or off. Any tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.
- 4. Disconnect the tool from the air source before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing the tool. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool unintentionally. Turn off and detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure, and release the throttle and/or turn the switch to its off position before leaving the work area.

- Store the tool when it is idle out of reach of children and other untrained persons.
 A tool is dangerous in the hands of untrained users.
- 6. **Maintain the tool with care.** Keep a cutting tool sharp and clean. A properly maintained tool, with sharp cutting edges reduces the risk of binding and is easier to control.
- 7. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts, and any other condition that affects the tool's operation. If damaged, have the tool serviced before using. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained tools. There is a risk of bursting if the tool is damaged.
- 8. Use only accessories that are identified by the manufacturer for the specific tool model. Use of an accessory not intended for use with the specific tool model, increases the risk of injury to persons.

Service

- 1. Tool service must be performed only by qualified repair personnel.
- When servicing a tool, use only identical replacement parts. Use only authorized parts.
- 3. Use only the lubricants supplied with the tool or specified by the manufacturer.



Never connect to an air source that is capable of exceeding 200 psi. Over pressurizing the tool may cause bursting, abnormal operation, breakage of the tool or

serious injury to persons. Use only clean, dry, regulated compressed air at the rated pressure or within the rated pressure range as marked on the tool. Always verify prior to using the tool that the air source has been adjusted to the rated air pressure or within the rated air-pressure range.

2. Never use oxygen, carbon dioxide, combustible gases or any bottled gas as an air source for the tool. Such gases are capable of explosion and serious injury to persons.



SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

Symbols and Specific Safety Instructions

Symbol Definitions

| Symbol | Property or statement |
|----------------|---|
| n _o | No-load speed |
| /min | Revolutions or reciprocation per minute |
| PSI | Pounds per square inch of pressure |
| ft-lb | Foot-pounds of torque |
| BPM | Blows per minute |
| CFM | Cubic Feet per Minute flow |
| SCFM | Cubic Feet per Minute flow at standard conditions |

| Symbol | Property or statement | |
|--------|--|--|
| NPT | National pipe thread, tapered | |
| NPS | National pipe thread, straight | |
| • | WARNING marking concerning Risk of Eye Injury. Wear ANSI-approved eye protection. | |
| | WARNING marking concerning Risk of Hearing Loss. Wear hearing protection. | |
| | WARNING marking concerning Risk of Respiratory Injury. Wear NIOSH-approved dust mask/respirator. | |
| | WARNING marking concerning Risk of Explosion. | |

Specific Safety Instructions

- 1. The warnings and precautions discussed in this manual cannot cover all possible conditions and situations that may occur. It must be understood by the operator that common sense and caution are factors which cannot be built into this product, but must be supplied by the operator.
- 2. Only use with accessories rated to handle the forces exerted by this tool during operation. Other accessories not designed for the forces generated may break and forcefully launch pieces.
- 3. Obey the manual for the air compressor used to power this tool.
- 4. Install an in-line shutoff valve to allow immediate control over the air supply in an emergency, even if a hose is ruptured.
- 5. Use this tool with both hands only. Using tools with only one hand can result in loss of control.
- 6. Do not lay the tool down until it has come to a complete stop. Moving parts can grab the surface and pull the tool out of your control.

Silicosis and Aluminum Oxide Warnings

<u>WARNING!</u> Abrasive blasting with sand containing crystalline silica can cause serious or fatal respiratory disease. Exposure to crystalline silica may cause silicosis (a serious lung disease), cancer and death. Exposure to aluminum oxide (a dust generated from material removing processes) can result in eye, skin and breathing irritation. Always use a NIOSH (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health) approved respirator and safety goggles. Avoid skin exposure. Proper ventilation in the work area is required. Read and understand the 10 recommended measures below to reduce crystalline silica exposures in the workplace and prevent silicosis and silicosis related deaths.

NIOSH recommends the following measures to reduce crystalline silica exposures in the workplace and prevent silicosis and silicosis-related deaths:

- Prohibit silica sand (or other substances containing more than 1% crystalline silica) as an abrasive blasting material and substitute less hazardous materials.
- Conduct air monitoring to measure worker exposures.

- Use containment methods such as blast-cleaning machines and cabinets to control the hazard and protect adjacent workers from exposure.
- 4. Practice good personal hygiene to avoid unnecessary exposure to silica dust.
- Wear washable or disposable protective clothes at the work site. Shower and change into clean clothes before leaving the work site to prevent contamination of cars, homes and other work areas.
- 6. Use respiratory protection when source controls cannot keep silica exposures below the NIOSH REL.
- Provide periodic medical examinations for all workers who may be exposed to crystalline silica.
- 8. Post signs to warn workers about the hazard and to inform them about required protective equipment.
- Provide workers with training that includes information about health effects, work practices and protective equipment for crystalline silica.
- Report all cases of silicosis to State health departments and to OSHA or the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA).

Vibration Precautions

This tool vibrates during use. Repeated or long-term exposure to vibration may cause temporary or permanent physical injury, particularly to the hands, arms and shoulders. To reduce the risk of vibration-related injury:

- Anyone using vibrating tools regularly or for an extended period should first be examined by a doctor and then have regular medical check-ups to ensure medical problems are not being caused or worsened from use. Pregnant women or people who have impaired blood circulation to the hand, past hand injuries, nervous system disorders, diabetes, or Raynaud's Disease should not use this tool. If you feel any symptoms related to vibration (such as tingling, numbness, and white or blue fingers), seek medical advice as soon as possible.
- 2. Do not smoke during use. Nicotine reduces the blood supply to the hands and fingers, increasing the risk of vibration-related injury.
- 3. Wear suitable gloves to reduce the vibration effects on the user.
- 4. Use tools with the lowest vibration when there is a choice.
- 5. Include vibration-free periods each day of work.
- Grip tool as lightly as possible (while still keeping safe control of it). Let the tool do the work.
- To reduce vibration, maintain tool as explained in this manual.
 If abnormal vibration occurs, stop immediately.



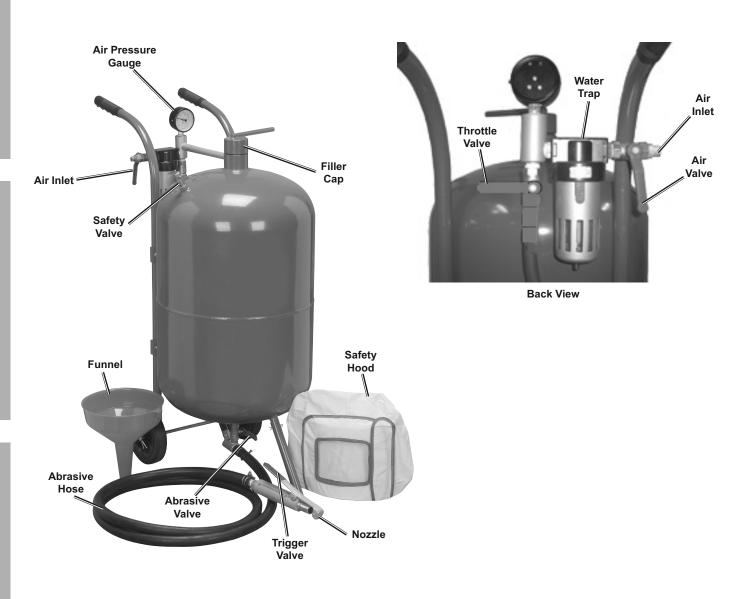
SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS.

Functional Description

Specifications

| Air Pressure | 60-125 PSI |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Air Inlet | 1/4"-18 NPT |
| Required Air Hose | 3/8" |
| Average Air Consumption | 6 CFM @ 60 PSI 25 CFM @ 125 PSI |
| Abrasive Capacity | 110 lb. |

Components and Controls



Initial Tool Set Up/Assembly



Read the <u>ENTIRE</u> IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product.

Note: This air tool may be shipped with a protective plug covering the Air Inlet. Remove this plug before set up.

Assembly Instructions

<u>Note:</u> Wrap 3 to 4 turns of thread seal tape (not included) on all airline connections. Make sure all joints are securely tightened.

Note: For additional information regarding the parts listed in this section, refer to the Parts List and Diagram on page Parts List and Diagram on page 14.

- Locate the Abrasive Hose, Blast Gun, and two Hose Clamps.
- 2. Slide one Hose Clamp onto each end of the Abrasive Hose. Do not tighten.
- 3. Slide one end of the Abrasive Hose onto the Hose Adapter of the Blast Gun. Then firmly tighten the Hose Clamp.

 Slide the other end of the Abrasive Hose onto the Abrasive Outlet Manifold. Then firmly tighten the Hose Clamp.

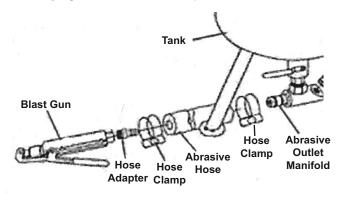


Figure A:

Air Supply

AWARNING



TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM EXPLOSION:
Use only clean, dry, regulated, compressed air to power this tool.
Do not use oxygen, carbon dioxide, combustible gases,
or any other bottled gas as a power source for this tool.

- Incorporate a filter, regulator with pressure gauge, in-line shutoff valve, and quick coupler for best service, as shown on Figure B on page 8 and Figure C on page 9. An in-line shutoff ball valve is an important safety device because it controls the air supply even if the air hose is ruptured. The shutoff valve should be a ball valve because it can be closed quickly.
- Attach an air hose to the compressor's air outlet. Connect the air hose to the Air Inlet of the tool. Other components, such as a coupler plug and quick coupler, will make operation more efficient, but are not required.

AWARNING! TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Do not install a female quick coupler on the tool. Such a coupler contains an air valve that will allow the air tool to retain pressure and operate accidentally after the air supply is disconnected.

<u>Note:</u> Air flow, and therefore tool performance, can be hindered by undersized air supply components. The air hose must be long enough to reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.

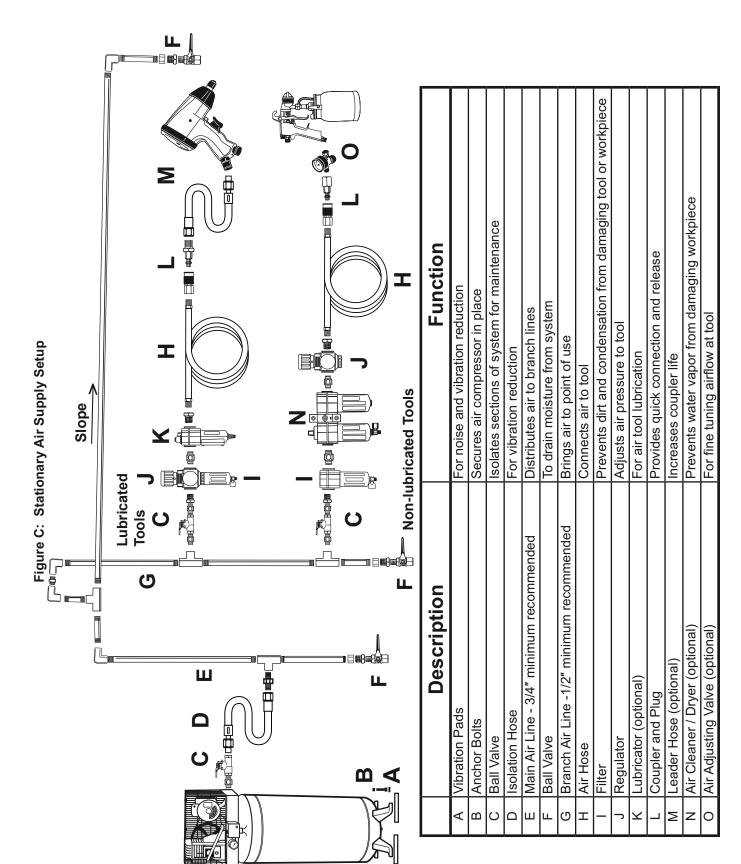
3. Turn the tool's throttle or switch to the off position; refer to Operation section for description of controls.

- 4. Close the in-line shutoff valve between the compressor and the tool.
- Turn on the air compressor according to the manufacturer's directions and allow it to build up pressure until it cycles off.
- 6. Adjust the air compressor's output regulator so that the air output is enough to properly power the tool, but the output will not exceed the tool's maximum air pressure at any time. Adjust the pressure gradually, while checking the air output gauge to set the right pressure range.
- 7. Inspect the air connections for leaks. Repair any leaks found.
- If the tool will not be used at this time, turn off and detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure, and release the throttle and/or turn the switch to its off position to prevent accidental operation.

Note: Residual air pressure should not be present after the tool is disconnected from the air supply. However, it is a good safety measure to attempt to discharge the tool in a safe fashion after disconnecting to ensure that the tool is disconnected and not powered.

Ш Ш Figure B: Portable Air Supply Setup 4 \mathbf{m} \mathbf{m} Non-lubricated Tools Lubricated Tools

| | Description | Function |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| ⋖ | Air Hose | Connects air to tool |
| В | Filter | Prevents dirt and condensation from damaging tool or workpiece |
| ပ | Regulator | Adjusts air pressure to tool |
| Ω | Lubricator (optional) | For air tool lubrication |
| ш | Coupler and Plug | Provides quick connection and release |
| ш | Leader Hose (optional) | Increases coupler life |
| Ŋ | Air Cleaner / Dryer (optional) | Prevents water vapor from damaging workpiece |
| I | Air Adjusting Valve (optional) | For fine tuning airflow at tool |



Operating Instructions



Read the <u>ENTIRE</u> IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION section at the beginning of this manual including all text under subheadings therein before set up or use of this product. Inspect tool before use, looking for damaged, loose, and missing parts. If any problems are found, do not use tool until repaired.

Tool Set Up

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Close all Valves, detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure in the tool, and close all Valves again before performing any procedure in this section.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY:

Do not adjust or tamper with any control or component in a way not specifically explained within this manual. Improper adjustment can result in tool failure or other serious hazards.

Abrasive Selection

The type of abrasive selected effects the time required to blast clean a given surface area. Particularly for large sueadrfaces, test one or more of the following abrasives to determine which is most effective:

- a. Silicon Carbide
- b. Aluminum Oxide
- c. Glass Beads
- d. Walnut Shells

WARNING! TO PREVENT SERIOUS IN ILIPY: Do not use sand or other blasti

INJURY: Do not use sand or other blasting materials that contain crystalline silica.

Note: Check to ensure the abrasives are dry and clean so that they do not clog the unit.

<u>Note:</u> The Nozzle size depends on grit of abrasive used. The larger sizes are best suited to glass beads and walnut shells, while smaller sizes are best suited for fine aluminum oxide. Change the nozzle as needed to suit the abrasive.

Nozzle Selection

Note: Depending on the size of the abrasive, install the proper size Nozzle onto the Blast Gun.

- 1. Unscrew and remove the Nozzle Cap Nut.
- 2. Position the Nozzle Gasket against the Adapter.
- Position the proper Nozzle against the Nozzle Gasket.
- 4. Screw the Nozzle Cap Nut back onto the Adapter to secure the Nozzle Gasket and Nozzle in place.

Nozzle Cap Nut Nozzle O Nozzle Gasket Figure D:

Loading Abrasive

- Wear protective gear including a NIOSH-approved respirator.
- 2. Close the Air Valve, Abrasive Valve, then the Throttle Valve.
- Open the Safety Valve to make sure tank is not pressurized. Check the Pressure Gauge to make sure it reads "0" PSI.
- 4. Remove Filler Cap.
- Insert Funnel into Tank and pour in abrasive (up to 3/4 full). Do not fill more than 3/4 of the Tank.

<u>Note:</u> If humidity in your region is 90% or more, only fill the tank halfway and check the Water Trap more frequently.

- 6. Re-attach Filler Cap securely.
- 7. Turn on the compressor and set the regulator to the pressure recommended for this Blaster (60-125 PSI).

CAUTION! Do not exceed 125 PSI.

Workpiece and Work Area Set Up

- Designate a work area that is clean and well-lit.
 The work area must not allow access by children or pets to prevent distraction and injury.
- 2. If possible, place the Workpiece inside a sandblast cabinet. Otherwise, isolate the Workpiece to make sure no damage can occur to nearby walls, tools, personal property, etc.
- Route the Air Hose along a safe route to reach the work area without creating a tripping hazard or exposing the Air Hose to possible damage. The Air Hose must be long enough to reach the work area with enough extra length to allow free movement while working.
- 4. Secure loose Workpieces using a vise or clamps (not included) to prevent movement while working.
- 5. There must not be hazardous objects (such as utility lines or foreign objects) nearby that will present a hazard while working.

General Operating Instructions

<u>WARNING!</u> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY: Wear ANSI-approved safety goggles and NIOSH-approved respirator under Safety Hood, and heavy-duty canvas gloves, when operating the Abrasive Blaster.

- To protect the compressor and its engine or motor from damage by abrasive or dust from abrasive blasting, keep the compressor upwind of the Blaster or in a separate room.
- 2. Close the Air Valve, Abrasive Valve, and Throttle Valve, then connect and turn on the air supply.
- 3. Open the Air Valve and Throttle Valve. The tank will begin to pressurize.
- Check for any air leaks at the Filler Cap and along all hose fittings.
 - a. If leaks are observed, shut off the air compressor.
 - b. Use the Safety Valve to release any remaining pressure, close the Air and Throttle Valves.
 - c. Repair the leaks, then turn on the air compressor and resume the operation.
- 5. Grip the Blast Gun firmly with both hands and open the Abrasive Valve.
- 6. Point the Nozzle at the Workpiece so that the abrasive will strike the surface of the work at about a 45° angle.
- 7. Squeeze the Trigger Valve to release the abrasive.

<u>Note:</u> The flow rate of the abrasive may be irregular when the unit is first started. Provided the abrasive is dry, the flow rate will stabilize in approximately one minute.

- 8. Adjust the Abrasive Valve to increase or decrease the abrasive flow rate.
- 9. Adjust the Throttle Valve to regulate the total air flow and pressure at the Blast Gun.

<u>NOTICE:</u> Do not attempt to regulate air/abrasive mixture discharge rate with the Trigger Valve. Doing so will ruin it.

To stop in the middle of operation, release the Trigger Valve.

<u>CAUTION!</u> TO PREVENT INJURY FROM TOOL OR ACCESSORY FAILURE:

Do not exceed the tool's maximum air pressure rating.

If the tool still does not have sufficient force at maximum pressure and sufficient airflow, then a larger tool may be required.

 Move the Blast Gun in a circular or right to left motion until you have achieved the desired finish on the Workpiece.

<u>Note:</u> The impact pattern of the blast is affected by the output pressure and the distance from the Workpiece.

11. Periodically check the Water Trap for excessive water build up. If necessary, hold a container beneath the Water Trap and press the button located at the bottom of the Water Trap to drain the water.

After Blasting:

WARNING! TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY:

Keep the Nozzle pointed in a safe direction until the Blaster is completely shut down.

- 12. Disconnect the air supply.
- 13. Close the Air Valve, Abrasive Valve, then the throttle valve.
- 14. Squeeze the Trigger Valve fully. Allow abrasive and any compressed air to leave the Nozzle. Release the Trigger Valve.
- 15. Open the Safety Valve to make sure tank is not pressurized. Check that the Pressure Gauge reads "0" PSI.
- Disconnect the compressor air hose from the Air Inlet.
- 17. If necessary, empty the Tank of remaining abrasive.
- 18. Clean external surfaces with a clean, dry cloth. Then store indoors out of children's reach.

User-Maintenance Instructions



Procedures not specifically explained in this manual must be performed only by a qualified technician.

AWARNING

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM ACCIDENTAL OPERATION:

Close all Valves, detach the air supply, safely discharge any residual air pressure in the tool, and close all Valves again before performing any procedure in this section.

TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY FROM TOOL FAILURE:

Do not use damaged equipment. If abnormal noise, vibration, or leaking air occurs, have the problem corrected before further use.

Cleaning, Maintenance, and Lubrication

<u>Note:</u> These procedures are <u>in addition to</u> the regular checks and maintenance explained as part of the regular operation of the air-operated tool.

- 1. **BEFORE EACH USE**, inspect the general condition of the Blaster. Check for:
 - · loose hardware or housing,
 - · misalignment or binding of moving parts,
 - · cracked or broken parts, and
 - any other condition that may affect its safe operation.

2. Daily - Air Supply Maintenance:

Every day, maintain the air supply according to the component manufacturer's instructions. Drain the moisture filter regularly. Performing routine air supply maintenance will allow the tool to operate more safely and will also reduce wear on the tool.

- 3. When re-using abrasive, sharp edges of abrasive particles eventually become rounded and lose cutting ability. At this point, replace the abrasive.
- 4. The parts of the tool that require frequent wear inspection and occasional replacement are those that carry the air/abrasive mixture. Pay particular attention to the Abrasive Hose, O-Ring, Abrasive Valve, Trigger Valve and the Nozzles, as they will wear out much more quickly than the other pieces.

<u>CAUTION!</u> Air leaks in any of the above mentioned parts need to be repaired before use.

5. Abrasive Hose inspection:

When new, the Abrasive Hose has 1/4" ID. The Abrasive Hose will need to be replaced when its side walls develop leaks or show blisters on the surface.

<u>WARNING!</u> TO PREVENT SERIOUS INJURY: The Abrasive Hose could have residual abrasive or suddenly burst. Point the Nozzle in a safe direction and wear all safety gear when doing this test.

- a. Close the Air Valve, Abrasive Valve, Throttle Valve, then release the Trigger Valve. Then connect and turn on the air supply.
- b. Adjust the air pressure to 60-125 PSI.
- c. Open the Air Valve.
- d. Open the Throttle Valve.
- e. Then, run your fingers along the length of the Abrasive Hose. An enlarged spot (or bubble) indicates a weakened section of the Abrasive Hose. Do not use the Blaster if this problem is present replace the entire Abrasive Hose first.
- To protect the compressor and its engine or motor from damage by abrasive or dust from abrasive blasting, keep the compressor upwind of the Blaster or in a separate room.

7. Daily - Air Supply Maintenance:

Every day, maintain the air supply according to the component manufacturer's instructions. Drain the moisture filter regularly. Performing routine air supply maintenance will allow the tool to operate more safely and will also reduce wear on the tool.

Troubleshooting

- Excess moisture will cause the abrasive to slow or stop flowing through the Abrasive Outlet Manifold.
 To correct, check the abrasive by pouring a 6" cone of abrasive on dry newspaper. After several minutes, remove the abrasive from the newspaper.
 Do not use the abrasive if the newspaper is moist.
- Poor or irregular flow of the abrasive may also be due to low air pressure or a worn Nozzle.
 To correct, increase the air pressure (to no more than 125 PSI) and/or replace the worn Nozzle.

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING CAREFULLY

THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR HAS PROVIDED THE PARTS LIST AND ASSEMBLY DIAGRAM IN THIS MANUAL AS A REFERENCE TOOL ONLY. NEITHER THE MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR MAKES ANY REPRESENTATION OR WARRANTY OF ANY KIND TO THE BUYER THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO MAKE ANY REPAIRS TO THE PRODUCT, OR THAT HE OR SHE IS QUALIFIED TO REPLACE ANY PARTS OF THE PRODUCT. IN FACT, THE MANUFACTURER AND/OR DISTRIBUTOR EXPRESSLY STATES THAT ALL REPAIRS AND PARTS REPLACEMENTS SHOULD BE UNDERTAKEN BY CERTIFIED AND LICENSED TECHNICIANS, AND NOT BY THE BUYER. THE BUYER ASSUMES ALL RISK AND LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF HIS OR HER REPAIRS TO THE ORIGINAL PRODUCT OR REPLACEMENT PARTS THERETO.

Parts List and Diagram

Parts List

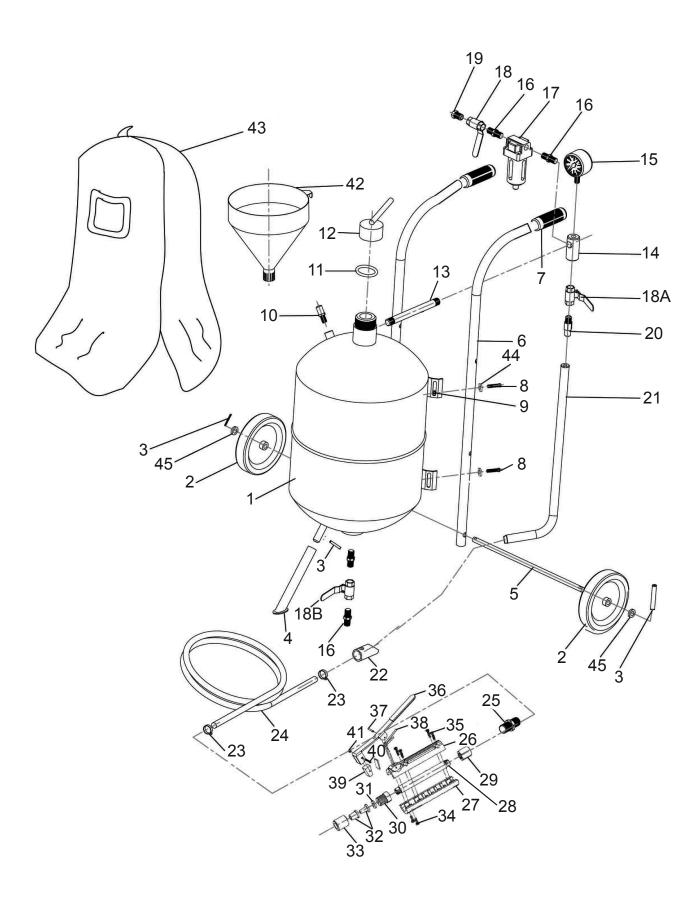
| | T | |
|------|------------------------|-----|
| Part | Description | Qty |
| 1 | Tank | 1 |
| 2 | Wheel | 2 |
| 3 | Cotter Pin | 3 |
| 4 | Foot | 1 |
| 5 | Axle | 1 |
| 6 | Handlebar | 2 |
| 7 | Handle Grip | 2 |
| 8 | Bolt | 4 |
| 9 | Nut | 4 |
| 10 | Safety Valve | 1 |
| 11 | O-Ring | 1 |
| 12 | Filler Cap | 1 |
| 13 | Pipe | 1 |
| 14 | Intake Manifold | 1 |
| 15 | Pressure Gauge | 1 |
| 16 | Nipple Connector | 4 |
| 17 | Water Trap Filter | 1 |
| 18 | Air Supply Valve, 3/8" | 1 |
| 18A | Throttle Valve, 3/8" | 1 |
| 18B | Abrasive Valve, 3/8" | 1 |
| 19 | Air Inlet | 1 |
| 20 | Hose Connector | 1 |
| 21 | Air Hose | 1 |
| 22 | Abrasive Outlet Pipe | 1 |

| Part | Description | Qty |
|------|------------------------------------|-----|
| 23 | Clamp | 2 |
| 24 | Abrasive Hose | 1 |
| 25 | Hose Adapter | 1 |
| 26 | Body Upper | 1 |
| 27 | Body Lower | 1 |
| 28 | Metal Pipe | 1 |
| 29 | Intake Connector | 1 |
| 30 | Adaptor | 1 |
| 31 | Gasket | 1 |
| 32 | Ceramic Nozzle with Rubber Adaptor | 4 |
| 33 | Nozzle Cap Nut | 1 |
| 34 | Screw, ST4.2 x 12 | 2 |
| 35 | Screw, ST4.2 x 16 | 4 |
| 36 | Trigger | 1 |
| 37 | Spring Pin | 1 |
| 38 | Spring | 1 |
| 39 | Rubber Pad with Hard Alloy Pad | 1 |
| 40 | Screw, M3 x 25 | 1 |
| 41 | Nut, M3 | 1 |
| 42 | Funnel | 1 |
| 43 | Safety Hood | 1 |
| 44 | Washer, Ø6 | 8 |
| 45 | Washer, Ø12 | 2 |

Record Product's Serial Number Here:_

Note: If product has no serial number, record month and year of purchase instead.

<u>Note:</u> Some parts are listed and shown for illustration purposes only, and are not available individually as replacement parts. Specify UPC 193175400888 when ordering parts.



Limited 90 Day Warranty

Harbor Freight Tools Co. makes every effort to assure that its products meet high quality and durability standards, and warrants to the original purchaser that this product is free from defects in materials and workmanship for the period of 90 days from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to damage due directly or indirectly, to misuse, abuse, negligence or accidents, repairs or alterations outside our facilities, criminal activity, improper installation, normal wear and tear, or to lack of maintenance. We shall in no event be liable for death, injuries to persons or property, or for incidental, contingent, special or consequential damages arising from the use of our product. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation of exclusion may not apply to you. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS.

To take advantage of this warranty, the product or part must be returned to us with transportation charges prepaid. Proof of purchase date and an explanation of the complaint must accompany the merchandise. If our inspection verifies the defect, we will either repair or replace the product at our election or we may elect to refund the purchase price if we cannot readily and quickly provide you with a replacement. We will return repaired products at our expense, but if we determine there is no defect, or that the defect resulted from causes not within the scope of our warranty, then you must bear the cost of returning the product.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

