1. PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1	Product Name:	**BATTERY FOR SOLAR MOLE CHASER**
1.2	Chemical Name:	Nickel-Cadmium Battery
1.3	Synonyms:	P/N 94661
1.4	Trade Names:	Greenwood
1.5	Product Uses & Restrictions:	Electric Storage Battery
1.6	Distributor's Name:	Harbor Freight Tools USA, Inc.
1.7	Distributor's Address:	26541 Agoura Road, Calabasas, CA 91302 USA
1.8	Emergency Phone:	**CHEMTREC: +1 (703) 527-3887 / +1 (800) 424-9300 (CCN 676687)**
1.9	Business Phone / Fax:	+1 (805) 388-1000

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Hazard Identification:

This product is classified as a hazardous substance and as dangerous goods according to the classification criteria of [NOHSC: 1088 (2004)] and ADG Code (Australia).

NOTE: Under normal conditions of battery use, internal components will not present a health hazard. The following information is provided for an exposure that may occur during container breakage or under extreme heat conditions such as fire.

DANGER! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY CAUSE CANCER. VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.

Classification: Carc. 1; Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Skin Sens. 1; Aq. Chronic 1

Hazard Statements (H): H302 – Harmful if swallowed. H315 – Causes skin irritation. H317 – May cause an allergic skin reaction. H350 – May cause cancer. H410 – Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (P): P261 – Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors. P264 – Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water thoroughly after handling. P270 – Do not eat, drink or smoke while sing this product. P272 – Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 – Avoid release to the environment. P280 – Wear protective gloves/eye protection. P301+P312 – IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. P330 – Rinse mouth. P302+P352 – IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of warm water and soap. P332+P313 – If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 – Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P391 – Collect spillage. P501 – Dispose of contents/container to licenses treatment, storage and disposal facility (TSDF).

IF INGESTED: CALL THE NATIONAL BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE AT +1 (202) 625-3333 COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT. IN CANADA, CALL +1 (416) 813-5900.

3. COMPOSITION & INGREDIENT INFORMATION

CHEMICAL NAME(S)	CAS No.	RTECS No.	EINECS No.	%	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (mg/m³) ACGIH ppm TLV	ACGIH ppm STEL	NOHSC ppm ES-TWA	NOHSC ppm ES-STEL	NOHSC ppm ES-PEAK	OSHA ppm PEL	OSHA ppm STEL	OSHA ppm IDLH	OTHER
NICKEL HYDROXIDE	12054-48-7	QR7040000	235-008-5	15-40	(1)	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	(0.15) NIOSH
	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Irrit. 2; Resp. Sens. 1; Skin Sens. 1; Muta. 2; Carc. 1A; Repr. 1B; STOT RE 1; Aq. Acute 1; Aq. Chronic 1; H302+H332, H315, H317, H334, H341, H350, H360, H372, H410												
CADMIUM HYDROXIDE	21041-95-2	NA	244-168-5	15-40	(0.002)	NA	NF	(0.01)	NF	NA	NA	9	
	Acute Tox. 2; Muta. 2; Carc. 1B; Repr. 2; STOT RE 1; Aq. Acute 1; Aq. Chronic 1; H301, H330, H341, H350, H361, H372, H410												
IRON (STEEL)	7439-89-6	NO4565500	231-096-4	10-20	(5)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(10)	NA	NA	0.5 – NIOSH
	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Corr. 1A; H302, H314												
COBALT OXIDE	1307-96-6	NA	215-154-6	≤ 10	(0.02)	NA	(0.02)	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
	Acute Tox. 4; Skin Sens. 1; Aquatic Acute 1; Aquatic Chronic 1; H302, H317, H400, H410												
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-58-3	TT2100000	215-181-3	1-5	NA	NA	(2)	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
	Acute Tox. Oral 4; Acute Tox. Inh. 4; H302, H332												
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-73-2	WB4900000	215-185-5	1-3	2	NA	2	NF	NF	2	NA	10	
	Skin Corr. 1A; H314												
LITHIUM HYDROXIDE	1310-65-2	OJ6307070	215-183-4	0.1-1	NA	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
	Acute Tox. 4, Skin Corr. 1B												

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1	First Aid:	Ingestion:	Give large quantities of water, but do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Contact the nearest Poison Control Center or local emergency telephone number for assistance and instructions. Seek immediate medical attention. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered (forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration.
		Eyes:	If product gets in the eyes, flush eyes thoroughly with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding eyelid(s) open to ensure complete flushing. If the eyes or face become swollen during or following use, consult a physician or emergency room immediately.
		Skin:	If an open battery cell: Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with soap and water. If discomfort persists and/or the skin reaction worsens, contact a physician immediately. Do not wear contaminated clothing until after it has been properly cleaned.
		Inhalation:	Remove victim to fresh air at once. Under extreme conditions, if breathing stops, perform artificial respiration. Seek immediate medical attention.
4.2	Effects of Exposure:	Ingestion:	May cause severe irritation of mouth, throat, esophagus, and stomach. Acute ingestion of nickel or cadmium compounds may cause abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, and severe cramping.
		Eyes:	Severe irritation, burns, cornea damage, blindness.
		Skin:	Severe irritation, burns, and ulceration if open battery cell comes into contact with skin.
		Inhalation:	Inhalation of metal dust or fumes may cause irritation of upper respiratory tract and lungs.
4.3	Symptoms of Overexposure:	Ingestion:	Severe discomfort, nausea, vomiting and headache. Harmful if swallowed. May cause corrosion and permanent tissue destruction of the esophagus and digestive tract.
		Eyes:	May cause irreversible eye injury. Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation, and possible eye burns. Severe irritation, redness, and watering.
		Skin:	Severe skin irritation, red, itching skin, burns and ulceration, if open battery cell comes into contact with skin.
		Inhalation:	May cause cyanosis (bluish discoloration of skin due to deficient oxygenation of the blood). Irritation may lead to chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. Inhalation of fumes may cause metal fume fever, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms with metallic taste, fever, chills, cough, weakness, chest pain, muscle pain and increased white blood cell count. Causes respiratory tract irritation with possible burns.
4.4	Acute Health Effects:	Hazardous exposure can occur only when product is heated above the melting point, oxidized or otherwise processed or damaged to create dust, vapor, or fume. Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin. Swallowing a battery can be harmful. Contents of an open battery can cause serious chemical burns or mouth, esophagus, and gastrointestinal tract. Contents include toxic cadmium and cadmium compounds which can cause excessive salivation, choking, nausea, persistent vomiting, diarrhea, abdominal pain, dizziness, faintness, unconsciousness, and possible liver and kidney injury.	
4.5	Chronic Health Effects:	Chronic exposure may cause effects similar to those of acute exposure. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
4.6	Target Organs:	Skin, Respiratory System, Central Nervous System (CNS)	
4.7	Medical Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:	NA	

HEALTH	3
FLAMMABILITY	0
PHYSICAL HAZARDS	0
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	X

EYES	SKIN	LUNGS

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1	Fire & Explosion Hazards:	This material can burn but will not readily ignite. However, if involved in a fire, this product may decompose at high temperatures to form toxic gases (e.g., CO, CO_X, Hydrocarbons). Exposure to temperatures above 212 °F can cause venting of the liquid electrolyte. Internal shorting could also cause venting of the electrolyte. Potential for exposure to cadmium fumes during fire – use self-contained breathing apparatus.
5.2	Extinguishing Methods:	CO_2, Dry Chemical, Alcohol Foam, Dry Chemical. Use water spray to cool containers.
5.3	Firefighting Procedures:	Use extinguishing media most appropriate for the surrounding fire. Do NOT get water inside containers. For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water spray. For large fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, alcohol-resistant foam, or water spray. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply, or any natural waterway. Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1	Spills:	Before cleaning any spill or leak, individuals involved in spill cleanup must wear appropriate Personal Protective Equipment, including protective gloves and eyewear. Plastic or rubber gloves, respirator, eye/face protection and chemical-resistant apron may be required for clean-up of large spills. Small Spills: Wear appropriate protective equipment including gloves and protective eyewear. Use a non-combustible material such as vermiculite or sand to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Large Spills: Keep incompatible materials away from spill. Stay upwind and away from spill or release. Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out of area. Stop spill or release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection as conditions warrant. Collect in acid-resistant container.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE INFORMATION

7.1	Work & Hygiene Practices:	Do not eat, drink or smoke when handling this product. Handle as to avoid puncturing container(s).
7.2	Storage & Handling:	Use and store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location (e.g., local exhaust ventilation, fans) away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from incompatible substances. Store at a cool and constant temperature. Never seal or encapsulate nickel cadmium batteries. Encapsulating (or potting) of batteries will not allow cell venting and can cause high pressure rupture.
7.3	Special Precautions:	Accidental short circuit for a few seconds will not seriously affect the battery. But prolonged short circuit will cause the battery to lose energy, and can cause the safety release vent to open. Prolonged short-circuits will cause high cell temperatures which can cause skin burns. Sources of short circuits include jumbled batteries in bulk containers, metal jewelry, and metal covered tables or metal belts used for assembly of batteries into devices. Do not open the battery. The negative electrode material may be pyrophoric. Should an individual cell from a battery become disassembled, spontaneous combustion of the negative electrode is possible. This is much more likely to happen of the electrode is removed from its metal container. Here can be a delay between exposure to air and spontaneous combustion. If soldering or welding to the battery is required, use of tabbed batteries is recommended. If this cannot be done, consult the manufacturer for proper precautions to prevent seal damage or short-circuit. **WARNING. CHARGE ONLY WITH SPECIFIED CHARGERS ACCORDING TO DEVICE MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS. DO NOT OPEN BATTERY, DISPOSE OF IN FIRE OR SHORT-CIRCUIT – MAY IGNITE, EXPLODE, LEAK OR GET HOT CAUSING PERSONAL INJURY.**

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS & PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Exposure Limits: ppm (mg/m^3)

	ACGIH		NOHSC			OSHA			OTHER
CHEMICAL NAME(S)	**TLV**	**STEL**	**ES-TWA**	**ES-STEL**	**ES-PEAK**	**PEL**	**STEL**	**IDLH**	
IRON (STEEL)	(5)	NA	NF	NF	NF	(10)	NA	NA	0.5 – NIOSH
CADMIUM OXIDE	(0.002)	NA	NF	(0.01)	NF	NA	NA	(9)	
NICKEL HYDROXIDE	(1)	NA	NF	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	(0.15) NIOSH
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	NA	NA	(2)	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	
SODIUM HYDROXIDE	2	NA	2	NF	NF	2	NA	10	
COBALT OXIDE	(0.02)	NA	(0.02)	NF	NF	NA	NA	NA	

8.2	Ventilation & Engineering Controls:	General mechanical (e.g., fans) or natural ventilation is sufficient when this product is in use. Use local or general exhaust ventilation to effectively remove and prevent buildup of vapors or mist generated from the handling of this product. Ensure appropriate decontamination equipment is available (e.g., sink, safety shower, eye-wash station).	
8.3	Respiratory Protection:	No special respiratory protection is required under typical circumstances of use or handling. In instances where mist or vapors of this product are generated, and respiratory protection is needed, use only protection authorized by 29 CFR §1910.134, applicable U.S. State regulations, or the Canadian CAS Standard Z94.4-93 and applicable standards of Canadian Provinces, EC member States, or Australia.	
8.4	Eye Protection:	Avoid eye contact. ANSI approved safety glasses with side shields should be used when handling or using this sealed electric storage battery.	
8.5	Hand Protection:	Use gloves constructed of chemical-resistant materials such as neoprene or heavy nitrile rubber if frequent or prolonged contact is expected. If necessary, refer to U.S. OSHA 29 CFR §1910.138, the appropriate standards of Canada, or the EU member states.	
8.6	Body Protection:	No apron required when handling sealed undamaged battery. Where contact is likely, corrosion-resistant apron, clothing and boots should be worn. Eye wash stations and deluge showers should be available.	

9. PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	Appearance:	Black cylindrical battery
9.2	Odor:	Odorless
9.3	Odor Threshold:	NA
9.4	pH:	NA
9.5	Melting Point/Freezing Point:	NA
9.6	Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range:	NA
9.7	Flashpoint:	NA
9.8	Upper/Lower Flammability Limits:	NA
9.9	Vapor Pressure:	NA
9.10	Vapor Density:	NA
9.11	Relative Density:	NA
9.12	Solubility:	NA
9.13	Partition Coefficient (log P_{ow}):	NA
9.14	Autoignition Temperature:	NA
9.15	Decomposition Temperature:	NA
9.16	Viscosity:	NA
9.17	Other Information:	NA

10. STABILITY & REACTIVITY

10.1	Stability:	Stable under normal conditions; unstable with heat or contamination.
10.2	Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Oxides of carbon (CO, CO_2). Thermal degradation may produce hazardous fumes of cadmium and nickel, hydrogen gas, caustic vapors of potassium hydroxide and other hazardous by-products.
10.3	Hazardous Polymerization:	Will not occur.
10.4	Conditions to Avoid:	Open flames, sparks, high heat, incompatible substances and direct sunlight, and incompatible substances.
10.5	Incompatible Substances:	Avoid extreme heat and ignition sources. Store away from oxidizers. Do not exceed heat, crush, disassemble, short-circuit or recharge.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1	Routes of Entry:	Inhalation:	NO	Absorption:	YES	Ingestion:	YES
11.2	Toxicity Data:	This product has NOT been tested on animals to obtain toxicology data. Toxicology data, found in scientific literature, is available for some of the components of the product and is presented below: Cadmium Oxide: LD_{50} (oral, rat): 63-259 mg/kg; Nickel Hydroxide: LD_{50} (oral, rat): 1,540 mg/kg; Cobalt Oxide: LD_{50} (oral, rat): 202 mg/kg; Potassium Hydroxide: LD_{50} (oral, rat): 273 mg/kg; Lithium Hydroxide: LD_{50} (oral, rat): 210 mg/kg					
11.3	Acute Toxicity:	See section 4.4					
11.4	Chronic Toxicity:	See section 4.5					
11.5	Suspected Carcinogen:	Nickel Hydroxide is listed as IARC Group 1 (Carcinogenic to humans); NTP13 Group 1 (Known human carcinogen). Cadmium Oxide is listed as IARC Group 1 (Carcinogenic to humans); NTP13 Group 1 (Known human carcinogen).					
11.6	Reproductive Toxicity:	Cadmium Oxide is reported to have cause reproductive effects in humans.					
	Mutagenicity:	This product has been reported to produce mutagenic effects in animals (mouse).					
	Embryotoxicity:	This product is not reported to produce embryotoxic effects in humans.					
	Teratogenicity:	Cadmium Oxide is reported to have cause reproductive effects in animals.					
	Reproductive Toxicity:	Cadmium Oxide is reported to have cause reproductive effects in humans.					
11.7	Irritancy of Product:	The product can cause allergic skin reactions (e.g., rashes, welts, dermatitis) upon prolonged or repeated exposure.					
11.8	Biological Exposure Indices:	NA					
11.9	Physician Recommendations:	Treat symptomatically and supportively.					

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1	Environmental Stability:	There are no specific data available for this product.
12.2	Effects on Plants & Animals:	There are no specific data available for this product.
12.3	Effects on Aquatic Life:	There are no specific data available for this product.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1	Waste Disposal:	Dispose of in accordance with federal, state, provincial and local regulations.
13.2	Special Considerations:	NA

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

The basic description (ID Number, proper shipping name, hazard class & division, packing group) is shown for each mode of transportation. Additional descriptive information may be required by 49 CFR, IATA/ICAO, IMDG and the CTDGR.

14.1	49 CFR (GND):	NOT REGULATED	
14.2	IATA (AIR):	NOT REGULATED	
14.3	IMDG (OCN):	NOT REGULATED	
14.4	TDGR (Canadian GND):	NOT REGULATED	
14.5	ADR/RID (EU):	NOT REGULATED	
14.6	SCT (MEXICO):	NOT REGULATED	
14.7	ADGR (AUS):	NOT REGULATED	

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1	SARA Reporting Requirements:	This product contains Nickel Hydroxide, Nickel and Sodium Hydroxide, which are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 373.	
15.2	SARA Threshold Planning Quantity:	There are no specific Threshold Planning Quantities for the components of this product.	
15.3	TSCA Inventory Status:	The components of this product are listed on the TSCA Inventory or are otherwise exempt.	
15.4	CERCLA Reportable Quantity (RQ):	Nickel: 45.4 kg (100 lbs)	
15.5	Other Federal Requirements:	Cadmium (and its compounds), Cobalt (and its compounds) and Nickel (and its compounds) are listed as Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) under the Clean Air Act (CAA). Cadmium (and its compounds), Cobalt (and its compounds) and Nickel (and its compounds) listed as Toxic Pollutants under the Clean Water Act (CWA). Cadmium (and its compounds) and Nickel (and its compounds) are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. This product does not contain any Class 1 or Class 2 ozone depletors.	
15.6	Other Canadian Regulations:	This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the Safety Data Sheet contains all of the information required by the CPR. The components of this product are listed on the DSL/NDSL. None of the components of this product are listed on the Priorities Substances List. WHMIS D1, D2B (Toxic, Other Toxic Effects)	
15.7	State Regulatory Information:	Cadmium Oxide can be found on the following state criteria list: Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), and Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA). Nickel Hydroxide is listed on the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), MA, NJ, and PA. Potassium Hydroxide is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, PA, and WA. Sodium Hydroxide is found on the following state criteria lists: FL, MA, MN, NJ, PA, and WA. No other ingredients in this product, present in a concentration of 1.0% or greater, are listed on any of the following state criteria lists: California Proposition 65 (CA65), Delaware Air Quality Management List (DE), Florida Toxic Substances List (FL), Illinois Hazardous Substances List (IL), Massachusetts Hazardous Substances List (MA), Michigan Critical Substances List (MI), Minnesota Hazardous Substances List (MN), New Jersey Right-to-Know List (NJ), New York Hazardous Substances List (NY), Pennsylvania Right-to-Know List (PA), Rhode Island Hazardous Substances List (RI), Washington Permissible Exposures List (WA), Wisconsin Hazardous Substances List (WI). **WARNING:** This product contains a substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. California law requires this warning be given to customers in the State of California.	
15.8	Other Requirements:	The primary component of this product is listed in Annex I of EU Directive 67/548/EEC: Cadmium Oxide: Toxic, Harmful (T+, N). Risk Phrases (R): R26-45-48/23/25-62-63-68-50/53 – Very toxic by inhalation. May cause cancer. Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation and if swallowed. Possible risk of harm to the unborn child. Very toxic to aquatic organisms - may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. Safety Phrases (S): S45-53-60-61 – In case of accident or if you feel unwell seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet. Nickel Hydroxide: Harmful (Xn). Risk Phrases (R): 40-43 - Limited evidence of carcinogenic effect. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Safety Phases (S): 36-60-61 Wear suitable protective clothing. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions. Potassium Hydroxide: Corrosive (C). Risk Phrases (R): 22-43 - Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe burns. Safety Phases (S): 26-36/37/39-45 - In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).	

16. OTHER INFORMATION

16.1	Other Information:	**DANGER! HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CAUSES SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY CAUSE CANCER. VERY TOXIC TO AQUATIC LIFE WITH LONG LASTING EFFECTS.** Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors. Wash hands and exposed skin areas with soap and warm water thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke while sing this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/eye protection. IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of warm water and soap. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container to licenses treatment, storage and disposal facility (TSDF). **IF INGESTED: CALL THE NATIONAL BATTERY INGESTION HOTLINE AT +1 (202) 625-3333 COLLECT, DAY OR NIGHT. IN CANADA, CALL +1 (416) 813-5900.KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.** **WARNING:** This product contains a substance(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.
16.2	Terms & Definitions:	See last page of this Safety Data Sheet.
16.3	Disclaimer:	This Safety Data Sheet is offered pursuant to OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR §1910.1200. Other government regulations must be reviewed for applicability to this product. To the best of ShipMate's & Harbor Freight Tools USA, Inc.'s knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness is not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either expressed or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to the specific product(s). If this product(s) is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.
16.4	Prepared for:	**Harbor Freight Tools USA, Inc.** 26541 Agoura Road Calabasas, CA 91302 USA Tel: +1 (805) 388-1000 http://www.harborfreight.com
16.5	Prepared by:	**ShipMate, Inc.** P.O. Box 787 Sisters, Oregon 97759-0787 USA Tel: +1 (310) 370-3600 Fax: +1 (310) 370-5700 http://www.shipmate.com

DEFINITION OF TERMS

A large number of abbreviations and acronyms appear on a SDS. Some of these that are commonly used include the following:

GENERAL INFORMATION:

CAS No.	Chemical Abstract Service Number

EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR:

ACGIH	American Conference on Governmental Industrial Hygienists
C	Ceiling Limit
ES	Exposure Standard (Australia)
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health
OSHA	U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average

FIRST AID MEASURES:

CPR	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation - method in which a person whose heart has stopped receives manual chest compressions and breathing to circulate blood and provide oxygen to the body.

HMIS-III HEALTH, FLAMMABILITY & REACTIVITY RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard
1	Slight Hazard
2	Moderate Hazard
3	Severe Hazard
4	Extreme Hazard

HEALTH
FLAMMABILITY
PHYSICAL HAZARDS
PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTION RATINGS:

A		**G**	
B		**H**	
C		**I**	
D		**J**	
E		**K**	
F		**X**	**Consult your supervisor or SOPs for special handling directions.**

OTHER STANDARD ABBREVIATIONS:

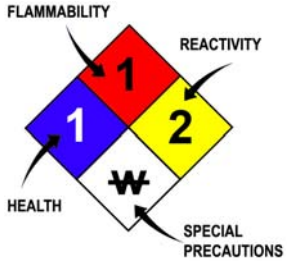
ML	Maximum Limit
mg/m3	milligrams per cubic meter
NA	Not Available
ND	Not Determined
NE	Not Established
NF	Not Found
NR	No Results
ppm	parts per million
SCBA	Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION: NFPA

FLAMMABILITY LIMITS IN AIR:	
Autoignition Temperature	Minimum temperature required to initiate combustion in air with no other source of ignition
LEL	Lower Explosive Limit - lowest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source
UEL	Upper Explosive Limit - highest percent of vapor in air, by volume, that will explode or ignite in the presence of an ignition source

HAZARD RATINGS:

0	Minimal Hazard
1	Slight Hazard
2	Moderate Hazard
3	Severe Hazard
4	Extreme Hazard
ACD	Acidic
ALK	Alkaline
COR	Corrosive
W	Use No Water
OX	Oxidizer
TREFOIL	Radioactive



TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

LD_{50}	Lethal Dose (solids & liquids) which kills 50% of the exposed animals s
LC_{50}	Lethal concentration (gases) which kills 50% of the exposed animal
ppm	Concentration expressed in parts of material per million parts
TD_{lo}	Lowest dose to cause a symptom
TCLo	Lowest concentration to cause a symptom
TD_{lo}, LD_{lo}, & LD_o or TC, TC_o, LC_{lo}, & LC_o	Lowest dose (or concentration) to cause lethal or toxic effects
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NTP	National Toxicology Program
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
TL_m	Median threshold limit
log K_{OW} or log K_{OC}	Coefficient of Oil/Water Distribution

REGULATORY INFORMATION:

WHMIS	Canadian Workplace Hazardous Material Information System
DOT	U.S. Department of Transportation
TC	Transport Canada
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
DSL	Canadian Domestic Substance List
NOHSC	National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (Australia)
NDSL	Canadian Non-Domestic Substance List
PSL	Canadian Priority Substances List
TSCA	U.S. Toxic Substance Control Act
EU	European Union (European Union Directive 67/548/EEC)
WGK	Wassergefährdungsklassen (German Water Hazard Class)
HMIS-III	National Paint & Coatings Association Hazardous Materials Identification System

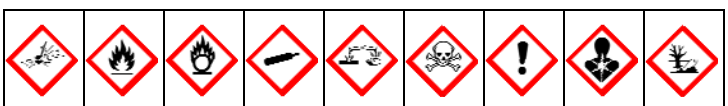
WORKPLACE HAZARDOUS MATERIALS IDENTIFICATION (WHMIS) SYSTEM:

Class A	Class B	Class C	Class D1	Class D2	Class D3	Class E	Class F
Compressed	Flammable	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritation	Infectious	Corrosive	Reactive

EC (67/548/EEC) INFORMATION:

C	E	F	N	O	T	Xi	Xn
Corrosive	Explosive	Flammable	Harmful	Oxidizing	Toxic	Irritant	Harmful

CLP/GHS (1272/2008/EC) PICTOGRAMS:



GHS01	GHS02	GHS03	GHS04	GHS05	GHS06	GHS07	GHS08	GHS09
Explosive	Flammable	Oxidizer	Pressurized	Corrosive	Toxic	Harmful Irritating	Health Hazard	Environ-ment